Stock Code: 3224



MetaTech (AP) Inc.

Meeting Procedure of 2018 Annual Meeting of Shareholders



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I. Meeting Procedure

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company Meeting Procedure of 2018 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

- 1. Call the Meeting to Order
- 2. Chairperson Remarks
- 3. Management Presentation
- 4. Proposals Matters
- 5. Discussion Matters I
- 6. Election Matters
- 7. Discussion Matters II
- 8. Other Matters and Questions and Motions
- 9. Meeting Over



II. Meeting Agenda

Meeting Time: 9:00 A.M. (Monday) June 25, 2018

Meeting Place: 221, 4F, No. 128, Sec. 1, DaTong Rd., Xizhi Dist., New Taipei City 221, Taiwan

(R.O.C.)

(4F HuaMei Hall, FuShin Hotel)

1. Management Presentation:

- (A) 2017 Annual Business Report
- (B) The Audit Committee reviewed the 2017 final accounts report
- (C) 2017 cash capital increase implementation situation of the Company

2. Proposals Matters:

- (A) 2017 Annual Business Report and Consolidated Financial Statements
- (B) 2017 Statements of Deficit Compensated

3. Discussion Matters I:

- (A) Amendments to the Articles of the Company Policy of the Company
- (B) Amendments to part of the Articles of Regulations Governing Loans of the Group
- (C) Amendments to part of the Articles of Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee of the Group
- (D) Amendments to part of the Articles of Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets of the Group

4. Election Matters:

(A) The 8th directorial election of the Company. (including independent directors)

5. Discussion Matters II:

- (A) The case of repeal the new directors' competition restriction of the Company
- 6. Other Matters and Questions and Motions
- 7. Meeting Over



III. Management Presentation

Report No. 1

Case: 2017 Annual Business Report, Please Check.

Description: 1. For the Company's 2017 Annual Business Report, please refer to page 15 to page 17 of Appendix I of this handbook.

2. Please check.

Report No. 2

Case: The Audit Committee reviewed the 2017 Final Accounts Report, Please Check.

Description: 1. The Company's 2017 annual financial statements and consolidated financial statements have been verified by a certified public accountant and issued by an audit committee. Please refer to page 18 of Appendix II and page 19 to page 40 of Appendix III of this handbook.

2. Please check.

Report No. 3

Case: 2017 cash capital increase implementation situation of the Company, Please Check. Description:

- 1. The Company's 2017 annual cash capital increase case was submitted to the Financial Supervisory Committee on October 13, 2017, and the letter of the certificate which was issued by the Financial Supervisory Committee No. 1060036940 was effective on the case. At a total of NT\$ 36 per share, 14,000,000 new shares were issued in cash capital increase, and a total of NT\$ 504,000,000 was raised. The full amount of the shares was received on January 16, 2018, and they were listed on the counter trading market on January 19, 2018. On the other side, on January 29, 2018, the letter of certificate was approved by the No. 10701010990, and the amount of paid-up capital after the change was NT\$ 580,160,450.
- 2. According to the relevant correspondence of the competent authority, report the implementation of the 2017 annual cash capital increase to the shareholders' meeting. As of the first quarter of 2018, the 2017 cash capital increase implementation report, please refer to page 41 of Appendix IV of this handbook.
- 3. Please check.



IV. Proposals Matters

Report No. 1 Proposal of the board of directors

Case: The Company's 2017 Annual Business Report and Consolidated Financial Statements have been submitted for confirmation.

- Description: 1. The Company's 2017 Annual Financial Statements and the Consolidated Financial Statements have been audited by the accountants Xu Ming Chuan and Zhi Bing Jun of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan.
 - 2. The Company's 2017 Annual Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements have been approved by the board of directors and reviewed by the audit committee and issued a review report. They were submitted for recognition in accordance with the law.
 - 3. Please refer to page 15 to page 17 of Appendix I and page 19 to page 40 of Appendix III of this handbook.
 - 4. Please approve.

Report No. 2

Proposal of the board of directors

Case: The Company's 2017 Statements of Deficit Compensated, please check.

Description: 1. The Company's net profit after tax of 2017 was NT \$ 5,188,693, accumulated loss was NT \$ 55,630,214 and Statements of Deficit Compensated was as below:

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company 2017 Statements of Deficit Compensated

Entry	Amount
The beginning of accumulated profit or loss	(60,866,501)
Net profit after tax of 2017	5,188,693
Other comprehensive profit and loss for the current period	47,594
Accumulated loss at the end of period	(55,630,214)

Chairman: General Manager: Accounting Manager:

2. Please approve.



V. Discussion Matters I

Report No.1

Proposal of the board of directors

Case: Amended to part of the Articles of the Company Policy of the Company, and submitted to the public.

Description: 1. To meet the requirements of the statutory requirements and practical needs, it is proposed to amend some of the articles of the "Company Policy" of the Company. Please refer to the comparison table of amendments from page 42 to page 43 of the Appendix V of this handbook.

2. Please check.

Resolution:

Report No.2

Proposal of the board of directors

Case: Amended to part of the Articles of Regulations Governing Loans of the Company, and submitted to the public.

Description: 1. Part of the articles of the original operating procedures were out of date and saved the time and labor costs of the subsidiaries to set the operating procedures, and met the relevant procedures of Regulations Governing Loans to fully revise. And at the same time, it was renamed as "MetaTech Group (the Company and its subsidiaries) Regulations Governing Loans". For the revised articles, please refer to pages 44 to 51 of Appendix VI of this handbook.

2. Please check.

Resolution:

Report No.3

Proposal of the board of directors

Case: Amended to part of the Articles of Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee of the Company, and submitted to the public.

Description: 1. Part of the articles of the original operating procedures were out of date and saved the time and labor costs of the subsidiaries to set the operating procedures, and met the relevant procedures of Regulations Governing Loans to fully revise. And at the



same time, it was renamed as "MetaTech Group (the Company and its subsidiaries) Regulations Governing Loans". For the revised articles, please refer to pages 52 to 58 of Appendix VII of this handbook.

2. Please check.

Resolution:

Report No.4

Proposal of the board of directors

Case: Amended to part of the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets of the Company, and submitted to the public.

Description: 1. To meet the needs of the Company's practical operations, in accordance with the requirements of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies", amended to part of the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets of the Group, please refer to pages 59 to 79 of Appendix VIII of this handbook.

2. Please check.

Resolution:



VI. Election Matters

Report No.1

Proposal of the board of directors

Case: The 8th directorial election of the Company (including independent directors). Please elect.

Description: 1. The term of the current directors (including independent directors) will expire on June 29, 2018, and will be re-elected in accordance with the Company Act.

- 2. Eleven of the directors (including three independent directors) were elected according to the Articles of the Company Policy, and the current directors were relieved after the shareholders' meeting. The directors adopt the nomination system for candidates. The new directors will take office after the shareholders' meeting for a term of three years from June 25, 2018 to June 24, 2021.
- 3. The list of candidates for directors (including independent directors) of the Company was nominated by the board of directors and reviewed by the board of directors on May 11, 2018. The list of candidates is as follows:

4. Please elect.

Nominee category	Nomine e Name	Education	Experience	Current position	Amount of shares held (unit: shares) (Note 1)	Government or corporate name represented (not short)	Other relevant informati on (if not, please fill in none)	Has served continuousl y in three independen t directors
Director	Represe	Researcher,	Vice President,	Dean,	2,777,000	National	None	Not
	ntative	University	National Taiwan	National	(National	Development		applicable
	of the	of	University College of	Taiwan	Developme	Fund,		
	National	California,	Medicine	University	nt Fund,	Executive		
	Develop	Los	Director, Academic	Hospital	Executive	Yuan		
	ment	Angeles,	Affairs Division,	Chairman,	Yuan held)			
	Fund,	USA	National Taiwan	Formosan				
	Executiv	Researcher,	University College of	Medical				
	e Yuan:	University	Medicine	Association				
	He	of	Vice President,					
	Hong	Pittsburgh,	National Taiwan					
	Neng	USA	University Hospital					
		Bachelor of	Director, Medical					
		Medicine,	Research Department,					
		National	National Taiwan					
		Taiwan	University Hospital					
		University	Professor, National					



			m					
			Taiwan University					
			College of Medicine					
			Vice President,					
			American Society for					
			Reproductive					
			Immunology					
			Chairman, Taiwan					
			Society for					
			Reproductive					
			Medicine					
			Chairman, Taiwan					
			Society for Stem Cell					
			Research					
			Chairman, Taiwan					
			Association of					
			Obstetrics and					
			Gynecology					
			Vice President,					
			International Society					
			for the Stem Cell					
			Research					
Director	Junmao	Xing Guo	Representative, New	Representati	1,592,000	Junmao	None	Not
	Internati	High	Yongan Cable TV	ve, Jun	(Junmao	International		applicable
	onal	School	Co., Ltd.	Trade	Internationa	Co., Ltd.		
	Co.,		Representative,	Internationa	1 Co.,			
	Ltd.		Dayang Cable TV	l Co., Ltd.	Ltd.held			
	Represe		Co., Ltd.	Representati)			
	ntative:		Representative, Deyi	ve, Jun				
	Wu		Investment Co., Ltd.	Trade				
	Zhen		Representative,	Enterprise				
	Long		Fufeng Investment	Co., Ltd.				
			Co., Ltd.	Representati				
				ve, Founder				
				Co., Ltd.				
				Representati				
				ve, Junbao				
				Constructio				
				n Co., Ltd.				
				Representati				
				ve, Ma Shen				
				Kerry				
				Biochemical				
				Technology				
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	I	T		T		T	I	
				Co., Ltd.				
				Director,				
				Luye Ding				
				Developme				
				nt Co., Ltd.				
				Director,				
				Yixing				
				Department				
				Store Co.,				
				Ltd.				
				Director,				
				Strongly				
				Integrated				
				Marketing				
				Co., Ltd.				
				Director,				
				Dongsen				
				Deyi Co.,				
				Ltd.				
				Director,				
				Acer				
				Internationa				
				l Media Co.,				
				Ltd.				
				Director, the				
				apartment				
				building				
				managemen				
				t and				
				maintenance				
				company				
				BELX BIO-				
				Pharmaceuti				
				cal Co.LTD				
				(Subsidiary:				
				Belker				
				Biotech				
				Co., Ltd.)				
Director	Dajun	Doctor of	Head of Department	Consultant,	197,000	Dajun	None	Not
	Investm	Pharmaceuti	of Biotechnology, I-	Chiayi City	(Dajun	Investment		applicable
	ent Co.,	cal	SHOU University	Government	Investment	Co., Ltd.		
		Ī	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	l		I	Ĩ	
	Ltd.	Research,	Associate Professor,	Municipal	Co., Ltd.			



matrive: Medical Varies (Corporate Yang University) Zhi Hui Masser of Head of Planning and Person Pharmaceuti Cail Publicity Section, Cail Read of Planning and Person Sciences, Science,				ı		
Zhi Hui	ntative:	Medical	Biotechnology, I-	Corporate		
Pharmaceuti cal Publicity Section. Sciences, Sciences, Kaohsiung Medical University Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University University Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University Medical Committee Of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co, Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University Medical College, I- SHOU University Medical College, I- SHOU University	Yang	University	·	Legal		
cal Sciences, Listfout Interestity Kaobsiung Assistant Professor, Medical University Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaobsiung Medical University Women's Promotion Committee, Women's Rights Promotion Committee, Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, 1-SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, 1-SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, 1-SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, 1-SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, 1-SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, 1-SHOU University	Zhi Hui	Master of	Head of Planning and	Person		
Sciences, Kaohsiang Assistant Professor, Department of University Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University University Medical Committee Of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University		Pharmaceuti	Publicity Section,	Biochemical		
Kaohsiung Medical University Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University Medical Committee, Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University		cal	Public Affairs Office,	Technology		
Medical University Bachelor of Pharmsey, Kaohsiung Pharmsey, Kaohsiung Medical University Medical Committee Of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co, Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University		Sciences,	I-SHOU University	Foundation		
University Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University Biotechnology, I- SHOU University Women's Rights Promotion Committee, Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University		Kaohsiung	Assistant Professor,	Committee,		
Bachelor of Pharmacy, Kaohsiung Medical University Pomotion Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co, Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University		Medical	Department of	Kaohsiung		
Pharmacy, Karohsiung Medical University Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University		University	Biotechnology, I-	City		
Kaohsiung Medical Committee, University Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University		Bachelor of	SHOU University	Women's		
Medical University Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University		Pharmacy,		Rights		
University Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, 1- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, 1- SHOU University		Kaohsiung		Promotion		
Science Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University		Medical		Committee,		
Council Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University		University		Pacific		
Committee of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Science		
of the Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Council		
Republic of China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University				Committee		
China Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University				of the		
Adjunct researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Republic of		
researcher, National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University				China		
National Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University				Adjunct		
Experiment al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medical College, I- SHOU University				researcher,		
al Research Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				National		
Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Experiment		
MetaTech Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				al Research		
Co., Ltd. Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Consultant,		
Vice President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				MetaTech		
President, Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Co., Ltd.		
Medical College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Vice		
College, I- SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				President,		
SHOU University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Medical		
University Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				College, I-		
Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				SHOU		
Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				University		
of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Professor,		
Medicine, Medical College, I- SHOU University				Department		
Medical College, I- SHOU University				of Healing		
College, I- SHOU University				Medicine,		
SHOU University				Medical		
SHOU University				College, I-		
Honorary				University		
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		Director of		
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		Executive		
		Secretary,		
		Biotechnolo		
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		Industry and		
		Commerce		
		Association		
		Director of		
		Biotechnolo		
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		Biomedical		
		Engineering		
		Research		
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		SHOU		
		University		
		Professor,		
		Department		
		of		
		Biotechnolo		
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		University		
		Director,		
		Biotechnolo		
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		Executive		
		Supervisor,		
		Taiwan		
		Invention		
		Association		
		Director,		
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				Biocatalysis				
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				Agricultural				
				Biotechnolo				
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Director	Dajun	Ph.D.,	Consultant and CEO,	Chairman of	197,000	Dajun	None	Not
	Investm	Institute of	Far East Animation	Singapore	(Dajun	Investment		applicable
	ent Co.,	Political	Technology Co., Ltd.	Huanju	Investment	Co., Ltd.		
	Ltd.	Science,	Independent Director,	Zhiben	Co., Ltd.			
	Represe	Chinese	Jingwei Aerospace	Investment	held)			
	ntative:	Culture	Technology Co., Ltd.	Managemen				
	Zhao	University	Executive Consultant,	t Co., Ltd.				
	Hong	Judges	Sanbei De Digital	High-level				
	Zhang	(J.D.),	Creative Co., Ltd.	Master of				
		Georgetown	Executive Consultant,	Administrat				
		University,	Fujian Zhiqu Network	ion (MEPA)				
		USA	Information	Lecture,				
			Technology Co., Ltd.	National				
			Senior Partner of	Chengchi				
			Huayuanhui	University				
			Investment Fund					
			Huaqiang Asset					
			Management Group					
			Partner Executive					
			Consultant					
			Executive Consultant,					
			Shanghai Oriental					
			Huifu Fund GP					
			Review committee,					
			Ministry of					
			Economics,					
			Innovation and					
			Optimization Project					
			and Thematic R&D					
			Project and 4G					
			Broadband					
			Application Software					
			Innovation and					
			Innovation Park					
Director	Boîte À	Doctor,	Chairman, National	Vice	1,077,000	Boîte À	None	Not
	Bijoux	Health	Health Insurance	President,	(Boîte À	Bijoux		applicable



	Investm	Policy and	Committee	Public	Bijoux	Investment		
		-			_			
	ent Co.,	Managemen	General Manager and	Health,	Investment	Co., Ltd.		
	Ltd.	t, Yale	Director of National	National	Co., Ltd.			
	Represe	University,	Health Insurance	Taiwan	held)			
	ntative:	USA	Administration	University				
	Zheng	Master,	Deputy Director,	Professor,				
	Shou	National	Ministry of Health	Institute of				
	Xia	Taiwan	and Welfare,	Health				
		University	Executive Yuan	Policy and				
		Institute of	Professor and	Managemen				
		Public	Director, Institute of	t, National				
		Health	Health Policy and	Taiwan				
		Bachelor,	Management,	University				
		National	National Taiwan					
		Taiwan	University					
		University	Professor and					
		of Public	Director, Institute of					
		Health	Health Policy and					
			Management,					
			National Taiwan					
			University					
			Chairman, National					
			Health Insurance					
			Medical Expenditure					
			Negotiation					
			Committee, Ministry					
			of Health and Welfare					
			Associate Professor					
			and Professor,					
			Institute of Health					
			Policy and					
			Management,					
			National Taiwan					
			University					
Director	Boîte À	Bachelor of	Supervisor, Far East	Partner	1,077,000	Boîte À	None	Not
Director			_				None	
	Bijoux	Business	Airlines Co., Ltd.	Accountant,	(Boîte À	Bijoux		applicable
	Investm	Department,	Partner Accountant,	Lian Li	Bijoux	Investment		
	ent Co.,	National	Lan Jie CPAs FIRM	CPAs FIRM	Investment	Co., Ltd.		
	Ltd.	Taiwan	Partner Accountant,	Director,	Co., Ltd.			
	Represe	University	Ye Shun CPAs FIRM	Zhongfu	held			
	ntative:		Auditor, Jian Xing	Internationa)			
	Hu Li		CPAs FIRM	l Co., Ltd.				
	San			Director and				



				I		I	I	I
				General				
				Manager,				
				Chuanfei				
				Energy Co.,				
				Ltd.				
				Chairman,				
				Metadata				
				Co., Ltd.				
				Chairman,				
				Lishan				
				Investment				
				Co., Ltd.				
				Chairman,				
				Нарру				
				Farm Co.,				
				Ltd.				
Director	Boîte À	Bachelor of	Supervisor, Taiyen	Director and	1,077,000	Boîte À	None	Not
	Bijoux	Business	Biotech Co., Ltd.	General	(Boîte À	Bijoux		applicable
	Investm	Administrat	Chairman, Ri Wu	Manager,	Bijoux	Investment		
	ent Co.,	ion, Fu Jen	International	Metadata	Investment	Co., Ltd.		
	Ltd.	University	Entertainment Co.,	Co., Ltd.	Co., Ltd.			
	Represe		Ltd.	Director, Qi	held)			
	ntative:		Manager, JihSun	He Digital				
	Tang		International	Animation				
	Hong		Commercial Bank	Co., Ltd.				
	De			Director, An				
				Xing				
				Biotechnolo				
				gy Co., Ltd.				
				Director,				
				Dajun				
				Investment				
				Co., Ltd.				
Director	Boîte À	Master of	Director, Jih Sun	Director	1,077,000	Boîte À	None	Not
	Bijoux	Business	Financial Holding	and	(Boîte À	Bijoux		applicable
	Investm	Administrat	Co., Ltd.	Executive	Bijoux	Investment		
	ent Co.,	ion,	Director, Jih Sun	Deputy	Investment	Co., Ltd.		
	Ltd.	University	International	General	Co., Ltd.			
	Represe	of Australia,	Commercial Bank	Manager,	held)			
	ntative:	MURDOC	Co., Ltd.	Metadata				
	Qiu Jun	Н	Director, Jih Sun Life	Co., Ltd.				
	Hua		Insurance Agent					
			Company					



							<u> </u>	
			Deputy General					
			Manager, Credit					
			Management					
			Department, Jih Sun					
			International					
			Commercial Bank					
Independe	Wu	US	New Taiwan National	Minister	0	None	None	None
nt director	Rong Yi	Fulbright	Policy Think Tank	Mentor,				
		Scholarship	Chairman	Presidential				
		(Yale	Professor and Head of	palace				
		University)	Department of	Chairman,				
		Visiting	Economics, National	Taishan				
		Scholar	Chung Hsing	Investment				
		Ph.D. in	University School of	Managemen				
		Economics,	Law and Business	t Consulting				
		University	Director, Institute of	Co., Ltd.				
		of Leuven,	Economics, National	Chairman				
		Belgium	Chung Hsing	of the Board				
		Master of	University School of	of				
		Economics,	Law	Education				
		University	Executive Yuan Fair	of the				
		of Leuven,	Trade Commission	Taiwan				
		Belgium	Dean of the Taiwan	Institute of				
		Master of	Economic Research	Water				
		Economic	Institute	Resources				
		Research	Executive dean	and				
		Institute,	Chairman of the	Agriculture				
		National	Taiwan Futures					
		Taiwan	Exchange					
		University	Taiwan Stock					
		Bachelor of	Exchange Chairman					
		Economics,	Member of the					
		National	National Financial					
		Taiwan	Stability Fund					
		University	Management					
			Committee of the					
			Executive Yuan					
			Member of the Asia					
			Pacific Economic					
			Cooperation (APEC)					
			Eminent Persons					
			Group					



Independe	Wang	Bachelor of	General Manager of	Bai	0	None	1986	None
nt director	Wen	Pharmacy,	Advanced	Junsheng			Examinati	
	Zhu	National	International	Medical			on of the	
		Taiwan	Biotechnology Co.,	Co., Ltd.			Pharmacis	
		University	Ltd.	General			t	
			Director, Business	Manager			Examinati	
			and Marketing	Metadata			on Passed	
			Department, Shui On	Co., Ltd.			(Pharmac	
			Pharmaceutical Co.,	Independent			y No.	
			Ltd.	Director			13296)	
			General Manager of	Director			13270)	
			Fresenius Kabi Co.,					
			Ltd.					
			Renren					
			Pharmaceutical Co.,					
			Ltd. Consultant					
			General Manager,					
			Western Medicine					
			Department,					
			Monsanto Co., Ltd.,					
			Taiwan					
			General Manager,					
			Department of Taiwan					
			Glaxo Wellcome Co.,					
			Ltd.					
			Manager of Business					
			and Marketing					
			Department of Yuli					
			Co., Ltd.					
			Meizhan Shike Co.,					
			Ltd. Product/Business					
			Manager					
			Bailingjia Yinggehan					
			Co., Ltd. Director of					
			Operations					
Independe	Chen	Bachelor of	Executive Director of	Director of	0	None	1983	Yes
nt director	Rong	Accounting,	Republic of China	L.H.CHEN			Senior	(Note 2)
	Hua	National	Association of	& Co.,			Examinati	
		Chung	Certified Public	CPAs.			on	
		Hsing	Accountants	Taipei City			Accounta	
		University	Executive Director of	Medical			nt Pass	
		Master of	Taiwan Institute of	Association			and	
		Accounting,	Certified Public	Consultant			Registrati	



National	Accountants	Metadata		on	
Chung	Taipei City	Co., Ltd.		Certificate	
Hsing	Association of	Independent			
University	Accountants	Director			
	Lecturer, Department	Heshisheng			
	of Accounting,	Medical			
	National Taipei	Technology			
	University	Co., Ltd.			
	Lecturer, Department	Independent			
	of Accounting,	Supervisor			
	National Taipei	Dab Jing			
	Business School	Co., Ltd.			
	Auditor, Zicheng	Independent			
	Accounting Firm	Director			

Note 1: The amount of shares held by the above-mentioned directors as nominees is the amount of shares held by the Company's shareholder list as of the date of the suspension of the shareholder's meeting (April 26, 2018).

Note 2: The independent nominee of Chen Rong Hua is the current independent director of the Company. Although the term of office has reached three consecutive terms, the allocation of independent directors of the Company needs to be combined with the Company's future business strategy and consider the diversified standards. During his tenure, he met the requirements of independence and had the knowledge, skills, literacy and professionalism necessary to perform his business. The individual has an accountant's license and is a certified public accountant. He is the convener of the first audit committee of the Company, giving full play to the supervision and guidance functions. He assisted the Company in establishing and implementing the corporate governance system during his tenure, and was qualified according to the qualifications of the independent directors of the Company.

Election results:



VII. Discussion Matters II

Report No. 1

Proposal of the board of directors

Case: relieved the new director's competition restriction, and submitted to the public.

- Description: 1. According to Article 209 of the Company Law, "A director acts for himself or others within the Company's business scope and shall address the shareholders' meeting to explain the important contents of his actions and obtain his permission".
 - 2. It is proposed that the new directors of the Company, if they concurrently serve as directors of other companies, should not jeopardize the interests of the Company. Therefore, it is proposed to request the shareholders' meeting to agree to relieve the restrictions on the competition of new directors and independent directors.
 - 3. For the candidates of the directors (including independent directors) of the Company, the details of the proposed restrictions on the prohibition of competition are as follows:
 - 4. Please check.

Elected name	Name	Part-time company/ Title				
Director	National Development Fund,	Dean, National Taiwan University Hospital				
	Executive Yuan	Chairman, Formosan Medical Association				
	Representative:					
	He Hong Neng					
Director	Junmao International Co., Ltd.	Representative, Jun Trade International Co., Ltd.				
	Representative:	Representative, Jun Trade Enterprise Co., Ltd.				
	Wu Zhen Long	Representative, Founder Co., Ltd.				
		Representative, Junbao Construction Co., Ltd.				
		Representative, Ma Shen Kerry Biochemical Technology Co., Ltd.				
		Director, Luye Ding Development Co., Ltd.				
		Director, Yixing Department Store Co., Ltd.				
		Director, Strongly Integrated Marketing Co., Ltd.				
		Director, Dongsen Deyi Co., Ltd.				
		Director, Acer International Media Co., Ltd.				
		Director, the apartment building management and maintenance				
		company				
		BELX BIO-Pharmaceutical Co.LTD				
		(Subsidiary: Belker Biotech Co., Ltd.)				



Director	Dajun Investment Co., Ltd.	Consultant, Chiayi City Government Municipal				
	Representative:	Director, Corporate Legal Person Biochemical Technology Foundation				
	Yang Zhi Hui	Committee, Kaohsiung City Women's Rights Promotion				
		Committee, Pacific Science Council Committee of the Republic of				
		China				
		Adjunct researcher, National Experimental Research				
		Consultant, MetaTech Co., Ltd.				
		Vice President, Medical College, I-SHOU University				
		Professor, Department of Healing Medicine, Medical College, I-SHOU				
		University				
		Honorary Director of the Ten Outstanding Women's Youth Association				
		of the Republic of China				
		Executive Secretary, Biotechnology Promotion Committee, Nanke				
		Industry and Commerce Association				
		Director of Biotechnology and Biomedical Engineering Research				
		Center, I-SHOU University				
		Professor, Department of Biotechnology, I-SHOU University				
		Director, Biotechnology, Taiwan				
		Executive Supervisor, Taiwan Invention Association				
		Director, International Society of Biocatalysis and Agricultural				
		Biotechnology				
Director	Dajun Investment Co., Ltd.	Chairman of Singapore Huanju Zhiben Investment Management Co.,				
	Representative:	Ltd.				
	Zhao Hong Zhang	High-level Master of Administration (MEPA) Lecture, National				
		Chengchi University				
		Jingwei Aerospace Technology Co., Ltd. Independent Director				
		Dajun Investment Co., Ltd. Director				
Director	Boîte À Bijoux Investment Co.,	Vice President, Public Health, National Taiwan University				
	Ltd.	Professor, Institute of Health Policy and Management, National Taiwan				
Representative:		University				
	Zheng Shou Xia					
Director	Boîte À Bijoux Investment Co.,	Partner Accountant, Lian Li CPAs FIRM				
	Ltd.	Director, Zhongfu International Co., Ltd.				
	Representative:	Director and General Manager, Chuanfei Energy Co., Ltd.				
	Hu Li San	Chairman, Metadata Co., Ltd.				
		Chairman, Lishan Investment Co., Ltd.				
		Chairman, Happy Farm Co., Ltd.				
Director	Boîte À Bijoux Investment Co.,	Director and General Manager, Metadata Co., Ltd.				
	Ltd.	Director, Qi He Digital Animation Co., Ltd.				
	Representative:	Director, An Xing Biotechnology Co., Ltd.				
	Tang Hong De	Director, Dajun Investment Co., Ltd.				
Independent	Wu Rong Yi	Minister Mentor, Presidential palace				
director		Chairman, Taishan Investment Management Consulting Co., Ltd.				



		Taishan Buffalo Investment Co., Ltd. Director					
		Director of Taiwania Capital Management USA, Inc.					
		Chairman of the Board of Education of the Taiwan Institute of Water					
		Resources and Agriculture					
		Fubon Securities Independent Director					
Independent	Wang Wen Zhu	Bai Junsheng Medical Co., Ltd. General Manager					
director		Sancai Co., Ltd.					
		Jianrui Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Co., Ltd. Supervisor					
		Metadata Co., Ltd. Independent Director					
Independent	Chen Rong Hua	Director of L.H.CHEN & Co., CPAs.					
director		Taipei City Medical Association Consultant					
		Metadata Co., Ltd. Independent Director					
		Heshisheng Medical Technology Co., Ltd. Independent Supervisor					
		Dab Jing Co., Ltd. Independent Director					

Resolution:

VIII. Questions and Motions



IX. Appendix

- 1. 2017 Business Report
- 2. 2017 Audit Committee Review Report
- 3. 2017 Accountants' Review Report and Financial Statements
- 4. 2017 Cash Capital Increase Implementation Situation
- 5. The Comparison Table of Amendments of the Company Policy
- 6. The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing Loans
- 7. The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee
- 8. The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets
- 9. The Company Policy (Before amendment)
- 10. Regulations Governing Loans (Before amendment)
- 11. Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee (Before amendment)
- 12. Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets (Before amendment)
- 13. The Rules of Procedure in Shareholders' Meeting
- 14. The Method for the Board of Directors' Election
- 15. The Condition of Directors Holding Shares
- 16. Other Instructions



Appendix I: 2017 Business Report

2017 Operating status report

I. 2017 business results

(A) 2017 Business Plan Implementation Results

In 2017, the total consolidated revenue was NT\$ 1,429,233 thousand, a decrease of NT\$ 233,587 thousand compared with the year of 2016 NT\$ 1,662,820 thousand; the net profit after tax for 2017 is NT\$ 5,189 thousand, compared with the net loss after tax of NT\$ 56,195 thousand in 2016, and the net profit increased by NT\$ 61,384 thousand. Earnings per share of after tax were \$ 0.12.

(B) Financial revenue and expenditure and profitability analysis

1. In 2017, the total revenue was NT\$ 1,429,233 thousand, although the revenue decreased compared with the same period of last year, the gross profit margin increased by 30%. Mainly due to the adjustment of customer structure and the elimination of poorly profitable product lines. In addition, the electronics department carried out manpower optimization at the end of 2016, and the operating expenses in 2017 were significantly reduced, which led to significant growth in the current period. In addition, the electronics department carried out manpower optimization at the end of 2016, and the operating expenses in 2017 were significantly reduced, which led to significant growth in the current period.

2. The relevant financial ratios are as follows:

Entry	2017	2016
Current Ratio%	367.63	204.34
Quick Ratio%	298.39	168.12
Interest Coverage Ratio%	11.89	(19.19)
Liabilities to Assets Ratio%	23.11	42.85
Fixed Assets to Permanent Capital %	721.20	763.02
ROE %	0.98	(11.39)
Paid-up Capital to Business Interests %	2.60	(14.05)
Paid-up Capital to Income Before Tax %	1.80	(16.43)
Net Profit (Loss) Ratio %	0.36	(3.38)
Earnings Per Share (NT\$) after retrospect	0.12	(1.40)

(C) Overview of Technology and R&D



1. Electronic Department:

- (1) Strengthening the replacement of the product portfolio, and continuing to cooperate with international manufacturers and product agents to market the leading electronic components and technology products to meet the needs of customers.
- (2) Providing customers with a complete design portfolio to save customers' R&D expenses, thereby improving service standards, strengthening the Company's cooperation with customers, and enabling the company's operations to continue to grow.

2. Biomedical Department:

- (1) In April 2017, it signed a contract with the Japanese public offering company CellSeed Inc. to introduce the world's original cell layer culture technology, develop tissue regeneration and repair of esophagus and joints in Taiwan, effectively translate to clinical application, and establish a cooperation model of production, government, research and research. It is expected to accelerate the development and breakthrough of Taiwan's regenerative medicine technology.
- (2) In December 2017, the National Development Fund passed a capital injection of NT\$100 million, and said that this investment case can accelerate the clinical trial schedule in Taiwan. At the same time, it will help promote the development of regenerative medicine-related medical care, and will have positive benefits for the development of regulations in the field of regenerative medicine, medical technology, industry-university cooperation and talent cultivation.

II. 2018 Overview of Operation Plan

(A) Operating strategy

1. Electronic Department:

- (1) Electronic components and components that are based on high added value and niche products.
- (2) Rooted in Taiwan, deep-growing the mainland and Southeast Asia and India marketing network, combined with the resources of Greater China and Asean countries to create multiplied profits and values.
- (3) Continue to adjust to expand niche and provide customers with more complete solutions.



- (4) Looking at existing product lines, we seek customers in the Blue Ocean market and at the same time increase customer satisfaction, and become long-term partners. And actively introduce existing sales channels for Internet of Things-related parts products in order to pursue continuous growth of operations.
- (5) Actively introduce and cultivate talents, improve technical support and product application capabilities.
- (6) Provide differentiated services and technology integration to meet customer needs in order to maximize profit.
- 2. Biomedical Department: We are committed to the development of "precision medicine" and "regenerative medicine" and actively expand the market for the biomedical industry. "MetaTech Medical" will combine precision medicine and regenerative medicine, establish strategic alliances with various hospitals, provide safe and accurate medical services, and use international medical service projects to introduce vast numbers of customers and develop new overseas markets:
 - (1) Establish a Cell Process Center Establish a CellProcessing Center (CPC) that meets PIC/S GMP standards in accordance with Japanese specifications and perform clinical trials of esophageal and knee cartilage regeneration.
 - (2) Established a research and development center set up a research and development center in the National Biomedical Park, and cooperated with CellSeed in Japan to develop new technologies for cell layer production. In collaboration with major medical research institutions, we have developed new tissue culture techniques in addition to esophagus and articular cartilage and performed clinical trials.
 - (3) Accurate medical promotion cancer individualized genetic testing and drug analysis.
 - (4) Expanding international medical services promoting overseas medical services to Taiwan.

(B) Important sales policy

- Electronic Department: Enhance the promotion of products in the cloud technology, wireless communications, industrial control, medical equipment, automotive electronics, wearable products and other high-end market applications.
- 2. Biomedical Department: In addition to continuing exchanges and exchanges with industry and academia at home and abroad, we have actually



participated in clinical research of large medical centers, sought strategic cooperation in the health insurance industry, established research and development centers, and provided integrated cloud medical information services.

In the face of the changes and challenges of the environment both at home and abroad, I hope all shareholders continue giving advices and supports, and believe that under the multi-faceted management and efforts in the future, the Company's business will grow steadily and create a better future for the Company of revenue, let shareholders, customers and employees share operating results.

Finally, thank for your support, trust and encouragement from the shareholders again.

Wish you have a good health and a good luck

Chairman Manager Account Manager

Hu Li San Tang Hong De Zhan Zhi Cong

Sincerely Sincerely Sincerely



Appendix II: 2017 Audit Committee Review Report

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company

Audit Committee Review Report

The board of directors prepared the 2017 annual Company's individual financial statements and consolidated financial statements of the Company, they have been audited by the accountants Xu Ming Chuan and Zhi Bing Jun of PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan, and submitted a check report, and the audit committee completed checking the business report and the proposal of statements of deficit compensated, and considered that they are in line with the relevant laws and regulations of the Company Law, and are required to verify the report in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Law.

Sincerely

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company

2018 Annual Meeting of Shareholders
Audit Committee convener: Chen Rong Hua
(Signature)

Mar. 27, 2018



Appendix III: 2017 Accountants' Review Report and Financial Statements



Accountants' Review Report

(107) Financial Audit Report No.17004158

Dear MetaTech Corporation Limited Company:

Opinion:

Individual Balance Sheet of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company, for the year of 2017 and December 31, 2016, Individual Comprehensive Income Statement, Individual Statement of Shareholders Equity and Individual Statement of Cash Flows for the year of 2017 and for a period from January 1 to December 31, 2016 have been already audited by the Accountant.

In the opinion of the accountant, the Individual financial statements in the first paragraph are prepared in all material respects in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", which are sufficient to express the financial situation of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company for the year of 2017 and December 31, 2016 and Individual cash flows and the Individual financial performance for the year of 2017 and for the period from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016.

Basis for opinion:

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements of Financial Institutions by Celiified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Individual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtaitled is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the individual financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the individual financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon; we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters of the individual financial statements for 2017 MetaTech Corporation





Limited Company are as follows:

Distribution warehouse sale revenue due to the appropriateness

Description

The accounting policies for the recognition of revenue are detailed in Note IV (28) of the financial statements.

The significant judgments adopted in the accounting policies for revenue recognition are detailed in Note V(1) to the financial statements.

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company sales model is divided into factory direct shipments and shipping warehouse two types. According to the IAS 18 "Revenue" approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission, sales revenue should be transferred to the purchaser for the risk and reward of the ownership of the goods when the customer picks up the goods. Since the delivery warehouse is located in Shanghai, the pick-up point is not fixed at the pick-up point, and the management relies on the statement prepared by the warehouse custodian according to the inventory change as the basis for recognizing revenue because the processing, recording, and maintenance of the report information are all involved manual work, it is easy to identify income is inappropriate or the inventory keeping entity does not match the amount carried on the account, and the transaction amount before and after the end of the financial statements has a significant impact on the individual financial statements. Therefore, the appropriateness of the closing of the sales revenue of the warehouse is listed as this year one of the important check items.

In response to the checking procedure

The accountant's procedures for the appropriateness of the closing of the sales revenue of the warehouse are summarized as follows:

- 1. According to the understanding of the company's operations and the nature of the industry, assess the shipping warehouse sales revenue recognized rationality of the policies and procedures and found to comply with the applicable financial reporting framework.
- 2. To understand the process of receipt, management and delivery of the warehouse, and to evaluate and test the related internal controls, including checking the name, quantity and amount of items in the statements prepared by the custodian of the warehouse, checking the delivery schedule and the sales vouchers are consistent with the information and confirm that the revenue from inventory movements has been recorded in the appropriate period.
- 3. For the period before and after the balance sheet sales of goods warehouse for a period of time the implementation of the closing of the transaction test, including check the delivery





warehouse custodian detailed statement of the goods and inventory changes in the name, quantity and sales revenue amount, and confirm that it has been recorded in the appropriate period.

4. Delivery warehouse for the implementation of the number of sentinel inquiry, and check to the system and the amount of inventory.

Realization of deferred income tax assets

Description

For the accounting policies of income tax, please refer to Note IV (25) of the financial statements for details. For the accounting estimates and assumptions of income tax, please refer to Note V (2) of the individual financial statements: For an explanation of income tax accounting items, please refer to Note VI (16) to the individual financial statements.

Deferred income tax assets of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company as of December 31, 2017 amounted to \$ 30,209 thousand. In assessing the achievability of deferred income tax assets, management is required to consider whether there is sufficient taxable income for future operation plans, including assumptions about future market expectations, economic conditions, revenue growth rates and cost estimates, because the decision to make the above assumption often involves management's subjective judgment and has a high degree of estimation uncertainty, the accountant classifies the achievability of deferred tax assets as one of the major issues for the current year.

In response to the checking procedure

The accountants' response procedures for the realization of the deferred tax assets are as follows:

- 1. To understand the operation and nature of the company so as to evaluate the reasonableness of management's future operation plan, including assessing the operation planning process and reviewing the operation plan in line with the management's approval.
- 2. Ask the management plan of operation plan and evaluate its intention and ability to execute.
- 3. Review the revenue, cost and expense growth assumptions used by management in future operations and compare with historic results, economic and industry forecasts to assess the reasonableness of estimating the future taxable income.
- 4. Evaluating the management's sensitivity analysis using alternative assumptions such as net profit-to-fulfillment ratios and confirming that management has properly dealt with the effect of uncertainty about the estimation uncertainty of future realizable taxable income.





Valuation of the allowance for impairment losses on inventories

Description

Please refer to Note IV (11) of the Individual Financial Statements for the accounting policy of the stock valuation. For details of the accounting estimates and assumptions of the stock valuation, please refer to Note V (2) of the Individual Financial Statements.

Please refer to Note VI (4) of the individual financial statements for the explanation of the accounting items for the loss of provision for inventories.

The inventory and allowance for impairment losses of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company as of December 31, 2017 were \$ 35,397 thousand and \$ 4,909 thousand, respectively. MetaTech Corporation Limited Company is semiconductor components distribution agents to sales of niche products mainly by the type of consumer products, communications products and connectors for the bulk. Because of a small number of diversified products, but also face fierce market price competition and a shorter life cycle, so the risk of falling inventories loss or obsolescence is higher.

The evaluation of the inventory of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company is based on the lower of the cost and the net realizable value. Due to the management's assessment of the allowance for impairment losses on inventories, including the identification of obsolete stocks and the net realizable value of decisions, often involving subjective judgments and therefore highly uncertain of the estimates, considering that the stock of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and the loss on its contribution to the impairment have a significant impact on the individual financial statements, the accountant listed the assessment of the loss on provision for inventory decline as one of the important items for verification during the year.

In response to the checking procedure

The accountants' response to the procedures for the assessment of the loss on impairment of inventories depreciated is as follows:

- 1. Based on an understanding of the nature of operations and industry, evaluate the reasonableness of the policies and procedures used in assessing the impairment loss on inventories.
- 2. Understand the warehouse management process, review its annual inventory plan and participate in the annual inventory count to assess management separation and control the effectiveness of obsolete stocks.
- 3. Verify that the management level is used to individually evaluate the inventory used for





- obsolescence. The correctness of the information in the report includes confirmation that the inventory movements fall within the appropriate age range.
- 4. Review the appropriateness of the basis for estimating the net realizable value of inventories, substantiate supporting documents such as product sales or purchase vouchers, and recalculate and evaluate the reasonableness of management's decision to allow for the impairment loss.

Management and governance unit of the individual financial statements of the responsibility

The responsibility of the management is based on the individual financial statements expressed in the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the IFRSs, IASs, Interpretations and Explanations issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and maintain the necessary internal control in connection with the preparation of the individual financial statements to ensure that the individual financial statements do not contain any material misstatement due to fraud or error.

In the preparation of the individual financial statements, the responsibilities of the management also include assessing the ability of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company to continue operations, exposing the relevant issues and adopting the basis of continuing operations, unless the management intends to liquidate or discontinue the operation of the three subsidiaries or have no other options than those practicable except for the liquidation or suspension of business.

The governance unit (including the audit committee) of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company has the responsibility of supervising the financial reporting process.

Accountants check the financial statements of the responsibility

The purpose of the auditor's review of the individual financial statements is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the individual financial statements are entirely subject to material misstatement of fraud or error and to issue a verification report.

Reasonable conviction is highly conclusive, but verification conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards of the Republic of China does not guarantee that it will be able to detect major misrepresentation of the individual financial statements. Inaccurate expressions may result from mistakes or fraud. It is considered material if the individual amounts or aggregated amounts that are not properly expressed can reasonably be expected to affect the economic decisions made by the users of the individual financial statements.

The certified public accountants in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards for checking, the use of professional judgment and maintain professional suspicion. The accountant also performs the following tasks:





- 1. To identify and assess the significant unrealistic presentation of the individual financial statements as a result of fraud or error; to design and implement appropriate responses to the assessed risks; and to obtain sufficient and appropriate evidence of verification as a basis for verifying the opinion. Because fraud may involve collusion, falsification, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or excessive internal controls, the risk of not detecting a major misrepresentation due to fraud is higher than that resulting from the wrongdoer.
- Obtain necessary understanding of the internal controls related to auditing and checking to
 design appropriate review procedures at the time, but the purpose is not to express an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of MetaTech Corporation Limited
 Company.
- 3. Assess the appropriateness of the accounting policies used by management and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates and related disclosures made.
- 4. Based on the evidence obtained from the examination, it is concluded that there is material uncertainty regarding the appropriateness of the management to adopt the basis for continuing operations and the events or circumstances that may give rise to significant doubts as to the ability of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company to continue as a going concern. In the opinion of the Accountants, there is a serious uncertainty about the events or circumstances, the audit report should remind the users of the individual financial statements to pay attention to the relevant disclosures in the individual financial statements or to correct the audit opinions if the disclosures are not appropriate. The Accountants' conclusion is based on the evidence of the fragrance obtained at the date of the audit report. However, future events or circumstances may cause MetaTech Corporation Limited Company no longer have the ability to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Assess the overall presentation, structure and content of the individual financial statements (including the related notes), and whether the individual financial statements are appropriate to represent the relevant transactions and events.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate verification evidence for the financial information of the individuals in the group to express an opinion on the individual financial statements. The accountant is responsible for the guidance, supervision and execution of the Company's check of the case, and is responsible for forming the Company's check opinion.

The communication between the accountant and the governing unit includes the planned scope and timing of the audit, as well as major audit findings including the significant absence of internal



pwc 資誠 n the audit.

The accountants also provided the governing units with the statements concerning the independence of the ROC Certified Public Accountants, who are affiliated with the accounting firm and who are subject to independence. They also communicated with the governing unit all the relationships that may be considered to affect the independence of the accountants, and other matters (including related protective measures).

The accountants decided to check the key issues of 2017 Individual Financial Statements of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company from the matters communicated with the governing unit.

This accountant clarifies these matters in the audit report, unless the law does not allow public disclosure of certain matters, or in rare cases, the accountant decides not to communicate certain issues in the audit report because it can reasonably be expected to negatively affect this communication. The impact is greater than the enhanced public interest.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan

Xu Ming Chuan

Accountants

Zhi Bing Jun

Financial Supervisory Commission Approval of number:

Finance Securities NO.1050029449

Former Ministry of Finance Securities Commission Approval of number:

(88) Taiwan Finance Securities (6) NO. 1612.

March 27, 2018



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY INDIVIDUAL BALANCE SHEET

2017 and December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

			December 31, 2017		December 31, 2016			
	Entry	Reference		Amounts	%		Amounts	%
	Current Assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)and8	\$	34,445	5	\$	101,558	15
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)		-	-		5,088	1
	through profit or loss-Current							
1150	Net Notes Receivable			2,861	-		4,190	1
1170	Net Accounts Receivable	6(3)		85,056	13		96,930	14
1180	Net Accounts Receivable-	7		349	-		647	-
	related parties							
1200	Other Receivables			12,867	2		763	-
1210	Other Receivables-related	7		3,531	1		35	-
	parties							
1220	Current Income Tax Assets			-	-		14	-
130X	Inventories	6(4)		30,488	5		35,256	5
1410	Prepayment			2,355	-		1,242	-
1470	Other Current Assets	8		7,954	1		8,215	1
11XX	Total Current Assets			179,906	27		253,938	37
	Non-Current Assets							
1550	Investment in equity method	6(5)		351,442	53		340,046	49
1600	Property, Plant And	6(6)and8		82,886	12		59,180	8
	Equipment							
1780	Intangible assets	6(7)		13,860	2		-	-
1840	Deferred Income Tax Assets	6(16)		30,209	4		20,885	3
1900	Other Non-Current Assets	6(9)		10,421	2		20,317	3
15XX	Total Non-Current Assets			488,818	73		440,428	63
1XXX	Total Assets		\$	668,724	<u>100</u>	_	694,366	100



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY INDIVIDUAL BALANCE SHEET

2017 and December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

			December	31, 201	17	December 31, 2016				
	Liabilities and eauity	Reference	Amounts	_	%		Amounts		%	
	Current Liabilities									
2150	Notes Payable		\$	-	-	\$	807		-	
2170	Accounts Payable		48,9	25	7		64,280		9	
2180	Accounts Payable-related parties	7	6	48	-		1,268		-	
2200	Other Payables		7,7	45	1		9,131		1	
2220	Other Payables-related parties	7	6	22	-		1,305		-	
2250	Debt reserves - Current	6(10)	4,4	33	1		4,433		1	
2300	Other Current Assets	6(8)	2	88	<u>-</u>		148,708		22	
21XX	Total Current Liabilities		62,6	<u>51</u>	9		229,932		33	
	Non-Current Liabilities									
2570	Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	6(16)	6,5	15	1		2,139		-	
2600	Other Non-Current Asset			33	<u> </u>		3			
25XX	Total Non-Current		6,5	<u> 48</u>	1		2,142			
	Liabilities									
2XXX	Total Liabilities		69,2	<u> </u>	10		232,074		33	
	Capital	6(11)								
3110	Capital - Common Share		440,1	50	66		400,000		58	
	Additional Paid-In Capital	6(12)								
3220	Additional Paid-In Capital		234,6	24	35		126,005		18	
	Retained Earnings	6(13)								
3350	Deficit to be offset		(55,63	0) ((8)	(60,867)	(9)	
	Other Equity									
3400	Other Equity		(19,63	<u>9)</u> ((3)	(2,846)		<u> </u>	
3XXX	Total Equity		599,5	<u> 15</u>	90		462,292		67	
	Significant Commitments and	9								
	Contingent Liabilities									
	Material Subsequent Events	11								
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$ 668,7	24	100	\$	694,366		100	

The accompanying notes to the individual financial statements are one part of the individual financial reports, please refer it too.



Chairman: Hu Li San Manager: Tang Hong De Account Manager: Zhan Zhi Cong

METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY INDIVIDUAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT

2017, and From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

(Except for (earnings) loss NT \$ per share)

			(Except for (earnings) loss NT								
				2017			2016				
	Entry	Reference	A	mounts		%		Amounts		%	
4000	Operating Revenue	7	\$	407,625		100	\$	755,010		100	
5000	Operating Costs	6(4)nad7	(360,563)	(89)	(715,885)		95)	
5950	Net Gross Profit			47,062		11		39,125		<u>5</u>	
	Operating Expenses	6(15)(18)									
6100	Selling Expenses		(48,604)	(12)	(54,464)	(7)	
6200	General Expenses		(17,763)	(4)	(36,633)	(5)	
6300	Research and development			4,427)	(1)		<u>-</u>	_		
	Expenses										
6000	Total Operating Expenses			70,794)		17)		91,097)	(12)	
6900	Operating (Loss) Income			23,732)	(6)	(51,972)	(7)	
	Non-Operating Income and										
	Expenses										
7010	Other Income			2,705		1		2,047		-	
7020	Other Gains & Losses	6(14)	(6,196)	(2)	(4,919)	(1)	
7050	Financial Costs		(729)		-	(3,256)		-	
7070	Share of Profit or Loss of										
	Associates & Joint Ventures										
	Accounted for Using Equity										
	Method			31,629		8	(9,206)	(1)	
7000	Total Non-Operating			27,409		7	(15,334)	(2)	
	Income and Expenses										
7900	Income Before Tax			3,677		1	(67,306)	(9)	
7950	Income(Expense) Tax Benefit	6(16)		1,512		<u> </u>		11,111		2	
8200	Net Income (Loss)		\$	5,189		1	<u>(\$</u>	56,195)	(7)	
	Other Comprehensive Income										
	Non-reclassified items profit										
	or loss										
8311	Re-measured of defined benefit plan	6(9)	\$	52		-	\$	1,105		-	
8349	Income tax related to non- reclassified items	6(16)	(4)			(94)			
8310	Total non-reclassified items			48				1,011	_	-	



Items that may be subsequently re-classified into profit or loss

	re-classified into profit of loss									
8361	Exchange Differences on									
	Translation of Foreign									
	Financial Statements		(20,233)	(5)	(8,907)	(1)
8399	Income tax related to	6(16)		3,440		1		1,514		
	reclassified items									
8360	Total items that may be		(16,793)	(4)	(7,393)	(1)
	subsequently re-classified									
	into profit or loss									
8300	Other comprehensive income		<u>(\$</u>	16.745)	(4)	<u>(\$</u>	6,382)	(1)
	(net)									
8500	Total other comprehensive		<u>(\$</u>	11,556)	(3)	<u>(\$</u>	62,577)	(8)
	income									
	Profit (Loss) per Share	6(17)								
9750	Profit (Loss) per Share	6(17)	\$			0.12	<u>(\$</u>			1.40)
	Diluted Profit (Loss) per share									
9850	Diluted Profit (Loss) per		\$			0.12	<u>(</u> \$			1.40)
	share									

The accompanying notes to the individual financial statements are one part of the individual financial reports, please refer it too.



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY INDIVIDUAL STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

2017 and From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016

(Only verified, not check in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards)

Unit: NT \$ thousand

					CA	PITA:	L RESER	VE							
		Capit	al -	Capi	tal reserve -	Capit	tal reserve -	Capit	tal reserve -				ge Differences		nge Differences
	<u>Reference</u>	Comn	non Share	Issue	Premium	Stock	<u>c options</u>	Expino Expire Ex	red stock ns	<u>Con</u>	nmon Share		slation of Financial ents		nslation of n Financial nents
2016															
Balance on January 1, 2016		\$	400,000	\$	120,716	\$	5,205	\$	84	(\$	5,683)	\$	4,547	\$	524,869
Net loss			-		-		-		-	(56,195)		-	(56,195)
Other comprehensive net income			<u>-</u>				-		-		1,011	(7,393)	(6,382)
Balance on December 31, 2016		<u>\$</u>	400,000	<u>\$</u>	120,716	<u>\$</u>	5,205	<u>\$</u>	84	<u>(\$</u>	60,867)	<u>(\$</u>	2,846)	\$	46,292
2017 Balance on January 1, 2017		\$	400,000	\$	120,716	\$	5,205	\$	84	(\$	60,867)	(\$	2,846)	\$	462,292
Convertible corporate bonds were converted common stocks	6(8)(12)(19)		40,160		113,824	(5,205)		-		-		-		148,779
Net profit			-		-		_		-		5,189		-		5,189
Other comprehensive net income			<u>-</u>						-		48	(16,793)	(16,745)
Balance on December 31, 2017		\$	440,160	\$	234,540			\$	<u>84</u>	<u>(</u>	\$55,630)	<u>(\$</u>	19,639)	\$	599,515

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are one part of the consolidated financial reports, please refer it too.



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY INDIVIDUAL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

2017, and From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

	Reference	2	017		2016
ash Flows From Operating Activities					
Individual net (loss) profit before tax		\$	3,677	(\$	67,306)
Adjustments					
Income Charges (Credits)					
Depreciation Expense	6(6)(15)		4,798		3,583
Amortization Expense	6(7)(15)		589		5,504
Allowance for Bad Debts Accounts (Turn to Income)	6(3)	(2,503)	(60)
Net profit on financial assets and liabilities	6(2)				
measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Interest Expense			308	(388)
Amortization of corporate bonds payable			67		83
Interest Income			662		3,173
Share of Profit or Loss of Associates		(280)	(228)
Accounted for Using Equity Method					
Loss on disposal of Real Estate, Plant and		(31,629)		9,206
Equipment					
Unrealized foreign exchange (interest) losses			-		173
Allowance for preparing liabilities	6(10)(14)		4,438		9,961
Changes In Operating Assets And Liabilities			-		5,818
Net Changes in Operating Assets					
Financial asset or liability held for trading	6(2)		4,780	(5,000)
Notes Receivable			1,329	(1,062)
Accounts Receivable			14,377		161,991
Accounts Receivable-Related parties			298	(473)
Other Receivables		(12,104)		4,433
Other Receivables-Related parties		(3,496)	(35)
Inventories		(4,768)		36,955
Prepayments		(1,113)		1,671
Other Current Assets			1	(1)
Net defined benefit assets	6(9)	(61)	(795)
Net change in liability related to operating					
activities					
Notes Payable			-	(246)
Accounts Payable		(15,355)	(123,867)
Accounts Payable - related parties		(620)		1,268



Other Payables		(1,385)	(5,875)
Other Payables- related parties		(683)		512
Other Current Liabilities		(304)		272
Other Non-Current Liabilities			30		<u>-</u>
Cash Inflows (Outflows) From Operations		(29,411)		39.267
Interest Charged Incomes			280		228
Interest Paid Expenses		(67)	(83)
Income Tax Refund			14		6
Net Cash Inflows (Outflows) from		(29,184)		39,418
Operating Activities					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Decrease in restricted assets			260		227
Purchase of Real Estate, Plant and Equipment	6(6)(19)	(29,311)	(5,970)
Disposal of Real Estate, Plant and Equipment	6(6)		-		66
Decrease (Increase) In Refundable Deposits			11,129	(3,690)
Other non-current assets increase		(1,709)	(572)
Purchase of intangible assets	6(7)	(13,860)		-
Net cash outflow from a subsidiary			<u>-</u>	(1000)
Net Cash Outflows from Investing		(33,491)	(10,939)
Activities					
Net Cash Flow from Finance Activates					
Current Borrowing of Short-Term Loans			65,000		20,000
Current Repayments of Short-Term Loans		(65,000)	(20,000)
Other Payables - related parties decrease			<u>-</u>	(12)
Net Cash Inflows (Outflows) From			<u>-</u>	(12)
Finance activities					
Impact of exchange rate changes on cash and cash		(4,438)	(9,961)
equivalents					
Net (decrease) Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents		(67,113)		18,506
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	6(1)		101,558		83,052
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	6(1)	\$	34,445	\$	101,558

The accompanying notes to the individual financial statements are one part of the individual financial reports, please refer it too.



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES RELATIONSHIP BUSINESS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The 2017 annual report of the Company (from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017) should be included in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements of the related-party enterprise according to the "Guidelines for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and relationship reports of the consolidated financial statements of the Company" are the same as the companies that should be included in the compilation of the consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiary companies according to IAS No.10 and the related information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the related companies was disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the former parent and subsidiary companies , No separate preparation of corporate financial statements.

Hereby announced

Company Name: MetaTech Corporation Limited

Company and Subsidiaries

Chairman: Hu Li San

March 27, 2018





Accountants' Review Report

(107) Financial Audit Report No.17004157

Dear MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and Subsidiaries:

Opinion:

Consolidated Balance Sheet of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and Subsidiaries, for the year of 2017 and December 31, 2016, Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statement, Consolidated Statement of Shareholders Equity and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year of 2017 and for a period from January 1 to December 31, 2016 have been already audited by the Accountant.

In the opinion of the accountant, the Consolidated financial statements in the first paragraph are prepared in all material respects in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", which are sufficient to express the financial situation of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and Subsidiaries for the year of 2017 and December 31, 2016 and cash flows and the financial performance for the year of 2017 and for the period from January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016.

Basis for opinion:

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements of Financial Institutions by Ce1iified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtait1ed is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon; we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matters of the consolidated financial statements for 2017 MetaTech Corporation Limited Company are as follows:





Distribution warehouse sale revenue due to the appropriateness

Description

The accounting policies for the recognition of revenue are detailed in Note IV (28) of the financial statements.

The significant judgments adopted in the accounting policies for revenue recognition are detailed in Note V (1) to the financial statements.

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and Subsidiaries sales model is divided into factory direct shipments and shipping warehouse two types. According to the IAS 18 "Revenue" approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission, sales revenue should be transferred to the purchaser for the risk and reward of the ownership of the goods when the customer picks up the goods. Since the delivery warehouse is located in Shanghai, the pick-up point is not fixed at the pick-up point, and the management relies on the statement prepared by the warehouse custodian according to the inventory change as the basis for recognizing revenue because the processing, recording, and maintenance of the report information are all involved manual work, it is easy to identify income is inappropriate or the inventory keeping entity does not match the amount carried on the account, and the transaction amount before and after the end of the financial statements has a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. Therefore, the appropriateness of the closing of the sales revenue of the warehouse is listed as this year one of the important check items.

<u>In response to the checking procedure</u>

The accountant's procedures for the appropriateness of the closing of the sales revenue of the warehouse are summarized as follows:

- 1. According to the understanding of the company's operations and the nature of the industry, assess the shipping warehouse sales revenue recognized rationality of the policies and procedures and found to comply with the applicable financial reporting framework.
- 2. To understand the process of receipt, management and delivery of the warehouse, and to evaluate and test the related internal controls, including checking the name, quantity and amount of items in the statements prepared by the custodian of the warehouse, checking the delivery schedule and the sales vouchers are consistent with the information and confirm that the revenue from inventory movements has been recorded in the appropriate period.
- 3. For the period before and after the balance sheet sales of goods warehouse for a period of time the implementation of the closing of the transaction test, including check the delivery





warehouse custodian detailed statement of the goods and inventory changes in the name, quantity and sales revenue amount, and confirm that it has been recorded in the appropriate period.

4. Delivery warehouse for the implementation of the number of sentinel inquiry, and check to the system and the amount of inventory.

Realization of deferred income tax assets

Description

For the accounting policies of income tax, please refer to Note IV (25) of the financial statements for details. For the accounting estimates and assumptions of income tax, please refer to Note V (2) of the consolidated financial statements: For an explanation of income tax accounting items, please refer to Note VI (15) to the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred income tax assets of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2017 amounted to \$ 30,209 thousand. In assessing the achievability of deferred income tax assets, management is required to consider whether there is sufficient taxable income for future operation plans, including assumptions about future market expectations, economic conditions, revenue growth rates and cost estimates, because the decision to make the above assumption often involves management's subjective judgment and has a high degree of estimation uncertainty, the accountant classifies the achievability of deferred tax assets as one of the major issues for the current year.

In response to the checking procedure

The accountants' response procedures for the realization of the deferred tax assets are as follows:

- 1. To understand the operation and nature of the company so as to evaluate the reasonableness of management's future operation plan, including assessing the operation planning process and reviewing the operation plan in line with the management's approval.
- 2. Ask the management plan of operation plan and evaluate its intention and ability to execute.
- 3. Review the revenue, cost and expense growth assumptions used by management in future operations and compare with historic results, economic and industry forecasts to assess the reasonableness of estimating the future taxable income.
- 4. Evaluating the management's sensitivity analysis using alternative assumptions such as net profit-to-fulfillment ratios and confirming that management has properly dealt with the effect of uncertainty about the estimation uncertainty of future realizable taxable income.





Valuation of the allowance for impairment losses on inventories

Description

Please refer to Note IV (12) of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the accounting policy of the stock valuation. For details of the accounting estimates and assumptions of the stock valuation, please refer to Note V (2) of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Please refer to Note VI (4) of the consolidated financial statements for the explanation of the accounting items for the loss of provision for inventories.

The inventory and allowance for impairment losses of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2017 were \$ 117,497 thousand and \$ 12,281 thousand, respectively.

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries are semiconductor components distribution agents to sales of niche products mainly by the type of consumer products, communications products and connectors for the bulk. Because of a small number of diversified products, but also face fierce market price competition and a shorter life cycle, so the risk of falling inventories loss or obsolescence is higher.

The evaluation of the inventory of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries is based on the lower of the cost and the net realizable value. Due to the management's assessment of the allowance for impairment losses on inventories, including the identification of obsolete stocks and the net realizable value of decisions, often involving subjective judgments and therefore highly uncertain of the estimates, considering that the stock of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries and the loss on its contribution to the impairment have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements, the accountant listed the assessment of the loss on provision for inventory decline as one of the important items for verification during the year.

In response to the checking procedure

The accountants' response to the procedures for the assessment of the loss on impairment of inventories depreciated is as follows:

- 1. Based on an understanding of the nature of operations and industry, evaluate the reasonableness of the policies and procedures used in assessing the impairment loss on inventories.
- 2. Understand the warehouse management process, review its annual inventory plan and participate in the annual inventory count to assess management separation and control the effectiveness of obsolete stocks.





- 3. Verify that the management level is used to individually evaluate the inventory used for obsolescence. The correctness of the information in the report includes confirmation that the inventory movements fall within the appropriate age range.
- 4. Review the appropriateness of the basis for estimating the net realizable value of inventories, substantiate supporting documents such as product sales or purchase vouchers, and re-calculate and evaluate the reasonableness of management's decision to allow for the impairment loss.

Other matters - Individual financial report

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company has prepared individual financial statements for the year of 2017 and 2016, and submitted a qualified audit report to the certified public accountants for reference.

Management and governance unit of the consolidated financial statements of the responsibility

The responsibility of the management is based on the consolidated financial statements expressed in the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the IFRSs, IASs, Interpretations and Explanations issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and maintain the necessary internal control in connection with the preparation of the consolidated financial statements to ensure that the consolidated financial statements do not contain any material misstatement due to fraud or error.

In the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, the responsibilities of the management also include assessing the ability of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries to continue operations, exposing the relevant issues and adopting the basis of continuing operations, unless the management intends to liquidate or discontinue the operation of the three subsidiaries and subsidiaries or have no other options than those practicable except for the liquidation or suspension of business.

The governance unit (including the audit committee) of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries has the responsibility of supervising the financial reporting process.

Accountants check the financial statements of the responsibility

The purpose of the auditor's review of the consolidated financial statements is to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the consolidated financial statements are entirely subject to material misstatement of fraud or error and to issue a verification report.





Reasonable conviction is highly conclusive, but verification conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards of the Republic of China does not guarantee that it will be able to detect major misrepresentation of the consolidated financial statements. Inaccurate expressions may result from mistakes or fraud. It is considered material if the individual amounts or aggregated amounts that are not properly expressed can reasonably be expected to affect the economic decisions made by the users of the consolidated financial statements.

The certified public accountants in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards for checking, the use of professional judgment and maintain professional suspicion. The accountant also performs the following tasks:

- 1. To identify and assess the significant unrealistic presentation of the consolidated financial statements as a result of fraud or error; to design and implement appropriate responses to the assessed risks; and to obtain sufficient and appropriate evidence of verification as a basis for verifying the opinion. Because fraud may involve collusion, falsification, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or excessive internal controls, the risk of not detecting a major misrepresentation due to fraud is higher than that resulting from the wrongdoer.
- Obtain necessary understanding of the internal controls related to auditing and checking to
 design appropriate review procedures at the time, but the purpose is not to express an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of MetaTech Corporation Limited
 Company and its Subsidiaries.
- 3. Assess the appropriateness of the accounting policies used by management and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates and related disclosures made.
- 4. Based on the evidence obtained from the examination, it is concluded that there is material uncertainty regarding the appropriateness of the management to adopt the basis for continuing operations and the events or circumstances that may give rise to significant doubts as to the ability of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries to continue as a going concern. In the opinion of the Accountants, there is a serious uncertainty about the events or circumstances, the audit report should remind the users of the consolidated financial statements to pay attention to the relevant disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or to correct the audit opinions if the disclosures are not appropriate. The Accountants' conclusion is based on the evidence of the fragrance obtained at the date of the audit report. However, future events or circumstances may cause MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries no longer have the ability to continue as a going concern.





- 5. Assess the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements (including the related notes), and whether the consolidated financial statements are appropriate to represent the relevant transactions and events.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate verification evidence for the financial information of the individuals in the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The accountant is responsible for the guidance, supervision and execution of the Group's check of the case, and is responsible for forming the Group's check opinion.

The communication between the accountant and the governing unit includes the planned scope and timing of the audit, as well as major audit findings including the significant absence of internal controls identified in the audit.

The accountants also provided the governing units with the statements concerning the independence of the ROC Certified Public Accountants, who are affiliated with the accounting firm and who are subject to independence. They also communicated with the governing unit all the relationships that may be considered to affect the independence of the accountants, and other matters (including related protective measures).

The accountants decided to check the key issues of 2017 Consolidated Financial Statements of MetaTech Corporation Limited Company and its Subsidiaries from the matters communicated with the governing unit.

This accountant clarifies these matters in the audit report, unless the law does not allow public disclosure of certain matters, or in rare cases, the accountant decides not to communicate certain issues in the audit report because it can reasonably be expected to negatively affect this communication. The impact is greater than the enhanced public interest.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taiwan

Xu Ming Chuan

Accountants

Zhi Bing Jun

Financial Supervisory Commission Approval of number:

Finance Securities NO.1050029449

Former Ministry of Finance Securities Commission

Approval of number:

(88) Taiwan Finance Securities (6) NO. 1612.

March 27, 2018



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

2017 and December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

						7 December 31, 2016					
	Entry	Reference	A	mounts	%	Amounts	%				
	Current Assets										
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)and8	\$	203,163	26	331,466	41				
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)		-	-	5,088	1				
	through profit or loss-Current										
1150	Net Notes Receivable			3,874	1	5,496	1				
1170	Net Accounts Receivable	6(3)		301,818	39	241,352	30				
1200	Other Receivables			12,867	2	2,022	-				
1220	Current Income Tax Assets			1	-	14	-				
130X	Inventories	6(4)		105,216	13	106,958	13				
1410	Prepayment			2,737	-	3,059	-				
1470	Other Current Assets	8		8,759	1	8,372	1				
11XX	Total Current Assets			638,435	82	703,827	87				
	Non-Current Assets										
1600	Property, Plant And	6(5)and8		84,031	11	60,868	7				
	Equipment										
1780	Intangible assets	6(6)		13,860	2	-	-				
1840	Deferred Income Tax Assets	6(15)		30,209	4	20,885	3				
1900	Other Non-Current Assets	6(8)(17)		13,161	1	23,287	3				
15XX	Total Non-Current Assets			141,261	18	105,040	13				
1XXX	Total Assets		\$	779,696	100	\$ 808,867	100				
	Liabilities and equity										
	Current Liabilities										
2150	Notes Payable		\$	422	-	\$ 1,077	-				
2170	Accounts Payable			145,025	19	150,223	19				
2200	Other Payables			14,295	2	31,455	4				
2230	Current Tax Liabilities	6(15)		2,541	-	-	-				
2250	Debt reserves - Current	6(9)		4,433	-	4,433	1				
2300	Other Current Assets	6(7)		6,947	1	157,245	19				
21XX	Total Current Liabilities			173,663	22	344,433	43				
	Non-Current Liabilities										
2570	Deferred Income Tax	6(15)		6,515	1	2,139	-				
	Liabilities										
2600	Other Non-Current Asset			3	-	3	-				
25XX	Total Non-Current			6,518	1	2,142	-				



	Liabilities								
2XXX	Total Liabilities			180,181	23		346,575		43
	Equity Attributable to the								
	Owners of the Parent Company								
	Capital	6(10)							
3110	Capital - Common Share			440,160	56		400,000		49
	Additional Paid-In Capital	6(7)(11)							
3200	Additional Paid-In Capital			234,624	30		126,005		16
	Retained Earnings	6(12)							
3350	Deficit to be offset		(55,630)	(7)	(60,867)	(8)
	Other Equity								
3400	Other Equity		(19,639)	(2)	(2,846)		
31XX	Total Equity			599,515	<u>77</u>		462,292		57
	Attributable to the								
	Owners of the Parent								
	Company								
3XXX	Total Equity			599,515	77		462,292		<u>57</u>
	Significant Commitments and	9							
	Contingent Liabilities								
	Material Subsequent Events	11							
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	779,696	100	\$	808,867		100

The accompanying notes to the individual financial statements are one part of the individual financial reports, please refer it too.



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME STATEMENT

2017, and From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

(Except for (earnings) loss NT \$ per share)

					Exce	ept for (earn	ings) loss NT				
				2017				2016				
	Entry	Reference		Amounts		%		Amounts		%		
4000	Operating Revenue	14	\$	1,429,233		100	\$	1,662,820		100		
5000	Operating Costs	6(4)(14)		1,267,105)	(89)	(1,517,614)	(91)		
5950	Net Gross Profit			162,128		11		145,206		9		
	Operating Expenses	6(8)(14)(18)										
6100	Selling Expenses		(104,553)	(7)	(139,092)	(8)		
6200	General Expenses		(41,716)	(3)	(62,306)	(4)		
6300	Research and development Expenses		(4,427)						<u>-</u>		
6000	Total Operating		(150,696)	(10)	(201,398)	(12)		
	Expenses											
6900	Operating (Loss) Income			11,432		1	(56,192)	(3)		
	Non-Operating Income and			7,327		-		2,948		-		
	Expenses											
7010	Other Income		(10,094)	(1)	(9,229)	(1)		
7020	Other Gains & Losses	6(13)	(729)		Ξ	(3,256)		<u>-</u>		
7050	Financial Costs		(3,496)	(1)	(9,537)	(1)		
7000	Total Non-Operating			7,936		-	(65,729)	(4)		
	Income and Expenses											
7900	Income Before Tax		(2,747)		<u>-</u>		9,534	_	<u>-</u>		
7950	Income(Expense) Tax Benefit	6(14)	\$	5,189			<u>(\$</u>	56,195)	(4)		
8200	Net Income (Loss)											
	Other Comprehensive Income											
8311	Re-measured of defined benefit plan	6(8)	\$	52		-	\$	1,105		-		
8349	Income tax related to non-reclassified items	6(15)	(4)			(94)		<u>-</u>		
8310	Total non- reclassified items			48				1,011		<u> </u>		
	Items that may be											
	subsequently re-classified											
	into profit or loss											
8361	Exchange Differences on		(20,233)	(1)	(8,907)		-		
	Translation of Foreign Financial Statements											



8399	Income tax related to	6(15)		3,440		<u> </u>	1,514	_
8360	Total items that may be subsequently re- classified into profit		(16,793)	(1) (7,393)	
9200	or loss		(A)	16745)	/ 1) (f)	(292)	
8300	Other comprehensive income (net)		<u>(\$</u>	16,745)	<u>(</u> 1	<u>(\$</u>	6,382)	
8500	Total other comprehensive income		<u>(</u> \$	11,556)	(1	<u>(\$</u>	62,577)	(4)
	Net loss attributable to:							
8610	Owners of Parent		\$	5,189		<u>(\$</u>	56,195)	(4)
	Consolidated profit or loss attributable to:							
8710	Owners of Parent		<u>(</u> \$	11,556)	(1	<u>(\$</u>	62,577)	(4)
	(Loss) earnings per share	6(16)						
9750	Profit (Loss) per Share		\$		0.1	<u>(</u> \$		0.14)
9850	Diluted Profit (Loss) per share		\$		0.13	<u>(\$</u>		0.14)

The accompanying notes to the individual financial statements are one part of the individual financial reports, please refer it too.



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

2017 and From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

					Equity at	tribut	table to ow	ners	of parent						
					(Capita	al reserve								
		Capit	al -	Cap	ital reserve -	Capit	al reserve -	Capit	al reserve -				nge Differences		nge Differences
	<u>Reference</u>	Com	mon Share	Issu	e Premium	Stock	options	Expir option	red stock ns	Con	nmon Share		nslation of n Financial nents	on Translation of Foreign Financial Statements	
2016															
Balance on January 1, 2016		\$	400,000	\$	120,716	\$	5,205	\$	84	(\$	5,683)	\$	4,547	\$	524,869
Consolidated net loss			-		-		-		-	(56,195)		-	(56,195)
Other comprehensive net income			-		-		-			_	1,011	(7,393)	(6,382)
Balance on December 31, 2016		<u>\$</u>	400,000	<u>\$</u>	120,716	\$	5,205	<u>\$</u>	84	<u>(\$</u>	60,867)	<u>(\$</u>	2,846)	<u>\$</u>	462,292
2017															
Balance on January 1, 2017		\$	400,000	\$	120,716	\$	5,205	\$	84	(\$	60,867)	(\$	2,846)	\$	462,292
Convertible corporate bonds were converted common stocks	6(7)(11)(19)		40,160		113,824	(5,205		-		-		-		148,779
Consolidated net profit			-		-		-		-		5,189		-		5,189
Other comprehensive net income			<u> </u>		<u> </u>					_	48	(16,793)	(16,745)
Balance on December 31, 2017		\$	440,160	\$	234,540	\$		\$	84	<u>(\$</u>	55,630)	<u>(\$</u>	19,639)	\$	599,515

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are one part of the consolidated financial reports, please refer it too.



METATECH CORPORATION LIMITED COMPANY AND SUBSIDIAEIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

2017, and From January1, 2016 to December 31, 2016

Unit: NT \$ thousand

			Un	u: 1V.	ı ş inousana
	Reference		2017		2016
ash Flows From Operating Activities					
Consolidated net (loss) profit before tax		\$	7,936	(\$	65,729)
Adjustments					
Income Charges (Credits)					
Depreciation Expense	6(5)(14)		5,659		4,843
Amortization Expense	6(6)(14)		647		5,592
Allowance for Bad Debts Accounts (Turn to	6(3)	(2,588)	(121)
Income)					
Net profit on financial assets and liabilities	6(2)		308	(388)
measured at fair value through profit or loss					
Interest Expense			67		83
Amortization of corporate bonds payable			662		3,173
Interest Income		(527)	(429)
Gain on disposal of Real Estate, Plant and	6(5)		-		173
Equipment					
Unrealized foreign exchange (interest) losses			4,438		9,961
Allowance for preparing liabilities	6(9)(13)		-		5,818
Changes In Operating Assets And Liabilities					
Net Changes in Operating Assets					
Financial asset or liability held for trading	6(2)		4,780	(5,000)
Notes Receivable			1,622		506
Accounts Receivable		(57,878)		223,555
Other Receivables			(10,845)		5,499
Prepayments			322		2,822
Inventories			1,742		38,143
Other Current Assets		(647)		423
Net defined benefit assets	6(8)	(61)	(795)
Net change in liability related to operating					
activities					
Notes Payable			152		24
Accounts Payable		(5,198)	(150,246)
Other Payables		(17,160)		8,308
Other Current Liabilities		<u>(</u>	2,181)	(3,782)
Cash Inflows (Outflows) From Operations		(68,723)		82,433
Interest Charged Incomes			527		429
Interest Paid Expenses		(67)	(83)



Income Tax Refund		(530)	(4,599)
Net Cash Inflows (Outflows) from		(68,793)		789,180
Operating Activities					
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Decrease in restricted assets			260		227
Purchase of Real Estate, Plant and Equipment	6(5)(19)	(29,713)	(6,802)
Disposal of Real Estate, Plant and Equipment			-		66
Decrease (Increase) In Refundable Deposits			11,274	(3,425)
Other non-current assets increase		(1,709)	(240)
Purchase of intangible assets		(13,860)		-
Net cash outflow from a subsidiary	6(17)		<u>-</u>	(998)
Net Cash Outflows from Investing		(33,748)		(11,172)
Activities					
Net Cash Flow from Finance Activates					
Current Borrowing of Short-Term Loans			65,000		20,000
Current Repayments of Short-Term Loans		(65,000)	(20,000)
Net Cash Inflows (Outflows) From			<u> </u>		
Finance activities					
Impact of exchange rate changes on cash and cash		(25,762)	(18,829)
equivalents					
Net (decrease) Increase In Cash and Cash Equivalents		(128,303)		48,179
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year			331,466		283,287
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		<u>\$</u>	203,163	\$	331,466

The accompanying notes to the individual financial statements are one part of the individual financial reports, please refer it too.



Appendix IV: 2017 Cash Capital Increase Implementation Situation MetaTech Corporation Limited Company

2017 Cash Capital Increase Implementation Situation

Unit: NT \$ thousand

Project	Implementatio	on Situation	As of the first quarter of 2018	Reasons for advance or backward progress and improvement plans
	Amount	Expected	196,725	The main system was moved to the new site due to the cell
	expended	Actual	66,657	processing center factory (laboratory) and the Company has taken the relevant documents of the stage of CellSeed, but it must be
CellSeed Premium	Execution progress (%)	Expected	55.01%	accurately translated into Chinese and English documents to provide the Company to apply to the competent authority.
		Actual	18.64%	Although the progress is lagging, the plan has been started in the first quarter of 2018, so it has not affected the overall progress. There are no major abnormalities after the assessment.
	Amount	Expected	35,000	The original department of the original planning laboratory built the
	expended	Actual	26,750	current site, although it can meet the PIC/S GMP conditions, the construction and utilization area of the building were limited, the
Laboratory construction	Execution progress (%)	Expected	100.00%	overall assessment of future operational growth and office relocation was also expensive. Therefore, the Board of Directors
		Actual	76.42%	had leased the building of the FarEast U-TOWN Factory, and the construction of the laboratory was moved to the new site, and the progress of the plant in the cell processing center was slightly delayed. There were no major abnormalities after evaluation.
	Amount	Expected	55,000	The progress of the main laboratory construction was slightly
expended	expended	Actual	1,260	delayed, and the equipment could be installed after completion. There were no major abnormalities after evaluation.
Equipment	Execution progress (%)	Expected	100.00%	
		Actual	2.29%	
	Amount	Expected	5,120	Clinical trial costs were primarily comprised of CRO entrusted
	expended	Actual	1,281	service fees and related clinical costs as assessed by the CRO. Due to the backwardness, the main cell processing center plant moved to
Clinical trial	Execution	Expected	7.72%	the new site, although the Japanese documents related to CellSeed
expense	progress (%)	Actual	1.93%	have been taken, it was necessary to accurately translate the documents into Chinese and English to provide the Company with the application to the competent authority, and the progress of the clinical trials originally expected to be implemented is also backward. There are no major abnormalities after evaluation.
	Amount	Expected	3,615	The main laboratory is still under construction, so there are no
Laboratory maintenance	expended	Actual	0	relevant expenses, and there are no major abnormalities after evaluation.
expense	Execution	Expected	11.06%	
	progress (%)	Actual	0%	
	Amount	Expected	295,460	The implementation of the 2017 annual cash increase in the first
Total	expended	Actual	95,948	quarter of 2018, the reason behind the delay is not to affect the overall progress, there is no major abnormality after evaluation.
	Execution	Expected	54.05	
	progress (%)	Actual	17.56	



Appendix V: The Comparison Table of Amendments of the Company Policy MetaTech Corporation Limited Company

The Comparison Table of Amendments of the Company Policy

Amended article	The original article	Description
Art. 2: MetaTech Co., Ltd engaged in the	Art. 2: MetaTech Co., Ltd engaged in the	
following businesses:	following businesses:	New item
(32) C802041 Medicine manufacturing		
industry		Amended the total amount
	Art. 4: The total capital of the Company is	of the Company's capital.
Art. 4: The total capital of the Company is	NT\$ <u>1</u> billion, divided into <u>100</u> million shares,	
NT\$ 2 billion, divided into 200 million shares,	and NT\$ 1 per share, among the total capital	
and NT\$ 1 per share, among the total capital	NT\$ <u>150</u> million is for the exercise of	
NT\$ 300 million is for the exercise of	employee stock option certificates, unissued	
employee stock option certificates, unissued	shares, the board of directors is authorized to	
shares, the board of directors is authorized to	issue by time.	
issue by time.	The employee stock options vouchers of the	
The employee stock options vouchers of the	issue price of the Company's shares which is	
issue price of the Company's shares which is	lower than the closing price of the ordinary	
lower than the closing price of the ordinary	shares of the Company on the issue date, shall	
shares of the Company on the issue date, shall	hold a general meeting of shareholders	
hold a general meeting of shareholders	representing more than half of the total	
representing more than half of the total	number of issued shares, and after the	
number of issued shares, and after the	shareholders present at least two-thirds of the	
shareholders present at least two-thirds of the	voting rights have agreed to issue.	
voting rights have agreed to issue.		
	Art. 11: The Company set 9 to 11 directors,	
Art. 11: The Company set 9 to 11 directors,	three years, the number of directors in the	
three years, the number of directors in the	preceding paragraph, the number of	
preceding paragraph, the number of	independent directors shall not be less than 2,	
independent directors shall not be less than 2,	and shall not be less than one-fifth of the	
and shall not be less than one-fifth of the	number of directors, the election of directors	
number of directors, the election of directors	adopts the nomination system of candidates	
adopts the nomination system of candidates	according to Article 192-1 of the Company	
according to Article 192-1 of the Company	Law.	Set up various functional
Law.	To be elected by the shareholders on the list of	committees
To be elected by the shareholders on the list of	directors' candidates, and be eligible for re-	
directors' candidates, and be eligible for re-	election and must set a vice chairman. About	Amended the date.
election and must set a vice chairman. About	the professional qualifications of independent	
the professional qualifications of independent	directors, the shareholding and the part-time	
directors, the shareholding and the part-time	restrictions, the identification of	



Amended article	The original article	Description
restrictions, the identification of	independence, the nomination and other	
independence, the nomination and other	matters to be followed in accordance with the	
matters to be followed in accordance with the	relevant provisions of the securities authority.	
relevant provisions of the securities authority.		
The board of directors of the Company has to		
set up various functional committees. All		
kinds of functional committees shall stipulate		
the exercise of the powers and regulations,	Art. 20: The constitution was entered into on	
which shall be implemented after the approval	September 3, 1998.	
of the board of directors.	The first amendment was on September 16,	
	1998.	
Art. 20: The constitution was entered into on	The second amendment was on November 28,	
September 3, 1998.	2001.	
The first amendment was on September 16,	The third amendment was on June 28, 2002.	
1998.	The fourth amendment was on June 10, 2003.	
The second amendment was on November 28,	The fifth amendment was on April 19, 2004	
2001.	The sixth amendment was on June 9, 2006.	
The third amendment was on June 28, 2002.	The seventh amendment was on June 13,	
The fourth amendment was on June 10, 2003.	2007.	
The fifth amendment was on April 19, 2004	The eighth amendment was on June 13, 2008.	
The sixth amendment was on June 9, 2006.	The ninth amendment was on June 19, 2009.	
The seventh amendment was on June 13,	The tenth amendment was on June 21, 2013.	
2007.	The eleventh amendment was on September	
The eighth amendment was on June 13, 2008.	30, 2013.	
The ninth amendment was on June 19, 2009.	The twelfth amendment was on June 27,	
The tenth amendment was on June 21, 2013.	2014.	
The eleventh amendment was on September	The thirteenth amendment was on June 30,	
30, 2013.	2015.	
The twelfth amendment was on June 27,	The fourteenth amendment was on June 29,	
2014.	2016.	
The thirteenth amendment was on June 30,	The fifteenth amendment was on June 20,	
2015.	2017.	
The fourteenth amendment was on June 29,		
2016.		
The fifteenth amendment was on June 20,		
2017.		
The sixteenth amendment was on June 25,		
<u>2018.</u>		



Appendix VI: The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing Loans MetaTech Corporation Limited Company

The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing Loans

Amended article	The original article	Description
2. Scope: This procedure is applicable to the	2. Scope: This procedure is applicable to the	Expanded the scope
Company and its subsidiaries (collectively	Company's handling of loans of funds to	of application for the
referred to as the "Group")' handling of loans	others.	Group and words
of funds to others.		correction
However, if the rules of procedure or the		
provisions of this operating procedure are		
different from the laws and regulations of the		
location of the subsidiary, the local laws and		
regulations shall be applied first.		
3. Power and responsibility: The department	3. Power and responsibility: The Ministry of	Words correction
of Finance and the department of Management	Finance and the Department of Management	
of the Company shall be responsible for the	shall be responsible for the relevant work in	
relevant work of the Group in their respective	their respective posts.	
posts.		
4. Definition:	5. Contents of Works:	The original Article 4
4.1 "Subsidiary" and "parent company" as	5.1.2 "Subsidiary" and "parent company" as	content was moved to
referred to in these Regulations shall be as	referred to in these Regulations shall be as	Article 5 and
determined under the Regulations Governing	determined under the Regulations Governing	adjusted the content.
the Preparation of Financial Reports by	the Preparation of Financial Reports by	Article 5.1.2 moved
Securities Issuers.	Securities Issuers.	to Article 4.1 and
4.2 The "net value" in these Regulations	Where a public company's financial reports	adjusted the content.
means the balance sheet equity attributable to	are prepared according to the International	The original Article
the owners of the parent company under the	Financial Reporting Standards, "net value" in	5.5.1 was moved to
Regulations Governing the Preparation of	these Regulations means the balance sheet	the second half of
Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.	equity attributable to the owners of the parent	Article 4.3.
	company under the Regulations Governing the	The original Article
4.3 The Procedure called "Notice Declaration"	Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities	5.5.5 was moved to
refers to the information website designated	Issuers.	the Article 4.4.
by the Financial Supervisory Commission.		
	5.5.1 The Company shall, before the 10th of	
4.4 The "factual date" in this procedure refers	each month, announce the capital loan and	
to the former date of the transaction signing	balance of the Company and its subsidiaries	
date, payment date, the board resolution day or	last month by announcement of the authority	
other sufficient funds to determine the	unit. The called "Notice Declaration" refers to	
transaction object and the transaction amount.	the information website designated by the	



	Financial Supervisory Commission.	
	5 5 5 The "footeral data" in this case a dam.	
	5.5.5 The "factual date" in this procedure refers to the former date of the transaction	
	signing date, payment date, the board	
	resolution day or other sufficient funds to	
	determine the transaction object and the	
	transaction amount.	
	transaction amount.	
5. The scope of loan:	4. Definition:	The original Article 4
The funds of individual companies of the	The Company shall not loan funds to any of	was moved to the
Group shall not loan funds to any of its	its shareholders or any other person except	Article 5 and
shareholders or any other person except under	under the following circumstances:	adjusted the content.
the following circumstances:	4.1 Where an inter-company or inter-firm	
5.1 Where an inter-company or inter-firm	business transaction calls for a loan	
business transaction calls for a loan	arrangement.	
arrangement.	4.2 Where an inter-company or inter-firm	
5.2 Where an inter-company or inter-firm	short-term financing facility is necessary,	
short-term financing facility is necessary,	provided that such financing amount shall not	
provided that such financing amount shall not	exceed 40 percent of the lender's net value.	
exceed 40 percent of the individual lender's	The term "short-term" as used in the preceding	
net value.	paragraph means one year, or where the	
5.3 The term "short-term" as used in the	company's operating cycle exceeds one year or	
preceding paragraph means one year, or where	one operating cycle.	
the company's operating cycle exceeds one		
year or one operating cycle. But the business		
cycle is longer than one year, subject to the		
business cycle.		
5.4 The term "financing amount" as used in		
paragraph 1, sub-paragraph 2 of this Article		
means the cumulative balance of the public		
company's short-term financing.		
6. The evaluation criteria of objects for loans	5.1.1 Between the Company and his company	The original Article
of funds:	or others, the board of directors recognized the	5.1.1 was re-edited to
Between the individual companies of the	need for short-term financing funds engaged	the Article 6 and
Group and his company or others, the board of	in financing facility, the following	adjusted the content.
directors recognized the need for short-term	circumstances:	
financing funds engaged in financing facility,		
the following circumstances:	5.1.1.1 Necessary to have short-term financing	
	facilities for the business relationship with the	
6.1 Necessary to have short-term financing	parent-child companies of the Company.	
facilities for the business relationship with the	5.1.1.2 Necessary for the short-term financing	
individual companies of the Group.	of the company or others based on the equity	



<u>6.2</u> Necessary for the short-term financing of the individual companies of the Group or others based on the equity method of investment as a result of the need of material purchase or operation and turnover.

method of investment as a result of the need of material purchase or operation and turnover.

- <u>7.</u> The aggregate amount of loans and the maximum amount permitted to a single borrower:
- 7.1 The total loan amount of funds of the individual companies of the Group shall be limited to not exceeding 40% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants; the total loan amount of funds to a single enterprise shall be limited to not exceeding 20% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants.
- 7.2 The total loan amount of the individual companies of the Group to a Company of an inter-firm business transaction shall not exceed the limit of 40% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants. The total loan amounts of the Company to a single corporation not exceed the amount of business transactions between the two sides. The alleged amount of business dealings means the higher of the purchase or sale amount between the two parties.
- 7.3 When the individual companies of the Group are necessary for short-term financing funds shall not exceed the limit of 40% of the net value of the financial statements of the individual company which have been audited (verified) by the Company's latest auditors. For single-enterprise loans and the total amount is limited to 20% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants.

- 5.2 The aggregate amount of loans and the maximum amount permitted to a single borrower:
- 5.2.1 The total loan amount of funds of the Company and the and total loan amount of funds to a single enterprise shall be limited to not exceeding 40% and 20% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants respectively, and should be handled according to the resolution of the board of directors.
- 5.2.2 The total loan amount of the Company to a Company of an inter-firm business transaction shall not exceed the limit of 40% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants. The total loan amounts of the Company to a single corporation not exceed the amount of business transactions between the two sides. The alleged amount of business dealings means the higher of the purchase or sale amount between the two parties.
- 5.2.3 When an inter-company or inter-firm short-term financing facility is necessary for short-term financing funds shall not exceed the limit of 40% of the net value of the financial statements of the Company which have been audited (verified) by the Company's latest auditors. For single-enterprise loans and the total amount is limited to 20% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants.
- 5.2.4 For foreign companies that directly or

The original Article 5.2.1 was re-edited to the Article 7 and adjusted the content.



7.4 For foreign companies that directly or indirectly hold 100% of the voting shares, the total loan amount shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the individual company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants; For a single corporation the total loan amount shall not exceed 80% of the net value of the individual company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

indirectly hold 100% of the voting shares, the total loan amount shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants; For a single corporation the total loan amount shall not exceed 80% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

8. Duration of loans and calculation of interest:

Limited by one year for a duration of loans, the interest rate shall not be less than the average interest rate of the Company or the individual company's short-term funds borrowed from financial institutions at that time and shall bear interest on a yearly or monthly basis, or pay off the principal and interest once at the time of liquidation.

5.3 Limited by one year, the interest rate shall not be less than the average interest rate of the Company's short-term funds borrowed from financial institutions at that time and shall bear interest on a monthly basis.

The original Article 5.3 was re-edited to the Article 8 and adjusted the content. At the same time give the flexibile yearly or monthly interest rate, corrected kindly.

9. Procedures for handling loans of funds, review procedures and evaluation criteria:

- <u>9.1</u> Credit Investigation: For all companies or others to fund for loan application, should conduct a detailed credit investigation, the principle is as follows:
- 9.1.1 The primary borrowers, borrowers should provide basic information and financial information, in order to handle the credit.

 9.1.2 Continuing borrowers should handle credit collection once a year in principle. In major cases, credit investigation should be conducted on a regular basis according to actual needs.
- 9.1.3 If the financial and creditworthiness of the borrower is good and the financial statements of the borrower have been checked and signed by the accountants, the survey report of more than one year and less than two years should be followed and see also the financial statements of the Company (verified) as audited by the accountants recently.

- 5.4 Procedures for handling loans of funds 5.4.1 Credit Investigation: For all companies or others to fund for loan application, should conduct a detailed credit investigation, the principle is as follows:
- 5.4.1.1 The primary borrowers, borrowers should provide basic information and financial information, in order to handle the credit.
 5.4.1.2 Continuing borrowers should handle credit collection once a year in principle. In major cases, credit investigation should be conducted on a regular basis according to actual needs.
- 5.4.1.3 If the financial and creditworthiness of the borrower is good and the financial statements of the borrower have been checked and signed by the accountants, the survey report of more than one year and less than two years should be followed and see also the financial statements of the Company (verified) as audited by the accountants recently.

The original Article 5.4 was re-edited to the Article 9 and adjusted the content. At the same time, the addition of funds to the individual companies of the Group in Article 9.1.4 will be exempted from credit and rights setting.



9.1.4 The loan of funds between individual companies of the Group is exempt from credit and rights setting.

9.2 Review evaluation:

Where the loans of funds within the limit of Article 7 the borrower should fill in "Loans of Funds Application", the authority unit shall make a detailed review and appraisal report, which shall include the following items:

- 9.2.1 The necessity of and reasonableness of extending loans to others.
- 9.2.2 Borrower credit status and risk assessment.
- 9.2.3 Impact on the company's business operations, financial condition, and shareholders' equity.
- 9.2.4 Whether collateral must be obtained and appraisal of the value thereof.

9.3 Loan approval:

- 9.3.1 The funding of an enterprise shall show the "Funding Request" (or an official letter), the authority unit shall review its necessity and assess its use, purpose, benefits and whether the sign should be granted, then report to general manager, chairman of the Company sign, and submit to the board of directors of the Company for approval after the resolution.
- 9.3.2 After the review and assessment, if the borrower's credit rating is not good or there are other reasons that should not be loaned, the authority unit should promptly reply to the reasons borrowers not loan.
- 9.3.3 When the individual companies of the Group intend to loan funds to others, it shall all be handled after the resolution of the board of directors has been passed on by case by case and shall not be authorized by others.

5.4.2 Review evaluation:

Where the loans of funds within the limit of Article 5.2. the borrower should fill in "Loans of Funds Application", the authority unit shall make a detailed review and appraisal report, which shall include the following items:

- 5.4.2.1 The necessity of and reasonableness of extending loans to others.
- 5.4.2.2 Borrower credit status and risk assessment.
- 5.4.2.3 Impact on the company's business operations, financial condition, and shareholders' equity.
- 5.4.2.4 Whether collateral must be obtained and appraisal of the value thereof.

5.4.3 Loan approval:

- 5.4.3.1 The funding of an enterprise shall show the "Funding Request" (or an official letter), the authority unit shall review its necessity and assess its use, purpose, benefits and whether the sign should be granted, then report to general manager, chairman of the board sign, and submit to the board of directors for approval after the resolution. 5.4.3.2 After the review and assessment, if the borrower's credit rating is not good or there are other reasons that should not be loaned, the authority unit should promptly reply to the reasons borrowers not loan.
- 5.4.3.3 When the Company intends to loan funds to others, it shall all be handled after the resolution of the board of directors has been passed on by case by case and shall not be authorized by others.
- 5.4.3.4 The loans of funds between the Company and its subsidiaries or between subsidiaries, in addition to the provisions of the preceding paragraph, may authorize the chairman of the same loan with the object, the grants are apportioned or reused less than 10% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the



9.3.4 The loans of funds between the individual companies of the Group, in addition to the Article 9.3.3, may authorize the chairman of the Company of the same loan with the object, the grants are apportioned or reused less than 10% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants and not exceeding one year.

9.3.5 The Company has set up independent directors, when discussing the loan and matters, shall consider the opinions of each of the independent directors and the clear opinions of their consent or objections and the reasons for the objections should be included in the minutes of the board of directors.

<u>9.4</u> To notify the borrower:

After the approval of the loan case, the authority unit shall promptly mail or call the borrower detailing the loan conditions, including the quota, term, interest rate, collateral and guarantor,...etc. Please sign the borrower within the limit of time, the right to set the pledge or mortgage and the guarantor of the insurance policy, and then appropriate.

9.5 Signed on the confirmation
9.5.1 Loan cases should be drafted by the authority unit to draft the terms of the contract, after the verification of the authority of the people subject to verification, send to the legal staffs to confirm the correct, and then sign the contract.

9.5.2 The content of the contract shall be in accordance with the approved terms of borrowing. After the signature of the borrower and the joint guarantor on the basis of the contract, the authority unit shall complete the steps.

9.5.3 When signing the funding contract with

accountants and not exceeding one year.
5.4.3.5 The Company has set up independent directors to loan funds to others, shall consider the opinions of each of the independent directors and the clear opinions of their consent or objections and the reasons for the objections should be included in the minutes of the board of directors.

5.4.4 To notify the borrower:

After the approval of the loan case, the authority unit shall promptly mail or call the borrower detailing the loan conditions of the Company, including the quota, term, interest rate, collateral and guarantor,...etc. Please sign the borrower within the limit of time, the right to set the pledge or mortgage and the guarantor of the insurance policy, and then appropriate.

5.4.5 Signed on the confirmation
5.4.5.1 Loan cases should be drafted by the authority unit to draft the terms of the contract, after the verification of the authority of the people subject to verification, send to the legal consultant to confirm the correct, and then sign the contract.

5.4.5.2 The content of the contract shall be in accordance with the approved terms of borrowing. After the signature of the borrower and the joint guarantor on the basis of the contract, the authority unit shall complete the steps.

5.4.5.3 When signing the funding contract with the funding object, it shall be handled by its legal person or group seal and the person in charge of the registration as the competent authority, and shall be handled by the authority for checking the debtor and the guarantor seal and the confirmation.

5.4.6 Collateral rights setting and insurance 5.4.6.1 If the Company loans money to others,



the funding object, it shall be handled by its legal person or group seal and the person in charge of the registration as the competent authority, and shall be handled by the authority for checking the debtor and the guarantor seal and the confirmation.

9.6 Collateral rights setting and insurance:
9.6.1 If the individual companies of the Group loans money to others, the board of the directors of the Company shall require the borrower to provide a collateral equivalent to the loan amount if it is necessary, (Such as the equivalent value of real estate, securities, or signing guarantee notes), and set the pledge or mortgage to ensure the Company claims.

9.6.2 The collaterals except land and securities should be covered by fire insurance, ship vehicles should be covered by insurance. The insurance amount is not less than the value of security pledged for the principle; the insurance statement should be added to the Company as the beneficiary. The name, quantity, storage location, insurance conditions and insurance approval slips contained in the policy should be consistent with the approved loan conditions, if the building has not yet been programmed in the set house number, its address should be located in the sectors and marks.

<u>9.6.3</u> The authority unit shall pay attention to inform the borrower to continue the insurance before the expiration of the insurance period.

9.7 Appropriation:

The loan case approved and in accordance with the provisions of this procedure is completed, the authority unit checks it if corrects, then can allocate funds.

the board of the directors shall require the borrower to provide a collateral equivalent to the loan amount if it is necessary, (Such as the equivalent value of real estate, securities, or signing guarantee notes), and set the pledge or mortgage to ensure the Company claims. 5.4.6.2 The collaterals except land and securities should be covered by fire insurance, ship vehicles should be covered by insurance. The insurance amount is not less than the value of security pledged for the principle; the insurance statement should be added to the Company as the beneficiary. The name, quantity, storage location, insurance conditions and insurance approval slips contained in the policy should be consistent with the approved loan conditions of the Company, if the building has not yet been programmed in the set house number, its address should be located in the sectors and marks.

5.4.6.3 The authority unit shall pay attention to inform the borrower to continue the insurance before the expiration of the insurance period.

5.4.7 Appropriation

The loan case approved and in accordance with the provisions of this procedure is completed, the authority unit checks it if corrects, you can allocate funds.

10. Announcement reporting procedures:

5.5 Announcement reporting procedures

The original Article



10.1 The Company shall, before the 10th of each month, announce the capital loan and balance of the Group and its subsidiaries last month by announcement of the authority unit.

10.2 The Group has one of the following standards for loan and balance of funds, and shall declare within 2 days upon the factual date:

10.2.1 The loans and balances of the Group to others reach over 20% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

10.2.2 The loans and balances of the Group to a single enterprise reach over 10% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

10.2.3 The individual companies of the Group increased its loan and amount to more than NT \$ 10 million and reached over 2% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

10.3 A subsidiary of the Company is not a domestic public offering company and the subsidiary has Article 10.2.3 which should be declared for declaration and should be made by the Company.

5.5.1 The Company shall, before the 10th of each month, announce the capital loan and balance of the Company and its subsidiaries last month by announcement of the authority unit. The called "Notice Declaration" refers to the information website designated by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

5.5.2 The Company has one of the following standards for loan and balance of funds, and shall declare within 2 days upon the factual date:

5.5.2.1 Funding of the Company and its subsidiaries the balance of loans to others reaches over 20% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.
5.5.2.2 The loans and balances of the Company and its subsidiaries to a single enterprise amounted to over 10% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

5.5.2.3 The Company or its subsidiaries increased its loan and amount to more than NT \$ 10 million and reached over 2% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

5.5.3 A subsidiary of the Company is not a domestic public offering company and the subsidiary has Section 5.5.2.3 which should be declared for declaration and should be made by the Company.

5.5.4 The calculation of the ratio of loan to balance of net assets of the above subsidiaries takes the ratio of loan to balance of the subsidiary accounted for the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.

5.5 was re-edited to the Article 10 and adjusted the content. The second half of the original Article 5.5.1 was moved to the Article 4.3. Deleted Article 5.5.4. The original Article 5.5.5 was moved to the Article 4.4.



<u>11.</u> Loans and the amount of follow-up control measures, overdue claims processing:

11.1 After the loan is appropriated, the authority unit should often pay attention to the financial, business and related credit conditions of the borrower and the guarantor, if there is provision of collateral, and should pay attention to whether there is any change in the value of the guarantee, in case of major changes, the chairman of the board shall be immediately informed and properly handled as instructed.

11.2 The individual companies of the Group due to change of circumstances, loans and balances not meet the requirements of the procedure or the amount exceeds the limit; it should develop improvement plans, and the relevant improvement plan will be sent to the audit committee of the Company, and the improvement will be completed according to the planning schedule.

11.3 When the borrower repays the loan before the maturity or maturity of the loan, the interest payable shall be calculated first by the authority unit and then repayable together with the principal, then the collateral can be lifted debt or mortgage set.

11.4 If the borrower applies for the cancellation of the mortgage or eliminate the establishment of authority, should first check the balance of the loan to decide whether to agree to handle.

11.5 The borrower shall pay off the principal and interest as soon as the loan expires. The funds of company shall, first in accordance with the law, do disciplines and recoveries of loss on the collaterals which offenders mortgaged, and at the part of deficiencies,

5.6 Loans and the amount of follow-up control measures, overdue claims processing:
5.6.1 After the loan is appropriated, the authority unit should often pay attention to the financial, business and related credit conditions of the borrower and the guarantor, if there is provision of collateral, and should pay attention to whether there is any change in the value of the guarantee, in case of major changes, the chairman of the board shall be immediately informed and properly handled as instructed.

5.11.2 The Company due to change of circumstances, loans and balances overruns; it should develop improvement plans, and the improvement plan to the audit committee.
5.6.2 When the borrower repays the loan before the maturity or maturity of the loan, the interest payable shall be calculated first and then repayable together with the principal, then the collateral can be lifted debt or mortgage set.

5.6.3 If the borrower applies for the cancellation of the mortgage or eliminate the establishment of authority, should first check the balance of the loan to decide whether to agree to handle.

5.6.4 The borrower shall pay off the principal and interest as soon as the loan expires. The Company shall, first in accordance with the law, do disciplines and recoveries of loss on the collaterals which offenders mortgaged, and at the part of deficiencies, shall make recourses to the guarantors.

The original Article 5.6 was re-edited to the Article 11 and adjusted the content. The original Article 5.11.2 was moved to Article 11.2 and adjusted the content.



shall make recourses to the guarantors.		
12. Establishment of funds registration form: The Company's authority units should establish funds registration form of loans of funds and matters. Details of the objects and amounts of loans and advances, the date of approval of the board of directors of the Company, the date of loan repayment, and the matters to be carefully evaluated in accordance with the provisions shall be	5.7 Reference book to establish The Company's authority units should establish a reference book of loans of funds and matters. Details of the objects and amounts of loans and advances, the date of approval of the board of directors, the date of loan repayment, and the matters to be carefully evaluated in accordance with the provisions shall be announced for details.	The original Article 5.7 was re-edited to the Article 12 and adjusted the content.
announced for details.		
13. Internal audit: The Company's internal auditors should at least quarterly check the loan and others operating procedures and their implementation, and make a written record. If any major violation is found, it shall notify each audit committee in writing. 14. Penalty: If any violation of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsement" or the relevant provisions of the Procedures is handled by the Group in connection with the handling of loans by funds and others, in accordance with the personnel management rules to submit assessment, according to the severity of punishment.	5.8 Internal audit: The Company's internal auditors should regularly check the loan and others operating procedures and their implementation, and make a written record. If any major violation is found, it shall notify the audit committee in writing. 5.10 Penalty If any violation of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsement" or the relevant provisions of the Procedures is handled by the Company in connection with the handling of loans by funds and others, in accordance with the Company's personnel management practices and working rules to submit assessment,	The original Article 5.8 was re-edited to the Article 13 and in accordance with the establishment of the audit committee to amend the regulations for supervisors. The original Article 5.10 was re-edited to the Article 14, and adjusted the content. There are only personnel management rules, so corrected the words.
punishment.	according to the severity of punishment.	The existing Article
15. Other matters:	5.11 Other matters 5.11.1 The board of directors of the Company shall, upon investigation and assessment of the units that have already borrowed and other funds not implemented prior to the implementation of the Procedures, report to the board of directors for ratification. If there is a limit exceeding the amount approved for	The original Article 5.11 was re-edited to the Article 15, and adjusted the content. The original Article 5.11.1 was deleted. The original Article 5.11.2 was moved to
5.11.3 The individual companies of the Group	loan, the authority unit shall notify the	the Article 11.2.
should assess the loan and the situation and provide an adequate provision for bad debts,	borrower to pay back the excess loan within 6	The original Article
provide an adequate provision for bad debts,	months from the date of implementation of	5.11.3 was re-edited



disclose the relevant information in the	this procedure.	to the Article 15.1.
financial report as appropriate and provide the	The process of the pr	Added Article 15.2.
relevant information to the accountants to	5.11.3 The Company should assess the loan	
carry out the necessary checking procedures.	and the situation and provide an adequate	
carry out are necessary encouning procedures.	provision for bad debts, disclose the relevant	
15.2 This procedure unformulated matters,	information in the financial report as	
according to the relevant laws and regulations.	appropriate and provide the relevant	
according to the relevant laws and regulations.	information to the accountants to carry out the	
	•	
	necessary checking procedures.	TD1 1 A 1
16. Implementation:	5.13 Implementation	The original Article
This procedure shall be approved by the audit	This procedure is approved by the board of	5.13 was re-edited to
committee of the Company and approved by	directors and submitted to the shareholders	the Article 15.6, and
the board of directors and submitted to the	after the consent of the implementation, it is	in accordance with
shareholders' meeting for approval. It is the	the same with the amendment.	the establishment of
same with the amendment.		the audit committee
		to amend the
		regulations for
		supervisors.
17. Related documents and forms:	6. Related documents and forms:	The original Article 6
	6.1 Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds	was re-edited to the
17.1 Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds	to Others	Article 17, and
and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by	6.2 Personnel Management Measures	adjusted the content.
Public Companies	6.3 Loans and Matters Application	Article 6.4 and
17.2 Loans and Matters Application	6.4 Funds to Others Specification	Article 6.5 were
17.3 Funds Registration Form	6.5 Loans to Corporation or Group	deleted.
	Specification	
	6.6 Funding Request	



Appendix VII: The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company

The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee

Amended article	The original article	Description
2. Scope:	2. Scope: This procedure is applicable to the	Expanded the
This procedure is applicable to the Company and	Company's handling of	scope of
its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the	endorsements/guarantees.	application for
"Group")' handling of endorsements/guarantees		the Group and
to others.		words correction
However, if the rules of procedure or the		
provisions of this operating procedure are		
different from the laws and regulations of the		
location of the subsidiary, the local laws and		
regulations shall be applied first.		
3. Power and responsibility: The Department of	3. Power and responsibility: The Department of	
Finance and the Department of Management	Finance and the Department of Management	
shall be responsible for the relevant work of the	shall be responsible for the relevant work in their	
<u>Group</u> in their respective posts.	respective posts.	
4. Definition:	4. Definition:	The original
4.1 "Subsidiary" and "parent company" as	5.1.6 "Subsidiary" and "parent company" as	Article 4 was re-
referred to in these Regulations shall be as	referred to in these Regulations shall be as	edited to the
determined under the Regulations Governing the	determined under the Regulations Governing the	Article 5, and
Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities	Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities	adjusted the
Issuers.	Issuers.	content.
	Where a public company's financial reports are	The original
	prepared according to the International Financial	Article 5.1.6
	Reporting Standards, "net value" in these	was re-edited to
4.2 The "net value" in these Regulations means	Regulations means the balance sheet equity	the Article 4.1
the balance sheet equity attributable to the	attributable to the owners of the parent company	and Article 4.2.
owners of the parent company under the	under the Regulations Governing the Preparation	The original rear
Regulations Governing the Preparation of	of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.	of Article 5.6.1
Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.		was moved to
	5.6.1 The Company shall announce and report	the Article 4.3.
4.3 The "announcement and reporting" in these	the previous month's balance of	The original
Regulations refers to the information website	Endorsements/Guarantees of itself and its	Article 5.6.5
designated by the FSC.	subsidiaries by the 10th day of each month from	was moved to
	the Authority Unit. The called "announcement	the Article 4.4.
	and reporting" refers to the information website	
4.4 The "Date of occurrence" in these	designated by the FSC.	
Regulations means the date of contract signing,		



date of payment, dates of boards of directors	5.6.5 "Date of occurrence" in these Regulations	
resolutions, or other date that can confirm the	means the date of contract signing, date of	
counterparty and monetary amount of the	payment, dates of boards of directors resolutions,	
transaction, whichever date is earlier.	or other date that can confirm the counterparty	
	and monetary amount of the transaction,	
	whichever date is earlier.	
5. The Definition of Endorsements/Guarantees:	4. Definition:	The original
The term "Endorsements/Guarantees" as used in	The term "Endorsements/Guarantees" as used in	Article 4 was
these Regulations refers to the following:	these Regulations refers to the following:	moved to the
5.1 Financing Endorsements/Guarantees,	4.1 Financing Endorsements/Guarantees,	Article 5, and
including:	including:	adjusted the
5.1.1 Bill discount financing.	4.1.1 Bill discount financing.	content.
5.1.2 Endorsement or guarantee made to meet	4.1.2 Endorsement or guarantee made to meet	
the financing needs of another company.	the financing needs of another company.	
However, it is not limited to the provision of	4.1.3 Issuance of a separate negotiable	
pledges or mortgages for the guarantee of	instrument to a non-financial enterprise as	
movable assets or real estate for the borrowing of	security to meet the financing needs of the	
the company.	company itself.	
5.1.3 Issuance of a separate negotiable	4.2 Customs duty Endorsements/Guarantees,	
instrument to a non-financial enterprise as	meaning an endorsement or guarantee for the	
security to meet the financing needs of the	company itself or another company with respect	
individual companies of the Group.	to customs duty matters.	
5.2 Customs duty Endorsements/Guarantees,	4.3 Other Endorsements/Guarantees, meaning	
meaning an endorsement or guarantee for the	endorsement or guarantee beyond the scope of	
individual companies of the Group or another	the above two subparagraphs.	
company with respect to customs duty matters.		
5.3 Other Endorsements/Guarantees, meaning		
endorsement or guarantee beyond the scope of		
Article 5.1 and Article 5.2.		
6. Endorsement guarantee object:	5.1 Endorsement guarantee object:	The original
6.1 The individual companies of the Group may	5.1.1 The Company may make	Article 5.1 was
make Endorsements/Guarantees for the	Endorsements/Guarantees for the following	re-edited to the
following companies:	companies:	Article 6, and
	5.1.1.1 A company with which it does business.	adjusted the
6.1.1 A company with which it does business.	5.1.1.2 A company in which the public company	content.
6.1.2 A company in which the public company	directly and indirectly holds more than 50	The original
directly and indirectly holds more than 50	percent of the voting shares.	Article 5.1.4
percent of the voting shares.	5.1.1.3 A company that directly and indirectly	was moved to
6.1.3 A company that directly and indirectly	holds more than 50 percent of the voting shares	the Article 15.1.
holds more than 50 percent of the voting shares	in the public company.	The original
in the public company.	5.1.1.4 The Company shall apply to	Article 5.1.5



6.2 The Company shall apply to Endorsements/Guarantees made between companies in which the public company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.

6.3 Where the individual companies of the Group fulfills its contractual obligations by providing mutual Endorsements/Guarantees for another company in the same industry or for joint builders for purposes of undertaking a construction project, or where all capital contributing shareholders make endorsement/ guarantee for their jointly invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentages, or where companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several security for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other, such Endorsements/Guarantees may be made free of the restriction of Article 6.1 and Article 6.2.

6.4 Capital contribution referred to in the preceding paragraph shall mean capital contribution directly by the public company, or through a company in which the public company holds 100% of the voting shares.

Endorsements/Guarantees made between companies in which the public company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.

5.1.2 Where the Company fulfills its contractual obligations by providing mutual Endorsements/Guarantees for another company in the same industry or for joint builders for purposes of undertaking a construction project, or where all capital contributing shareholders make endorsement/ guarantee for their jointly invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentages, or where companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several security for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other, such Endorsements/Guarantees may be made free of the restriction of the preceding two paragraphs.

- 5.1.3 Capital contribution referred to in the preceding paragraph shall mean capital contribution directly by the public company, or through a company in which the public company holds 100% of the voting shares.
- 5.1.4 If endorsement guarantee' net value of less than half of contributed capital of the subsidiary, it should be clearly defined the relevant control measures.
- 5.1.5 "Subsidiary" and "parent company" as referred to in these Regulations shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Where a public company's financial reports are prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, "net value" in these Regulations means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

7. The amount of Endorsements/Guarantees:

5.2 The amount of Endorsements/Guarantees and the evaluation criteria:

the Article 15.2.
The original
Article 5.1.6
was moved to
the Article 4.1
and 4.2.

was moved to

The original
Article 5.2 was



<u>7.1</u> The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees:

7.1.1 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the individual companies of the Group shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the individual company of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.

7.1.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the Group shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.

<u>7.2</u> The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise:

7.2.1 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise provided by the individual companies of the Group shall not exceed 50% of the net value of the individual company of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.

7.2.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise provided by the Group and its Subsidiaries shall not exceed 50% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.

7.3 The Company directly and indirectly holds
100% of the voting shares of the Company
endorsed by each other to guarantee, and it is
possible to limit the net value of the latest
financial statements of the individual company to
100%.

8. Procedures for scrutinizing

The total aggregate amount of
Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the
Company and the total aggregate amount of
Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise
are subject to the following limits:
5.2.1 The total aggregate amount of

5.2.1.1 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the Company shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.

Endorsements/Guarantees:

5.2.1.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.
5.2.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise:

5.2.2.1 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise provided by the Company shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.
5.2.2.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise provided by the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.

re-edited to the Article 7, and adjusted the content.
Cut to a single enterprise is 50 percent.
Add Article 7.3 that 100% of the voting shares of the Company is limited to 100% of the net value.

5.4 Procedures for scrutinizing

The original



Endorsements/Guarantees and the evaluation criteria:

8.1 Any Endorsements/Guarantees to be provided by the individual companies of the Group shall be examined, evaluated, with a comment made, by the Authority Unit. The evaluation items shall be included:

8.1.1 The necessity and rationality of Endorsements/Guarantees.

<u>8.1.2</u> To evaluate the credit and risks of endorsed parties.

<u>8.1.3</u> To evaluate the impact on the Company's operation risks, financial condition and shareholders' equity.

<u>8.1.4</u> To evaluate the necessity to acquire collateral and appraisal of collateral.

8.2 When the individual companies of the Group handles the Endorsements/Guarantees, it shall be submitted by the Authority Unit, narrate the object of Endorsements/Guarantees, type, reason and amount of such matters, and with the assessment report of the preceding paragraph, after being approved by the chairman, then submit it to the board of directors for approval after passing the resolution. However, for the business needs, the chairman of the Company may be subject to the provisions of Article 7 of this procedure, and then reported to the recently meeting of the board of directors for ratification.

8.3 When the endorsement guarantees are handled between individual companies of the Group, the letter collection and rights are exempted.

8.4 If the individual company of the Group changes due to the circumstances and the object of the endorsement is not in compliance with the provisions of this procedure or the amount exceeds the limit, an improvement plan shall be formulated, and the relevant improvement plan shall be sent to the audit committee of the

Endorsements/Guarantees:

5.4.1 Any Endorsements/Guarantees to be provided by the Company shall be examined, evaluated, with a comment made, by the Authority Unit. The evaluation items shall be included:

5.4.1.1 The necessity and rationality of Endorsements/Guarantees.

5.4.1.2 To evaluate the credit and risks of endorsed parties.

5.4.1.3 To evaluate the impact on the Company's operation risks, financial condition and shareholders' equity.

5.4.1.4 To evaluate the necessity to acquire collateral and appraisal of collateral.

5.4.2 When the Company handles the Endorsements/Guarantees, it shall be submitted by the Authority Unit, narrate the object of Endorsements/Guarantees, type, reason and amount of such matters, and with the assessment report of the preceding paragraph, after being approved by the chairman, then submit it to the board of directors for approval after passing the resolution. However, for the business needs, the chairman of the board may be subject to the provisions of Article 5.2 of this procedure, and then reported to the recently meeting of the board of directors for ratification.

Article 5.4 was re-edited to the Article 8, and adjusted the content.

Added Article 8.3 to guarantee endorsements between individual companies of the Group. Added Article 8.4 due to changes in circumstances, and the endorsement guarantees that the object does not match or exceeds the time limit.



Company and the improvement shall be completed according to the planning schedule.		
 9. Procedures for use and custody of corporate chops: 9.1 The Company shall use the corporate chop registered with the Ministry of Economic Affairs as the dedicated chop for Endorsements/Guarantees. The chop shall be kept in the custody of a designated person approved by the board of directors and may be used to seal or issue negotiable instruments only in prescribed procedures. 9.2 When a foreign company or a foreign subsidiary is a guarantor, the guarantee letter issued shall be signed by the board of directors of the Company or the chairman or general manager of an individual company. 	5.5 Procedures for use and custody of corporate chops: The Company shall use the corporate chop registered with the Ministry of Economic Affairs as the dedicated chop for Endorsements/Guarantees. The chop shall be kept in the custody of a designated person approved by the board of directors and may be used to seal or issue negotiable instruments only in prescribed procedures. Endorsement ensured that the custodian of the seal according to the Company seal management approach. If a foreign company is a guarantor, the guaranty letter issued by the Company shall be signed by the chairman authorized by the board of directors.	The original Article 5.5 was re-edited to the Article 9, and adjusted the content and signed authorization requirements.
10. Hierarchy of decision-making authority and delegation thereof: 10.1 Before the individual companies of the Group make any Endorsements/Guarantees, the signing procedure shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of Article 8 of this procedure, and be passed by the audit committee and the board of directors of the Company. However, in order to comply with the statute of limitations, the board of directors of the Company can authorize the chairman of the Company to make	5.3 Hierarchy of decision-making authority and delegation thereof: 5.3.1 When the Company makes any Endorsements/Guarantees, the Finance Unit shall submit the evaluation results made in accordance with Article 5.4, along with comments and opinions provided by other related units, to the board of directors for approval. A pre-determined limit may be delegated to the Chairman by the board of directors to facilitate execution and such Endorsements/Guarantees shall be reported to the most coming board of	The original Article 5.3 was re-edited to the Article 10, and adjusted the content and signed authorization requirements.
a decision within the limits set by Article 7, and then submit it to the board of directors for the most recent period. 10.2 The individual companies of the Group handle for Endorsements/Guarantees as a result of business needs, the Article 7 limits have to be exceeded to accommodate business needs, a resolution of the board of directors should be obtained and over half of all the directors should jointly endorse the potential loss that may be	directors' meeting for ratification. The limit shall not exceed the amount that set in Article 5.2 of endorsement/ guarantee provided by the Company. 5.3.2 In case the above limits have to be exceeded to accommodate business needs, a resolution of the board of directors should be obtained and over half of all the directors should jointly endorse the potential loss that may be brought about by the excess of limits. The board	



brought about by the excess of limits. The board of directors of the Company should also revise the procedures and has it ratified at the shareholders' meeting of the Company. If the revised procedures are not ratified at the shareholders' meeting of the Company, the board of directors of the Company should furnish a plan containing a timetable to withdraw the excess portion.

10.3 In the discussion of the endorsement of the endorsement, the opinions of the independent directors should be fully considered and the reasons for their consent or objection and the reasons for objection should be included in the records of the board of directors.

of directors should also revise the procedures and has it ratified at the shareholders' meeting. If the revised procedures are not ratified at the shareholders' meeting, the board of directors should furnish a plan containing a timetable to withdraw the excess portion.

5.3.3 Where a public company has established the position of independent director, when it submits its Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to others for discussion by the board of directors under the preceding paragraph, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinion.

11. Announcement and reporting procedures:

11.1 The Company shall announce and report the previous month's balance of
Endorsements/Guarantees of the Group by the
10th day of each month from the Authority Unit.

11.2 The Group whose balance of Endorsements/Guarantees reaches one of the following levels shall announce and report such an event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence:

11.2.1 The aggregate balance of

Endorsements/Guarantees by the Group reaches 50% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

11.2.2 The balance of Endorsements/Guarantees by the Group for a single enterprise reaches 20% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

11.2.3 The balance of Endorsements/Guarantees by the Group for a single enterprise reaches

NT\$10 million more and the aggregate amount

5.6 Announcement and reporting procedures
5.6.1 The Company shall announce and report
the previous month's balance of
Endorsements/Guarantees of itself and its
subsidiaries by the 10th day of each month from
the Authority Unit. The called "announcement
and reporting" refers to the information website
designated by the FSC.
5.6.2 The Company whose balance of

following levels shall announce and report such an event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence: 5.6.2.1 The aggregate balance of Endorsements/Guarantees by the Company and its subsidiaries reaches 50% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

Endorsements/Guarantees reaches one of the

5.6.2.2 The balance of Endorsements/Guarantees by the Company and its subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches 20% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

5.6.2.3 The balance of Endorsements/Guarantees

The original
Article 5.6 was
re-edited to the
Article 11, and
adjusted the
content.

The original Article 5.6.1 was moved to the Article 4.3. The original Article 5.6.4 was deleted. The original Article 5.6.5 was moved to the Article 4.4.



of all Endorsements/Guarantees for, long-term investment in, and balance of loans to, such enterprise reaches 30% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

11.2.4 The amount of new
Endorsements/Guarantees made by the
individual companies of the Group reaches
NT\$30 million or more, and reaches 5% or more

Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

of the

11.3 The subsidiary of the Company is not a domestic public company. The subsidiary has Article 11.2.4 which should be announced and declared by the Company.

by the Company and its subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the aggregate amount of all Endorsements/Guarantees for, long-term investment in, and balance of loans to, such enterprise reaches 30% or more of Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently. 5.6.2.4 The amount of new Endorsements/Guarantees made by the Company

Endorsements/Guarantees made by the Company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and reaches 5% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

5.6.3 The public company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to paragraph 5.6.2.4.

5.6.4 The calculation of the balance of Endorsements/Guarantees balances in net assets of the aforesaid subsidiaries is based on the proportion of Endorsements/Guarantees balances of the subsidiaries in the latest net book value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.

5.6.5 "Date of occurrence" in these Regulations means the date of contract signing, date of payment, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterparty and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier.

12. An establishment of Endorsements/Guarantees Registration Form: The Authority Unit shall establish and maintain an Endorsements/Guarantees Registration Form for its Endorsements/Guarantees activities and

5.7 A preparation of a memorandum book
The Authority Unit shall establish and maintain a
memorandum book for its
Endorsements/Guarantees activities and record in
detail the following information for the record:

The original
Article 5.7 was
re-edited to the
Article 12, and
adjusted the



record in detail the following information for the	the entity for which the	content.
record: the entity for which the	Endorsements/Guarantees is made, the amount,	
Endorsements/Guarantees is made, the amount,	the date of passage by the board of directors or of	
the date of passage by the board of directors of	authorization by the Chairperson of the board,	
the Company or of authorization by the	the date the Endorsements/Guarantees is made,	
Chairman of the Company, the date the	and the matters to be carefully evaluated under	
Endorsements/Guarantees is made, and the	Article 5.2.	
matters to be carefully evaluated under Article 7.	Article 3.2.	
13. Internal audit	5.8 Internal audit	The minimal
		The original Article 5.8 was
The Company's internal auditors shall be at least	The Company's internal auditors shall perform	
quarterly perform auditing on the Procedures and	auditing on the Procedures and the	re-edited to the
the implementation of the Procedures regularly	implementation of the Procedures regularly and	Article 13, and
and produce written auditing reports. Should	produce written auditing reports. Should there be	because there
there be any violation found, a written report is	any violation found, a written report is needed to	are only
needed to notify every auditor in writing.	notify every auditor in writing.	personnel
		management
		rules, the words
		were corrected.
14. Penalty:	5.10 Penalty	The original
If the Group's relevant operators for	If the Company's relevant operators for	Article 5.10 was
endorsement/ guarantee violate the "Regulations	endorsement/ guarantee violate the "Regulations	re-edited to the
Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of	Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of	Article 14, and
Endorsement" or the relevant provisions of the	Endorsement" or the relevant provisions of the	because there
Procedures, it shall submit an assessment	Procedures, it shall submit an assessment	are only
according to the personnel management rules	according to the personnel management rules and	personnel
and working rules of the Company, and shall	working rules of the Company, and shall punish	management
punish the employees according to the	the employees according to the seriousness of the	rules, the words
seriousness of the circumstances.	circumstances.	were corrected.
15. Other matters	5.1.4 If endorsement guarantee' net value of less	The original
15.1 If endorsement guarantee' net value of less	than half of contributed capital of the subsidiary,	Article 5.11 was
than half of contributed capital of the subsidiary,	it should be clearly defined the relevant control	re-edited to the
it should be clearly defined the relevant control	measures.	Article 15.3, and
measures.		adjusted the
	5.1.5 In the case of a subsidiary with shares	content.
15.2 In the case of a subsidiary with shares	having no par value or a par value other than	The original
having no par value or a par value other than	NT\$10, for the paid-in capital in the calculation	Article 5.1.4
NT\$10, for the paid-in capital in the calculation	under subparagraph 11 of the preceding	was moved to
under Article 15.1 The sum of the share capital	paragraph, the sum of the share capital plus paid-	the Article 15.1.
plus paid-in capital in excess of par shall be	in capital in excess of par shall be substituted.	The original
substituted.		Article 5.1.5
Substituted.	5.11 Other matters	was moved to
15.3 When the individual companies of the	When the Company handles	the Article 15.2,
Group handle Endorsements/Guarantees, should	Endorsements/Guarantees, should assess or	and adjusted the



assess or recognize endorsement of the loss and	recognize endorsement of the loss and in the	content.
in the financial report, the	financial report, the Endorsements/Guarantees of	
Endorsements/Guarantees of appropriate	appropriate disclosure of information, and	
disclosure of information, and provide relevant	provide relevant information to the signature	
information to the signature accountants to carry	accountants to carry out the necessary checking	
out the necessary checking procedures.	procedures.	
15.4 If there are no matters mentioned in the		
Procedures, according to the relevant laws and		
regulations.		
16. Implementation:	5.13 Implementation	The original
This procedure shall be approved by the audit	This procedure is approved by the board of	Article 5.13 was
committee of the Company and approved by the	directors and submitted to the shareholders after	moved to the
board of directors, and then submitted to the	the consent of the implementation, it is the same	Article 16, and
shareholders after the consent of the	with the amendment.	in accordance
implementation, it is the same with the		with the
amendment.		establishment of
		the audit
		committee,
		amended the
		supervisor's
		regulations
17. Related documents and forms:	6. Related documents and forms:	The original
17.1 Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds	6.1 Operational Procedures for	Article 6 was re-
and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by	Endorsements/Guarantees Implementation	edited to the
Public Companies	6.2 Endorsements/Guarantees Application	Article 17, and
17.2 Matters of Endorsements/Guarantees	6.3 Endorsements/Guarantees Registration Form	adjusted the
Application		content.
		Deleted Article
		6.1 Operational
		Procedures and
		Article 6.3
		Registration
		Form



Appendix VIII: The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets

MetaTech Group (The Company and its subsidiaries)

The Comparison Table of Amendments of Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets

Amended article	The original article	Description
1. Purpose:	Art. 1	Used the Arabic
For the purposes of obtaining or disposing of the	For the purposes of obtaining or disposing of the	numerals and
assets of the Company and its subsidiaries (All	assets of the Company and its subsidiaries	adjusted the
collectively referred to as "the Group"), in	(hereinafter referred to as the "Group"), in	content.
accordance with Article 36-1 of the Securities	accordance with Article 36-1 of the Securities	
and Exchange Articles (hereinafter referred to as	and Exchange Articles (hereinafter referred to as	
the "Articles") and the announcement of the	the "Articles") and the announcement of the	
Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter	Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter	
referred to as the FSC), this Procedure is set out	referred to as the FSC), this Procedure is set out	
in the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition	in the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition	
and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies"	and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies"	
(hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations").	(hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations").	
2. Scope: The acquisition or disposal of assets	Art. 2	modified the
by the individual companies of the Group shall	The acquisition or disposal of assets by the	content
be handled in accordance with the provisions of	Group shall be handled in accordance with the	
this procedure. However, if the provisions of	provisions of these Procedures. But other laws	
this Code or the procedures are different from	and regulations are stipulated for others, follow	
the laws and regulations of the location of the	its provisions.	
subsidiary, the local laws and regulations shall		
be applied first.		
3. Scope of assets application:	Art. 3	adjusted the
3.1 Investments in stocks, government bonds,	The term "assets" as used in the Regulations	content
corporate bonds, financial bonds, securities	includes the following:	
representing interest in a fund, depositary	1. Investments in stocks, government bonds,	
receipts, call (put) warrants, beneficial interest	corporate bonds, financial bonds, securities	
securities, and asset-backed securities.	representing interest in a fund, depositary	
3.2 Real property (including land, houses and	receipts, call (put) warrants, beneficial interest	
buildings, investment property, rights to use	securities, and asset-backed securities.	
land, and construction enterprise inventory) and	2. Real property (including land, houses and	
equipment.	buildings, investment property, rights to use	
3.3 Memberships.	land, and construction enterprise inventory) and	
3.4 Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchise	equipment.	
rights, and other intangible assets.	3. Memberships.	
3.5 Claims of financial institutions (including	4. Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchise	



receivables, bills purchased and discounted, rights, and other intangible assets. loans, and overdue receivables). 5. Claims of financial institutions (including 3.6 Derivatives. receivables, bills purchased and discounted, 3.7 Assets acquired or disposed of in connection loans, and overdue receivables). with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or 6. Derivatives. transfer of shares in accordance with law. 7. Assets acquired or disposed of in connection 3.8 Other major assets. with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law. 8. Other major assets. The original 4. Power and responsibility: Art. 3-1 <u>4.1</u> The authority units for operations such as This procedure is as follows: Article 3-1 was moved to the obtaining, recording, managing and disposing of 1. The authority units for operations such as securities, are the same with "Investment obtaining, recording, managing and disposing of Article 4 securities, are the same with "Investment Cycles". 4.2 For the fixed assets, immovable property Cycles". rights, purchasing cycle and custody of cost 2. For the fixed assets, immovable property assets and custody of idle assets, the authority rights, purchasing cycle and custody of cost units are required to "recycles of real estate, assets and custody of idle assets, the authority plant and equipment". units are required to "recycles of real estate, 4.3 The authority units of use and custody of plant and equipment". seal and blank check shall be the same as "Seal 3. The authority units of use and custody of seal Management Operation" and "Receipt and blank check shall be the same as "Seal Management Operation" respectively. Management Operation" and "Receipt Management Operation" respectively. 4.4 The use of passbook management, passbook protection and storage: By the financial unit. 4. The use of passbook management, passbook 4.5 About deposit management: By the protection and storage: By the financial unit. accounting unit. 5. About deposit management: By the accounting unit. 5. Definition: Art. 4 The original Terms used in these Regulations are defined as Article 4 was 5.1 Derivatives: moved to the Forward contracts, options contracts, futures follows: Article 5, and contracts, leverage contracts, and swap 1. Derivatives: adjusted the contracts, and compound contracts combining Forward contracts, options contracts, futures the above products, whose value is derived from contracts, leverage contracts, and swap content. assets, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, contracts, and compound contracts combining indexes or other interests. The term "forward the above products, whose value is derived from contracts" does not include insurance contracts, assets, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, indexes or other interests. The term "forward performance contracts, after-sales service contracts" does not include insurance contracts, contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or longperformance contracts, after-sales service term purchase (sales) agreements. 5.2 Assets acquired or disposed through contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or longmergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of term purchase (sales) agreements. shares in accordance with law: 2. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers,



Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to transfer of shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefor (hereinafter "transfer of shares") under Article 156, paragraph 8 of the Company Act.

5.3 Related party or subsidiary:

Follow as defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

5.4 Professional appraiser:

Refer to a real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by law to engage in the value appraisal of real property or equipment.

5.5 Date of occurrence:

Refer to the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided, for investment for which approval of the competent authority is required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the competent authority shall apply.

5.6 Mainland China area investment:

Refer to investments in the mainland China area approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission or conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations Governing Permission for Investment or Technical Cooperation in the Mainland Area.

5. The individual companies of the Group obtained Professional appraisers and their officiers; certified public accounts, attorneys, and securities underwriters that provide public

demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law:

Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to transfer of shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefor (hereinafter "transfer of shares") under Article 156, paragraph 8 of the Company Act.

 Related party or subsidiary:
 Follow as defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

4. Professional appraiser:

Refer to a real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by law to engage in the value appraisal of real property or equipment.

5. Date of occurrence:

Refer to the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided, for investment for which approval of the competent authority is required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the competent authority shall apply.

Refer to investments in the mainland China area approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission or conducted in accordance with the provisions of the

Regulations Governing Permission for Investment or Technical Cooperation in the

6. Mainland China area investment:

Mainland Area.

Art. 5
The Group obtained Professional appraisers and their officiers; certified public accounts,

attorneys, and securities underwriters that

adjusted the content



companies with appraisal reports, certified public accountant's opinions, attorney's opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall not be a related party of any party to the transaction.

6. If the individual companies of the Group

provide public companies with appraisal reports, certified public accountant's opinions, attorney's opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall not be a related party of any party to the transaction.

he individual companies of the Group

obtain or dispose of assets in accordance with the procedures or other laws that should be approved by the board of directors of the Company, it should fully consider the opinions of independent directors. If the independent directors have objections or reservations, they should be stated in the minutes of the board of directors. Major assets or derivative commodity transactions shall be approved by more than one-half of all members of the audit committee of the Company, and be decided by the board of directors. If more than one-half of the members of the audit committee agree, more than twothirds of all directors may agree to do so, and the resolutions of the audit committee shall be stated in the minutes of the board meeting. All members of the Audit Committee and all

Art. 8

The Group acquires or disposes of assets in accordance with the prescribed procedures or other legal requirements and significant assets or derivatives transactions shall be approved by more than half of all audit committee members and submitted to the board of directors for a resolution, and submitted to the board of directors for a resolution, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

The original Article 8 was moved to the Article 6, and adjusted the content.

<u>7.</u> Acquisition or disposal of real property and equipment:

directors are referred to as the actual incumbent.

7.1 The individual companies of the Group acquires or disposes of real property or equipment where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent of the individual company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the individual company, unless transacting with a government agency, engaging others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment for business use, shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the date of occurrence of the event from a professional appraiser and shall further comply with the following provisions:

1. Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the board

Art. 9

The Group acquires or disposes of real property or equipment where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company, unless transacting with a government agency, engaging others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment for business use, shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the date of occurrence of the event from a professional appraiser and shall further comply with the following provisions:

1. Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the board of directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and

The original
Article 9 was
moved to the
Article 7, and
adjusted the
content.

The original
Article 9-1 was
moved to the
Article 7.2, and
adjusted the
content.

The original Article 9-2 was moved to the Article 7.3, and



of directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and conditions of the transaction.

- 2. Where the transaction amount is NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from two or more professional appraisers shall be obtained.
- 3. Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF) and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price: A. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- B. The discrepancy between the appraisal results of two or more professional appraisers is 10 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- 4. No more than 3 months may elapse between the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and the contract execution date; provided, where the publicly announced current value for the same period is used and not more than 6 months have elapsed, an opinion may still be issued by the original professional appraiser.
- 7.2 When the individual companies of the Group acquire or dispose of real estate, plant and equipment with the transaction amount below NT \$ 30 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and checked against the latest board of directors; Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the

conditions of the transaction.

- Where the transaction amount is NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from two or more professional appraisers shall be obtained.
- 3. Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF) and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price: A. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- B. The discrepancy between the appraisal results of two or more professional appraisers is 10 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- 4. No more than 3 months may elapse between the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and the contract execution date; provided, where the publicly announced current value for the same period is used and not more than 6 months have elapsed, an opinion may still be issued by the original professional appraiser.

Art. 9-1 Authorization amount and level When the Group acquires or disposes of real estate, plant and equipment with the transaction amount below NT \$ 30 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and checked against the latest board of directors; Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

adjusted the content.



resolution of the board of directors, start it.

7.3 The individual companies of the Group acquires or disposes of real estate, plant and equipment in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group's internal control system for the real estate, plant and equipment recycling.

Art. 9-2 Transaction process

The Group acquires or disposes of real estate, plant and equipment in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group's internal control system for the real estate, plant and equipment recycling.

8. Acquisition or disposal of securities:

8.1 The individual companies of the Group acquiring or disposing of securities shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, obtain financial statements of the issuing company for the most recent period, certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant, for reference in appraising the transaction price, and if the dollar amount of the transaction is 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company shall additionally engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use the report of an expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

Art. 10

The Group acquiring or disposing of securities shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, obtain financial statements of the issuing company for the most recent period, certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant, for reference in appraising the transaction price, and if the dollar amount of the transaction is 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company shall additionally engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use the report of an expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

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Article 10 was
moved to the
Article 8, and
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content.

Article 10-1 was moved to the Article 8.2, and adjusted the content.

The original

8.2 Authorization amount and level
8.2.1 Obtain or dispose of securities that are traded on a market place of centralized exchange or a place of business of a securities firm, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 30 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the Company and be submitted to the latest board of directors of the Company for verification afterwards;

Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the

resolution of the Company, start it.

Art. 10-1 Authorization amount and level
1. Obtain or dispose of securities that are traded
on a market place of centralized exchange or a
place of business of a securities firm, if the
transaction amount is less than NT \$ 30 million
(inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman
of the board of directors and be submitted to the
latest board of directors for verification
afterwards;
Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the

resolution of the board of directors, start it.

2. Obtain or dispose of securities that are traded

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Article 10-2 was
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8.2.2 Obtain or dispose of securities that are traded on a market place of centralized exchange or a place of business of a securities firm, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 20 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the Company and be submitted to the latest board of directors of the Company for verification afterwards;

Exceed NT \$ 20 million, after passing by the resolution of <u>the Company</u>, start it.

8.3 Transaction process

The individual companies of the Group acquire or dispose of securities in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group's internal control system for the investment recycling.

- <u>9.</u> Acquisition or disposition of membership card or intangible assets:
- 9.1 The individual companies of the Group acquire or dispose of memberships or intangible assets and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more of the individual company, except in transactions with a government agency, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price; the CPA shall comply with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF.
- 9.2 Authorization amount and level
 9.2.1 Obtain or dispose of membership card, if
 the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 3
 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the
 chairman of the board of directors and be
 submitted to the latest board of directors for
 verification afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 3 million,
 after passing by the resolution of the board of
 directors, start it.

<u>9.2.2</u> Obtain or dispose of intangible assets, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 30

on a market place of centralized exchange or a place of business of a securities firm, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 20 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification afterwards;

Exceed NT \$ 20 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

Art. 10-2 Transaction process

The Group acquires or disposes of securities in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group's internal control system for the investment recycling.

Art. 11

The Group acquires or disposes of memberships or intangible assets and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, except in transactions with a government agency, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price; the CPA shall comply with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF.

Art. 11-2 Authorization amount and level
1. Obtain or dispose of membership card, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 3 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 3 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

2. Obtain or dispose of intangible assets, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 30 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification

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Article 9, and
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The original
Article 11-2 was
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Article 9.2, and
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The original
Article 11-3 was
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Art. 11-1

Art. 12

Art. 13

million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

9.3 The individual companies of the Group acquire or dispose of membership card or intangible assets in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group.

9.4 Article 7.1, Article 8.1, Article 9.1 calculation of the amount of the transaction shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of Article 16.1.7 and the said one year is retroactively estimated on the basis of the date of occurrence of this transaction for one year and a valuation report issued by a professional appraiser in accordance with the Principles has been obtained or the part of the accountant's opinion is not re-enrolled.

10. The individual companies of the Group acquires or disposes of assets through court auction procedures, the evidentiary documentation issued by the court may be substituted for the appraisal report or CPA opinion.

11. Relationship transaction evaluation and operating procedures:

11.1 When the individual companies of the Group engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions of Article 7- Article 12 are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the individual company's total assets, the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with the provisions of the preceding Section and this Section.

afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

Art. 11-3 Transaction process The Group acquires or disposes of membership card or intangible assets in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group.

Article 9, Article 10, Article 11 calculation of accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2 of Article 30 and the said one year is retroactively estimated on the basis of the date of occurrence of this transaction for one year and a valuation report issued by a professional appraiser in accordance with the Principles has been obtained or the part of the accountant's opinion is not re-enrolled.

the amount of the transaction shall be handled in

The Group acquires or disposes of assets through court auction procedures, the evidentiary documentation issued by the court may be substituted for the appraisal report or CPA opinion.

When the Group engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with the provisions of the preceding Section and this Section. The calculation of the transaction amount referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be

made in accordance with Article 11-1 herein.

Article 9.3, and adjusted the content.

The original Article 11-1 was moved to the Article 9.4, and adjusted the content.

The original Article 12 was moved to the Article 10, and adjusted the content.

The original Article 13 was moved to the Article 11, and adjusted the content.

The original Article 14-1 was moved to the Article 11.2, and



The calculation of the transaction amount referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Article 11-1 herein. When judging whether a trading counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered.

11.2 The individual companies of the Group intend to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when them intend to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the individual company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the board of directors and recognized by the supervisors:

11.2.1 The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefit of the acquisition or disposal of assets.

11.2.2 The reason for choosing the related party as a trading counterparty.

11.2.3 With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with Article 12.1 - Article 12.5.

11.2.4 The date and price at which the related party originally acquired the real property, the original trading counterparty, and that trading counterparty's relationship to the individual company and the related party.

11.2.5 Monthly cash flow forecasts for the year commencing from the anticipated month of signing of the contract, and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction, and reasonableness

When judging whether a trading counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered.

Art. 14

The Group intends to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the board of directors and recognized by the supervisors:

- 1. The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefit of the acquisition or disposal of assets.
- 2. The reason for choosing the related party as a trading counterparty.
- 3. With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with Article 15 and Article 16.
- 4. The date and price at which the related party originally acquired the real property, the original trading counterparty, and that trading counterparty's relationship to the company and the related party.
- 5. Monthly cash flow forecasts for the year commencing from the anticipated month of signing of the contract, and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction, and reasonableness of the funds utilization.
- 6. An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in

adjusted the content.

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Article 11.4, and
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The original
Article 14-5 was
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of the funds utilization.

11.2.6 An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with the Article 11.1.

<u>11.2.7</u> The restrictions and other important matters of this transaction.

11.3 The calculation of the transaction amounts referred to in the Article 11.2 shall be made in accordance with Article 16.1.7, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been approved by the board of directors of the Company and recognized by the supervisors need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

11.4 With respect to the acquisition or disposal of business-use equipment between the individual companies of the Group, the board of directors may pursuant to Article 7.2, Article 8.2, Article 9.2 delegate the board chairman of the Company to decide such matters when the transaction is within a certain amount and have the decisions subsequently submitted to and ratified by the next board of directors meeting.

11.5 When reporting to the Audit Committee of the Company in accordance with Article 11.2, if more than one-half of the members of the Audit Committee have not agreed, more than two-thirds of all directors may agree to do so.

The resolutions of the Audit Committee shall be stated in the proceedings of the Board of Directors.

12. Evaluating the reasonableness of transaction costs of related parties:

12.1 The individual companies of the Group acquires real property from a related party shall evaluate the reasonableness of the transaction costs by the following means:

12.1.1 Based upon the related party's transaction

compliance with the preceding article.

7. Restrictive covenants and other important stipulations associated with the transaction. The calculation of the transaction amounts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Article 30, paragraph 2 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been approved by the board of directors and recognized by the supervisors need not be counted toward the transaction amount. With respect to the acquisition or disposal of business-use equipment between the Group and its parent or subsidiaries, the board of directors may pursuant to Article 7, paragraph 1, subparagraph 3 delegate the board chairman to decide such matters when the transaction is within a certain amount and have the decisions subsequently submitted to and ratified by the next board of directors meeting. Where the position of independent director has been created in accordance with the provisions

been created in accordance with the provisions of the Act, when a matter is submitted for discussion by the board of directors pursuant to paragraph 1, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

content.

Art. 15

The Group acquires real property from a related party shall evaluate the reasonableness of the transaction costs by the following means:

1. Based upon the related party's transaction price plus necessary interest on funding and the

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price plus necessary interest on funding and the costs to be duly borne by the buyer. "Necessary interest on funding" is imputed as the weighted average interest rate on borrowing in the year the company purchases the property; provided, it may not be higher than the maximum non-financial industry lending rate announced by the Ministry of Finance.

12.1.2 Total loan value appraisal from a financial institution where the related party has previously created a mortgage on the property as security for a loan; provided, the actual cumulative amount loaned by the financial institution shall have been 70 percent or more of the financial institution's appraised loan value of the property and the period of the loan shall have been 1 year or more. However, this shall not apply where the financial institution is a related party of one of the trading counterparties.

12.2 Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased in one transaction; the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the Article 12.1.

12.3 The individual companies of the Group acquire real property from a related party and appraise the cost of the real property in accordance with Article12.1 and Article12.2 shall also engage a CPA to check the appraisal and render a specific opinion.

12.4 Where the individual companies of the Group acquire real property from a related party and one of the following circumstances exists, the acquisition shall be conducted in accordance with the Article 11.2-Article 11.5 but the Article 12.1- Article 12.3 do not apply:

12.4.1 The related party acquired the real property through inheritance or as a gift.12.4.2 More than 5 years will have elapsed from the time the related party signed the contract to

costs to be duly borne by the buyer. "Necessary interest on funding" is imputed as the weighted average interest rate on borrowing in the year the company purchases the property; provided, it may not be higher than the maximum nonfinancial industry lending rate announced by the Ministry of Finance.

2. Total loan value appraisal from a financial institution where the related party has previously created a mortgage on the property as security for a loan; provided, the actual cumulative amount loaned by the financial institution shall have been 70 percent or more of the financial institution's appraised loan value of the property and the period of the loan shall have been 1 year or more. However, this shall not apply where the financial institution is a related party of one of the trading counterparties.

Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased in one transaction; the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the preceding paragraph.

The Group acquires real property from a related party and appraises the cost of the real property in accordance with paragraph 1 and paragraph 2 shall also engage a CPA to check the appraisal and render a specific opinion.

Where the Group acquires real property from a related party and one of the following circumstances exists, the acquisition shall be conducted in accordance with Article 14 and the preceding three paragraphs do not apply:

- 1. The related party acquired the real property through inheritance or as a gift.
- 2. More than 5 years will have elapsed from the time the related party signed the contract to obtain the real property to the signing date for the current transaction.

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Article 12.2, and
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The original
Article 15-3 was
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Article 12.3, and
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The original
Article 15-4 was
moved to the
Article 12.4, and
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Article 16 was
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obtain the real property to the signing date for the current transaction.

12.4.3 The real property is acquired through signing of a joint development contract with the related party, or through engaging a related party to build real property, either on the Company's own land or on rented land.

12.5 When the results of the individual companies of the Group's appraisal conducted in accordance with the Article 12.1 and Article 12.2 are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with Article 12.6. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a CPA have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply:

12.5.1 Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions: 12.5.1.1 Where undeveloped land is appraised in accordance with the means in the preceding Article 12.1, and structures according to the related party's construction cost plus reasonable construction profit are valued in excess of the actual transaction price. The "Reasonable construction profit" shall be deemed the average gross operating profit margin of the related party's construction division over the most recent 3 years or the gross profit margin for the construction industry for the most recent period as announced by the Ministry of Finance, whichever is lower.

12.5.1.2 Completed transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after

3. The real property is acquired through signing of a joint development contract with the related party, or through engaging a related party to build real property, either on the company's own land or on rented land.

Art. 16

When the results of the Group's appraisal conducted in accordance with paragraph 1 and paragraph 2 of the preceding Article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with Article 17. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a CPA have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply:

1. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:

A. Where undeveloped land is appraised in accordance with the means in the preceding Article, and structures according to the related party's construction cost plus reasonable construction profit are valued in excess of the actual transaction price. The "Reasonable construction profit" shall be deemed the average gross operating profit margin of the related party's construction division over the most recent 3 years or the gross profit margin for the construction industry for the most recent period as announced by the Ministry of Finance, whichever is lower.

B. Completed transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property

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calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market practices.

12.5.1.3 Completed leasing transactions by unrelated parties for other floors of the same property from within the preceding year, where the transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies among floors in accordance with standard property leasing market practices.

12.5.2 Where an individual company acquiring real property from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transaction are similar to the terms of transactions completed for the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. 12.5.3 Completed transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land in the Article 12.5.1 and Article 12.5.2 in principle refers to parcels on the same or an adjacent block and within a distance of no more than 500 meters or parcels close in publicly announced current value; transaction for similarly sized parcels in principle refers to transactions completed by unrelated parties for parcels with a land area of no less than 50 percent of the property in the planned transaction; within the preceding year refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the acquisition of the real property.

12.6 Where the individual companies of the Group acquire real property from a related party and the results of appraisals conducted in accordance with Article 12.1 - Article 12.5 are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the following steps shall be taken:

12.6.1 A special reserve shall be set aside in accordance with Article 41, paragraph 1 of the Act against the difference between the real property transaction price and the appraised cost, and may not be distributed or used for capital increase or issuance of bonus shares.

market practices.

C. Completed leasing transactions by unrelated parties for other floors of the same property from within the preceding year, where the transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies among floors in accordance with standard property leasing market practices.

2. Where a public company acquiring real property from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transaction are similar to the terms of transactions completed for the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Completed transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land in the preceding paragraph in principle refers to parcels on the same or an adjacent block and within a distance of no more than 500 meters or parcels close in publicly announced current value; transaction for similarly sized parcels in principle refers to transactions completed by unrelated parties for parcels with a land area of no less than 50 percent of the property in the planned transaction; within the preceding year refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the acquisition of the real property.

Art. 17

Where the Group acquires real property from a related party and the results of appraisals conducted in accordance with Article 15 and Article 16 are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the following steps shall be taken:

1. A special reserve shall be set aside in accordance with Article 41, paragraph 1 of the Act against the difference between the real property transaction price and the appraised cost, and may not be distributed or used for capital increase or issuance of bonus shares.



Where a public company uses the equity method to account for its investment in another company, then the special reserve called for under Article 41, paragraph of the Act shall be set aside pro rata in a proportion consistent with the share of public company's equity stake in the other company.

12.6.2 Supervisors shall comply with Article 218 of the Company Act.

12.6.3 Actions taken pursuant to <u>Article 12.6.1</u> and <u>Article 12.6.2</u> shall be reported to a shareholders meeting, and the details of the transaction shall be disclosed in the annual report and any investment prospectus.

12.7 The individual companies of the Group that have set aside a special reserve under the Article 12.6 may not utilize the special reserve until it has recognized a loss on decline in market value of the assets it purchased at a premium, or they have been disposed of, or adequate compensation has been made, or the status quo ante has been restored, or there is other evidence confirming that there was nothing unreasonable about the transaction, and the FSC has given its consent.

12.8 When the individual companies of the Group obtain real property from a related party, it shall also comply with the Article 12.6 and Article 12.7 if there is other evidence indicating that the acquisition was not an arm's length transaction.

13. Engaged in derivative commodity trading:

13.1 The individual companies of the Group
engaging in derivatives trading shall pay strict
attention to control of the following important
risk management and auditing matters, and
incorporate them into their Procedures:

13.1.1 Trading principles and strategies: Shall
include the types of derivatives that may be
traded, operating or hedging strategies,
segregation of duties, essentials of performance
evaluation, total amount of derivatives contracts
that may be traded, and the maximum loss limit

Where a public company uses the equity method to account for its investment in another company, then the special reserve called for under Article 41, paragraph of the Act shall be set aside pro rata in a proportion consistent with the share of public company's equity stake in the other company.

- 2. Supervisors shall comply with Article 218 of the Company Act.
- 3. Actions taken pursuant to subparagraph 1 and subparagraph 2 shall be reported to a shareholders meeting, and the details of the transaction shall be disclosed in the annual report and any investment prospectus.

The Group that has set aside a special reserve under the preceding paragraph may not utilize the special reserve until it has recognized a loss on decline in market value of the assets it purchased at a premium, or they have been disposed of, or adequate compensation has been made, or the status quo ante has been restored, or there is other evidence confirming that there was nothing unreasonable about the transaction, and the FSC has given its consent.

When the Company obtains real property from a related party, it shall also comply with the preceding two paragraphs if there is other evidence indicating that the acquisition was not an arm's length transaction.

Art. 18

The Group engaging in derivatives trading shall pay strict attention to control of the following important risk management and auditing matters, and incorporate them into their Procedures:

1. Trading principles and strategies: Shall include the types of derivatives that may be traded, operating or hedging strategies, segregation of duties, essentials of performance evaluation, total amount of derivatives contracts that may be traded, and the maximum loss limit

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Article 18 was
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Article 13.1, and
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content.



on total trading and for individual contracts.

- 13.1.2 Risk management measures.
- 13.1.3 Internal audit system.
- <u>13.1.4</u> Regular evaluation methods and the handling of irregular circumstances.
- 13.2 The individual companies of the Group engaging in derivatives trading shall adopt the following risk management measures:
- 13.2.1 Risk management shall address credit, market, liquidity, cash flow, operational, and legal risks.
- 13.2.2 Personnel engaged in derivatives trading may not serve concurrently in other operations such as confirmation and settlement.
- 13.2.3 Risk measurement, monitoring, and control personnel shall be assigned to a different department that the personnel in the preceding subparagraph and shall report to the board of directors or senior management personnel with no responsibility for trading or position decision-making.
- 13.2.4 Derivatives trading positions held shall be evaluated at least once per week; however, positions for hedge trades required by business shall be evaluated at least twice per month. Evaluation reports shall be submitted to senior management personnel authorized by the board of directors of the Company.
- 13.2.5 Other important risk management measures.
- 13.3 The individual companies of the Group engaging in derivatives trading, its board of directors shall faithfully supervise and manage such trading in accordance with the following principles:
- 13.3.1 Designate senior management personnel to pay continuous attention to monitoring and controlling derivatives trading risk.
- 13.3.2 Periodically evaluate whether derivatives trading performance is consistent with established operational strategy and whether the

on total trading and for individual contracts.

- 2. Risk management measures.
- 3. Internal audit system.
- 4. Regular evaluation methods and the handling of irregular circumstances.

Art. 19

The Group engaging in derivatives trading shall adopt the following risk management measures:

- Risk management shall address credit, market, liquidity, cash flow, operational, and legal risks.
- 2. Personnel engaged in derivatives trading may not serve concurrently in other operations such as confirmation and settlement.
- 3. Risk measurement, monitoring, and control personnel shall be assigned to a different department that the personnel in the preceding subparagraph and shall report to the board of directors or senior management personnel with no responsibility for trading or position decision-making.
- 4. Derivatives trading positions held shall be evaluated at least once per week; however, positions for hedge trades required by business shall be evaluated at least twice per month. Evaluation reports shall be submitted to senior management personnel authorized by the board of directors.
- 5. Other important risk management measures.

Art. 20

The Group engaging in derivatives trading, its board of directors shall faithfully supervise and manage such trading in accordance with the following principles:

- Designate senior management personnel to pay continuous attention to monitoring and controlling derivatives trading risk.
- 2. Periodically evaluate whether derivatives trading performance is consistent with established operational strategy and whether the risk undertaken is within the company's

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Article 20-2 was
moved to the
Article 13.4, and
adjusted the
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The original Article 20-3 was moved to the Article 13.5, and adjusted the content.



risk undertaken is within the company's permitted scope of tolerance.

<u>13.4</u> Senior management personnel authorized by the board of directors <u>of the Company</u> shall manage derivatives trading in accordance with the following principles:

13.4.1 Periodically evaluate the risk management measures currently employed are appropriate and are faithfully conducted in accordance with these Regulations and the procedures for engaging in derivatives trading formulated by the company.

13.4.2 When irregular circumstances are found in the course of supervising trading and profit-loss circumstances, appropriate measures shall be adopted and a report immediately made to the board of directors of the Company; where a company has independent directors, an independent director shall be present at the meeting and express an opinion.

13.5 The individual companies of the Group shall report to the soonest meeting of the board of directors of the Company after it authorizes the relevant personnel to handle derivatives trading in accordance with its Procedures for Engaging in Derivatives Trading.

13.6 The individual companies of the Group engaging in derivatives trading shall establish a log book in which details of the types and amounts of derivatives trading engaged in, board of directors approval dates, and the matters required to be carefully evaluated under Article

13.2.4, Article 13.3.2 and Article 13.4.1 shall be recorded in detail in the log book.

13.7 The Company's internal audit personnel shall periodically make a determination of the suitability of internal controls on derivatives and conduct a monthly audit of how faithfully derivatives' trading by the trading department adheres to the procedures for engaging in derivatives trading, and prepare an audit report.

permitted scope of tolerance.

Senior management personnel authorized by the board of directors shall manage derivatives trading in accordance with the following principles:

A. Periodically evaluate the risk management measures currently employed are appropriate and are faithfully conducted in accordance with these Regulations and the procedures for engaging in derivatives trading formulated by the company.

B. When irregular circumstances are found in the course of supervising trading and profit-loss circumstances, appropriate measures shall be adopted and a report immediately made to the board of directors; where a company has independent directors, an independent director shall be present at the meeting and express an opinion. The Company shall report to the soonest meeting of the board of directors after it authorizes the relevant personnel to handle derivatives trading in accordance with its Procedures for Engaging in Derivatives Trading.

Art. 21

The Group engaging in derivatives trading shall establish a log book in which details of the types and amounts of derivatives trading engaged in, board of directors approval dates, and the matters required to be carefully evaluated under subparagraph 4 of Article 19 and subparagraph 2 of paragraph 1, and subparagraph 1 of paragraph 2, of Article 20 shall be recorded in detail in the log book.

The Group's internal audit personnel shall periodically make a determination of the suitability of internal controls on derivatives and conduct a monthly audit of how faithfully derivatives trading by the trading department adheres to the procedures for engaging in derivatives trading, and prepare an audit report. If any material violation is discovered, all

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content.

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If any material violation is discovered, all supervisors shall be notified in writing.

14. Commodity derivatives trading principles and guidelines:

14.1 Transaction type

14.1.1 Derivative financial commodities that the individual companies of the Group engage in are those contracts whose value is derived from commodities such as assets, interest rates, exchange rates, indices or other benefits (such as forward contracts, options, futures, interests or exchange rates).

14.1.2 The individual companies of the Group have to engage in derivative product categories. At present, it is mainly for the purpose of avoiding the exchange rate and interest rate risk arising from the business operations of the Company. For the remaining derivative products, if the transaction requires, shall be approved by the board of directors.

14.2 Business or hedging strategy:

14.2.1 The individual companies of the Group engage in the trading of derivative products. For the purpose of avoiding risks, the trading commodities should be chosen to avoid the risks arising from the business operation of the Company.

14.2.2 The individual companies of the Group engage in derivatives transactions with trading partners should choose financial institutions with better selection conditions based on the operational needs of the Company to avoid generating credit risk.

14.3 Division of authority:

14.3.1 Financial unit:

14.3.1.1 Responsible for the operation of commodity futures trading strategy.

14.3.1.2 Traders should regularly calculate the site every two weeks, collect market information, make trend judgments and risk

supervisors shall be notified in writing.

Art. 21-1

The Group obtains or disposes of the evaluation and operating procedures of derivative products. The trading principles and guidelines

1. Transaction type

A. Derivative financial commodities that the Group engages in are those contracts whose value is derived from commodities such as assets, interest rates, exchange rates, indices or other benefits (such as forward contracts, options, futures, interests or exchange rates).

- B. The Group has to engage in derivative product categories. At present, it is mainly for the purpose of avoiding the exchange rate and interest rate risk arising from the business operations of the Company. For the remaining derivative products, if the transaction requires, shall be approved by the board of directors.
- 2. Business or hedging strategy
- A. The Group engages in the trading of derivative products. For the purpose of avoiding risks, the trading commodities should be chosen to avoid the risks arising from the business operation of the Company.
- B. The Group engages in derivatives transactions with trading partners should choose financial institutions with better selection conditions based on the operational needs of the Company to avoid generating credit risk.
- 3. Division of authority
- A. Financial unit
- (1) Responsible for the operation of commodity futures trading strategy.
- (2) Traders should regularly calculate the site every two weeks, collect market information, make trend judgments and risk assessment, and formulate operational strategies, which are subject to the transaction after being approved by the authority unit.

(3) According to the authorization limit and the

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moved to the
Article 14, and
adjusted the
content.



assessment, and formulate operational strategies, which are subject to the transaction after being approved by the authority unit.

14.3.1.3 According to the authorization limit and the fixed strategy to execute the transaction.
14.3.2 Accounting unit:

Be responsible for derivative transactions of goods accounting, accounting statements, and regular information summary and other matters.

<u>14.3.3</u> Audit unit:

Be responsible for understanding the separation of duties, operational procedures and other internal control of the legitimacy, and check the transaction unit of the handling Procedures for compliance.

<u>14.3.4</u> The authority limit of derivative financial products:

<u>14.3.4.1</u> The approval of the hedging transaction:

Level	The amount of each contract
Chairman	Over USD \$ 2,000,000↑
Director	USD \$ 2,000,000↓

<u>14.3.4.2</u> It needs to be submitted to the board of directors' resolution passed for other special-purpose transactions.

14.4 Grade evaluation:

14.4.1 The hedging transaction:

14.4.1.1 The basis of the performance evaluation is the profit and loss between the exchange rate cost on the book of the company and the transaction in the derivative financial products.

14.4.1.2 In order to know and express the evaluation risk of the transaction fully, the individual companies of the Group adopt the monthly evaluation method to evaluate the profit and loss.

14.4.1.3 The financial unit should provide the evaluation of the foreign exchange position and the trend of the foreign exchange market and market analysis to the competent authority and

fixed strategy to execute the transaction.

B. Accounting unit

Be responsible for derivative transactions of goods accounting, accounting statements, and regular information summary and other matters.

C. Audit unit

Be responsible for understanding the separation of duties, operational procedures and other internal control of the legitimacy, and check the transaction unit of the handling Procedures for compliance.

- D. The authority limit of derivative financial products
- (1) The approval of the hedging transaction

Level	The amount of each contract
Chairman	Over USD \$ 2,000,000↑
Director	USD \$ 2,000,000↓

- (2) It needs to be submitted to the board of directors' resolution passed for other specialpurpose transactions.
- 4. Grade evaluation

A. The hedging transaction

- (1) The basis of the performance evaluation is the profit and loss between the exchange rate cost on the book of the company and the transaction in the derivative financial products.
- (2) In order to know and express the evaluation risk of the transaction fully, the Company adopts the monthly evaluation method to evaluate the profit and loss.
- (3) The financial unit should provide the evaluation of the foreign exchange position and the trend of the foreign exchange market and market analysis to the competent authority and responsibility as a reference for management and resolution.
- B. The actual profits and losses generated by the performance evaluation basis, and the



responsibility as a reference for management and resolution.

<u>14.4.2</u> Specific purpose transactions:

The actual profits and losses generated by the performance evaluation basis, and the accounting unit must be regularly prepared parts of the report to provide management information.

14.5 Total amounts of contracts:

14.5.1 The hedging transaction
The hedging transactions accumulated
outstanding total contract balance is limited to
100% of the then net share of the <u>individual</u>
companies of the Group.

14.5.2 Specific purpose transactions

For the purpose-specific transactions of the individual companies of the Group, the total amount of the contracts shall be limited to 10% of the net value of the Company.

14.6 Loss limit:

14.6.1 About the hedging transaction is to avoid the risk, in order to avoid the risk of hedging transactions from expanding, when the total amount of contracts demanded should be 8%, shall report to the competent authority, take the necessary response measures, and immediately report to the board of directors, the board of directors of the Company should have independent directors to attend and express their opinions.

14.6.2 If it belongs to a specific purpose of the transaction, and the site established, shall set to prevent excessive losses, the stop loss point is set up to a maximum of 3% of the transaction contract amount; If the amount of the loss exceeds 3% of the transaction amount, shall report to the leader of authority and take necessary countermeasures and report immediately to the board of directors. The board of directors shall attend the meeting with independent directors and express their

accounting unit must be regularly prepared parts of the report to provide management information.

- 5. Total amounts of contracts
- A. The hedging transaction

The hedging transactions accumulated outstanding total contract balance is limited to 50% of the then net share of the Company.

- B. Specific purpose transactions

 For the purpose-specific transactions of the

 Company, the total amount of the contracts shall

 be limited to 10% of the net value of the

 Company.
- 6. Loss limit

A. About the hedging transaction is to avoid the risk, in order to avoid the risk of hedging transactions from expanding, when the total amount of contracts demanded should be 8%, shall report to the competent authority, take the necessary response measures, and immediately report to the board of directors, the board of directors should have independent directors to attend and express their opinions.

B. If it belongs to a specific purpose of the transaction, and the site established, shall set to prevent excessive losses, the stop loss point is set up to a maximum of 3% of the transaction contract amount; If the amount of the loss exceeds 3% of the transaction amount, shall report to the leader of authority and take necessary countermeasures and report immediately to the board of directors. The board of directors shall attend the meeting with independent directors and express their opinions.

C. The ceiling of the annual loss of the Company's specific purpose of the transaction of derivative products of the operation is USD \$ 300 thousand.



opinions.

14.6.3 The ceiling of the annual loss of the individual companies of the Group's specific purpose of the transaction of derivative products of the operation is USD \$ 300 thousand.

15. Mergers and Consolidations, Splits, Acquisitions, and Assignment of Shares:

15.1 The individual companies of the Group conduct a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, prior to convening the board of directors of the Company to resolve on the matter, shall engage a CPA, attorney, or securities underwriter to give an opinion on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio, acquisition price, or distribution of cash or other property to shareholders, and submit it to the board of directors for deliberation and passage. However, the requirement of obtaining an aforesaid opinion on reasonableness issued by an expert may be exempted in the case of a merger by a public company of a subsidiary in which it directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital, and in the case of a merger between subsidiaries in which the individual companies of the Group directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the respective subsidiaries' issued shares or authorized capital.

15.2 The individual companies of the Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares shall prepare a public report to shareholders detailing important contractual content and matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition prior to the shareholders meeting of the Company and include it along with the expert opinion referred to in Article 15.1 when sending shareholders notification of the shareholders meeting for reference in deciding whether to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition.

Provided, where a provision of another act

Section V Mergers and Consolidations, Splits, Acquisitions, and Assignment of Shares Art. 22

The Group conducts a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, prior to convening the board of directors to resolve on the matter, shall engage a CPA, attorney, or securities underwriter to give an opinion on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio, acquisition price, or distribution of cash or other property to shareholders, and submit it to the board of directors for deliberation and passage. However, the requirement of obtaining an aforesaid opinion on reasonableness issued by an expert may be exempted in the case of a merger by a public company of a subsidiary in which it directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital, and in the case of a merger between subsidiaries in which the public company directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the respective subsidiaries' issued shares or authorized capital.

Art. 23

The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares shall prepare a public report to shareholders detailing important contractual content and matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition prior to the shareholders meeting and include it along with the expert opinion referred to in paragraph 1 of the preceding Article when sending shareholders notification of the shareholders meeting for reference in deciding whether to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition.

Provided, where a provision of another act exempts a company from convening a shareholders meeting to approve the merger,

demerger, or acquisition, this restriction shall

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Article 15.2, and
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Article 23-2 was
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Article 15.3, and
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Article 24-1 was
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Article 15.4, and
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exempts a company from convening a shareholders meeting to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition, this restriction shall not apply.

15.3 Where the shareholders meeting of any one of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, or acquisition fails to convene or pass a resolution due to lack of a quorum, insufficient votes, or other legal restriction, or the proposal is rejected by the shareholders meeting, the companies participating in the merger, demerger or acquisition shall immediately publicly explain the reason, the follow-up measures, and the preliminary date of the next shareholders meeting.

15.4 A company participating in a merger,
demerger, or acquisition shall convene a board
of directors meeting and shareholders meeting
on the day of the transaction to resolve matters
relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition,
unless another act provides otherwise or the FSC
is notified in advance of extraordinary
circumstances and grants consent.

15.5 A company participating in a transfer of shares shall call a board of directors meeting on the day of the transaction, unless another act provides otherwise or the FSC is notified in advance of extraordinary circumstances and grants consent.

15.6 The Group participating in a merger,
demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another
company's shares, a company that is listed on an
exchange or has its shares traded on an OTC
market shall prepare a full written record of the
following information and retain it for 5 years
for reference:

15.6.1 Basic identification data for personnel:

Including the occupational titles, names, and
national ID numbers (or passport numbers in the
case of foreign nationals) of all persons involved

not apply.

Where the shareholders meeting of any one of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, or acquisition fails to convene or pass a resolution due to lack of a quorum, insufficient votes, or other legal restriction, or the proposal is rejected by the shareholders meeting, the companies participating in the merger, demerger or acquisition shall immediately publicly explain the reason, the follow-up measures, and the preliminary date of the next shareholders meeting.

Art. 24

A company participating in a merger, demerger, or acquisition shall convene a board of directors meeting and shareholders meeting on the day of the transaction to resolve matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition, unless another act provides otherwise or the FSC is notified in advance of extraordinary circumstances and grants consent.

A company participating in a transfer of shares shall call a board of directors meeting on the day of the transaction, unless another act provides otherwise or the FSC is notified in advance of extraordinary circumstances and grants consent. The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares, a company that is listed on an exchange or has its shares traded on an OTC market shall prepare a full written record of the following information and retain it for 5 years for reference:

A. Basic identification data for personnel: Including the occupational titles, names, and national ID numbers (or passport numbers in the case of foreign nationals) of all persons involved in the planning or implementation of any merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares prior to disclosure of the information.

B. Dates of material events: Including the

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Article 24-2 was
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Article 15.5, and
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Article 24-3 was
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Article 15.6, and
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The original
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Article 15.7, and
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The original
Article 24-5 was
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Article 15.8, and
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Article 25 was
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Article 15.9, and
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in the planning or implementation of any merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares prior to disclosure of the information.

15.6.2 Dates of material events: Including the signing of any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, the hiring of a financial or legal advisor, the execution of a contract, and the convening of a board of directors meeting.

15.6.3 Important documents and minutes:

Including merger, demerger, acquisition, and share transfer plans, any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, material contracts, and minutes of board of directors meetings.

15.7 The Company participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares, a company that is listed on an exchange or has its shares traded on an OTC market shall, within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of passage of a resolution by the board of directors, report (in the prescribed format and via the Internet-based information system) the information set out in Article 15.6.1 and Article 15.6.2 to the FSC for recordation.

15.8 Where the Company participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares is neither listed on an exchange nor has its shares traded on an OTC market, the Group so listed or traded shall sign an agreement with such company whereby the latter is required to abide by the Article 15.6 and Article 15.7.

15.9 Every person participating in or privy to the plan for merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares shall issue a written undertaking of confidentiality and may not disclose the content of the plan prior to public disclosure of the information and may not trade, in their own name or under the name of another person, in any stock or other equity security of

signing of any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, the hiring of a financial or legal advisor, the execution of a contract, and the convening of a board of directors meeting.

C. Important documents and minutes: Including merger, demerger, acquisition, and share transfer plans, any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, material contracts, and minutes of board of directors meetings.

The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares, a company that is listed on an exchange or has its shares traded on an OTC market shall, within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of passage of a resolution by the board of directors, report (in the prescribed format and via the Internet-based information system) the information set out in subparagraphs 1 and 2 of the preceding paragraph to the FSC for recordation.

Where any of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares is neither listed on an exchange nor has its shares traded on an OTC market, the Group so listed or traded shall sign an agreement with such company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4.

Art. 25

Every person participating in or privy to the plan for merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares shall issue a written undertaking of confidentiality and may not disclose the content of the plan prior to public disclosure of the information and may not trade, in their own name or under the name of another person, in any stock or other equity security of any company related to the plan for merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.

Art. 26

The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares may not

The original
Article 26 was
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Article 27 was
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Article 15.11, and
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Article 28 was
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Article 15.12,
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any company related to the plan for merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.

15.10 The individual companies of the Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares may not arbitrarily alter the share exchange ratio or acquisition price unless under the below-listed circumstances, and shall stipulate the circumstances permitting alteration in the contract for the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares:

15.10.1 Cash capital increase, issuance of convertible corporate bonds, or the issuance of bonus shares, issuance of corporate bonds with warrants, preferred shares with warrants, stock warrants, or other equity based securities.

15.10.2 An action, such as a disposal of major assets, which affects the company's financial operations.

15.10.3 An event, such as a major disaster or major change in technology, which affects shareholder equity or share price.

15.10.4 An adjustment where any of the companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares from another company, buys back treasury stock.

15.10.5 An increase or decrease in the number of entities or companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.

15.10.6 Other terms/conditions that the contract stipulates may be altered and that have been publicly disclosed.

15.11 The contract for participation by the individual companies of the Group in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or of shares shall record the rights and obligations of the companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, and shall also record the following:

15.11.1 Handling of breach of contract.

arbitrarily alter the share exchange ratio or acquisition price unless under the below-listed circumstances, and shall stipulate the circumstances permitting alteration in the contract for the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares:

A. Cash capital increase, issuance of convertible corporate bonds, or the issuance of bonus shares, issuance of corporate bonds with warrants, preferred shares with warrants, stock warrants, or other equity based securities.

B. An action, such as a disposal of major assets, which affects the company's financial operations.

C. An event, such as a major disaster or major change in technology, which affects shareholder equity or share price.

D. An adjustment where any of the companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares from another company, buys back treasury stock.

E. An increase or decrease in the number of entities or companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.

F. Other terms/conditions that the contract stipulates may be altered and that have been publicly disclosed.

Art. 27

The contract for participation by the Company in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or of shares shall record the rights and obligations of the companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, and shall also record the following:

A. Handling of breach of contract.

B. Principles for the handling of equity-type securities previously issued or treasury stock previously bought back by any company that is extinguished in a merger or that is demerged.

C. The amount of treasury stock participating companies are permitted under law to buy back after the record date of calculation of the share

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Article 15.12,
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Article 29 was
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15.11.2 Principles for the handling of equitytype securities previously issued or treasury stock previously bought back by any company that is extinguished in a merger or that is demerged.

15.11.3 The amount of treasury stock
participating companies are permitted under law
to buy back after the record date of calculation
of the share exchange ratio, and the principles
for handling thereof.

15.11.4 The manner of handling changes in the number of participating entities or companies.
15.11.5 Preliminary progress schedule for plan execution, and anticipated completion date.
15.11.6 Scheduled date for convening the legally mandated shareholders meeting if the plan exceeds the deadline without completion, and relevant procedures.

15.12 After public disclosure of the information, if any company participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer intends further to carry out a merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer with another company, all of the participating companies shall carry out anew the procedures or legal actions that had originally been completed toward the merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer; except that where the number of participating companies is decreased and a participating company's shareholders meeting has adopted a resolution authorizing the board of directors to alter the limits of authority, such participating company may be exempted from calling another shareholders meeting to resolve on the matter anew.

15.13 Where any of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not a public company, the Group shall sign an agreement with the non-public company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of Article 15.4- Article 15.9 and

exchange ratio, and the principles for handling thereof.

D. The manner of handling changes in the number of participating entities or companies.

E. Preliminary progress schedule for plan execution, and anticipated completion date.

F. Scheduled date for convening the legally mandated shareholders meeting if the plan exceeds the deadline without completion, and relevant procedures.

Art. 28

After public disclosure of the information, if any company participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer intends further to carry out a merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer with another company, all of the participating companies shall carry out anew the procedures or legal actions that had originally been completed toward the merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer; except that where the number of participating companies is decreased and a participating company's shareholders meeting has adopted a resolution authorizing the board of directors to alter the limits of authority, such participating company may be exempted from calling another shareholders meeting to resolve on the matter anew.

Art. 29

Where any of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not a public company, the Group shall sign an agreement with the non-public company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of Article 24, Article 25, and Article 28.



Article 15.12.

16. Announcement of application procedure:

16.1 Under any of the following circumstances, the <u>individual companies of the Group</u> acquire or dispose of assets shall publicly announce and report the relevant information on the FSC's designated website in the appropriate format as prescribed by regulations within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event:

16.1.1 Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

16.1.2 Merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.

<u>16.1.3</u> Losses from derivatives trading reaching the limits on aggregate losses or losses on individual contracts set out in the procedures adopted by the company.

16.1.4 Where the type of asset acquired or disposed is equipment for business use, the trading counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount meets any of the following criteria:

16.1.4.1 For a public company whose paid-in capital is less than NT\$10 billion, the transaction amount reaches NT\$500 million or more.

16.1.4.2 For a public company whose paid-in capital is NT\$10 billion or more, the transaction amount reaches NT\$1 billion or more.

16.1.5 Where land is acquired under an

Art. 30

Under any of the following circumstances, the Group acquires or disposes of assets shall publicly announce and report the relevant information on the FSC's designated website in the appropriate format as prescribed by regulations within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event:

A. Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to a

A. Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

B. Merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.

C. Losses from derivatives trading reaching the limits on aggregate losses or losses on individual contracts set out in the procedures adopted by the company.

D. Where the type of asset acquired or disposed is equipment for business use, the trading counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount meets any of the following criteria:

(1) For a public company whose paid-in capital is less than NT\$10 billion, the transaction amount reaches NT\$500 million or more.

(2) For a public company whose paid-in capital is NT\$10 billion or more, the transaction amount reaches NT\$1 billion or more.

E. Where land is acquired under an arrangement on engaging others to build on the company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and allocation of The original
Article 30 was
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Article 16.1, and
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content.



arrangement on engaging others to build on the company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale, and the amount the <u>individual</u> company expects to invest in the transaction reaches NT\$500 million.

transaction reaches NT\$500 million.

16.1.6 Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the Article 16.1.1
Article 16.1.5, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China area reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million of the individual company; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances:

16.1.6.1 Trading of government bonds.

16.1.6.2 Securities trading by investment professionals on foreign or domestic securities exchanges or over-the-counter markets, or subscription by investment professionals of

securities as necessitated by its undertaking business or as an advisory recommending securities firm for an emerging stock company, in accordance with the rules of the Taipei Exchange.

16.1.6.3 Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or

redemption of money market funds issued by

domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

ordinary corporate bonds or of general bank

offered and issued in the domestic primary

market, or subscription by a securities firm of

debentures without equity characteristics that are

<u>16.1.7</u> The amount of transactions of <u>the Article</u> <u>16.1.1-Article 16.1.6</u> shall be calculated as follows:

<u>16.1.7.1</u> The amount of any individual transaction.

<u>16.1.7.2</u> The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of

housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale, and the amount the company expects to invest in the transaction reaches NT\$500 million.

F. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding six subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China area reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances:

- (1) Trading of government bonds.
- (2) Securities trading by investment professionals on foreign or domestic securities exchanges or over-the-counter markets, or subscription by investment professionals of ordinary corporate bonds or of general bank debentures without equity characteristics that are offered and issued in the domestic primary market, or subscription by a securities firm of securities as necessitated by its undertaking business or as an advisory recommending securities firm for an emerging stock company, in accordance with the rules of the Taipei Exchange.
- (3) Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

 The amount of transactions above shall be calculated as follows:
- A. The amount of any individual transaction.

 B. The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year.
- C. The cumulative transaction amount of real property acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the

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Article 16.2, and
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content.



underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year. 16.1.7.3 The cumulative transaction amount of real property acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the preceding year. 16.1.7.4 The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year. 16.1.8"Within the preceding year" as used in the Article 16.1.7 refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with these Regulations need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

16.1.9 The Company shall compile monthly reports on the status of derivatives trading engaged in up to the end of the preceding month by the Group that are not domestic public companies and enter the information in the prescribed format into the information reporting website designated by the FSC by the 10th day of each month.

16.1.10 The Company at the time of public announcement makes an error or omission in an item required by regulations to be publicly announced and so is required to correct it, all the items shall be again publicly announced and reported in their entirety within two days counting inclusively from the date of knowing of such error or omission.

16.1.11 The Company acquires or disposes of assets shall keep all relevant contracts, meeting minutes, log books, appraisal reports and CPA, attorney, and securities underwriter opinions at the company headquarters, where they shall be retained for 5 years except where another act provides otherwise.

16.2 Where any of the following circumstances

preceding year.

D. The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year.

"Within the preceding year" as used in the preceding paragraph refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with these Regulations need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

The Company shall compile monthly reports on the status of derivatives trading engaged in up to the end of the preceding month by itself and any subsidiaries that are not domestic public companies and enter the information in the prescribed format into the information reporting website designated by the FSC by the 10th day of each month.

The Company at the time of public announcement makes an error or omission in an item required by regulations to be publicly announced and so is required to correct it, all the items shall be again publicly announced and reported in their entirety within two days counting inclusively from the date of knowing of such error or omission.

The Company acquires or disposes of assets shall keep all relevant contracts, meeting minutes, log books, appraisal reports and CPA, attorney, and securities underwriter opinions at the company headquarters, where they shall be retained for 5 years except where another act provides otherwise.

Art. 31

Where any of the following circumstances occurs with respect to a transaction that the Company has already publicly announced and reported in accordance with the preceding article, a public report of relevant information shall be made on the information reporting website designated by the FSC within 2 days



occurs with respect to a transaction that the Company has already publicly announced and reported in accordance with the preceding Article 16.1, a public report of relevant information shall be made on the information reporting website designated by the FSC within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event:

<u>16.2.1</u> Change, termination, or rescission of a contract signed in regard to the original transaction.

16.2.2 The merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not completed by the scheduled date set forth in the contract.

16.2.3 Change to the originally publicly announced and reported information.

counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event:

- Change, termination, or rescission of a contract signed in regard to the original transaction.
- 2. The merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not completed by the scheduled date set forth in the contract.
- 3. Change to the originally publicly announced and reported information.

Art. 32

The Group acquires or disposes of assets are required to carry out information disclosure in compliance with the provisions of Chapter III. Article 30 of the preceding paragraph applies to the first paragraph of the declaration criteria should be announced about the real capital gains of 20% or 10% of the total assets of the provisions. Subsidiaries formulate procedures for "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, after the approval of the audit committee of the parent company and the board of directors, it will be submitted to the shareholders' meeting of the parent company for approval and amendment.

Art. 32-1

For the calculation of 10% of total assets under the Regulations, the total assets stated in the most recent parent company only financial report or individual financial report prepared under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers shall be used.

In the case of the Company whose shares have no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, for the calculation of transaction amounts of 20% of paid-in capital under the Regulations, 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent shall be substituted.



17. Penalty:

Relevant personnel of the <u>individual companies</u> of the Group who handle the acquisition or disposal of assets, if in violation of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" or the Procedures, submit an assessment according to the <u>personnel management rules</u> of the Group, and punish them according to their severity.

Art. 33

Relevant personnel of the Group who handle the acquisition or disposal of assets, if in violation of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" or the Procedures, submit an assessment according to the personnel management rules and working rules of the Group, and punish them according to their severity.

The original
Article 33 was
moved to the
Article 17, and
adjusted the
content.
Because there are
only personnel
management
rules, the words
were corrected.

18. Other matters:

18.1 If the subsidiary of the company is not a domestic public issuance company, the company that obtains or disposes of the assets has Article 16 stipulates that it should be announced, and the company shall do so. The subsidiaries of the Company shall apply the reporting requirements of Article 16.1.1~Article 16.1.6 to the 20% of the paid-up capital or 10% of the total assets, and the Company's paid-in capital or total assets shall prevail.

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18.2 Article 6, Article 11.2-Article 11.5, Article
13.7 and Article 19 are applicable to the audit
committee in accordance with the provisions of
this Law. The audit committee has been set up in
accordance with the provisions of this Law.
Article 12.6.2 stipulates that it is applicable to
the independent board members of the audit
committee.

18.3 For the calculation of 10% of total assets under the Regulations, the total assets stated in the most recent parent company only financial report or individual financial report prepared under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers shall be used.

18.4 In the case of the <u>individual companies of</u>
the <u>Group</u> whose shares have no par value or a
par value other than NT\$10, for the calculation

Art. 32

The Group acquires or disposes of assets are required to carry out information disclosure in compliance with the provisions of Chapter III. Article 30 of the preceding paragraph applies to the first paragraph of the declaration criteria should be announced about the real capital gains of 20% or 10% of the total assets of the provisions. Subsidiaries formulate procedures for "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, after the approval of the audit committee of the parent company and the board of directors, it will be submitted to the shareholders' meeting of the parent company for approval and amendment.

Art. 32-1

the Regulations, the total assets stated in the most recent parent company only financial report or individual financial report prepared under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers shall be used.

In the case of the Company whose shares have no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, for the calculation of transaction amounts of 20% of paid-in capital under the Regulations,

For the calculation of 10% of total assets under

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Article 18.2, and
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Article 32-1 was
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Article 18.3 and
Article 18.4, and
adjusted the
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The original Article 34 was moved to the Article 18.5.



of transaction amounts of 20% of paid-in capital under the Regulations, 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent shall be substituted.

10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent shall be substituted.

<u>18.5</u> This procedure unformulated matters, according to the relevant laws and regulations.

19. Implementation:

Where an audit committee of the Company has been established in accordance with the provisions of the Act, when the procedures for the acquisition and disposal of assets are adopted or amended they shall be approved by more than half of all audit committee members and submitted to the board of directors for a resolution. If approval of more than half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not obtained, the procedures may be implemented if approved by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

Art. 6

Where an audit committee has been established in accordance with the provisions of the Act, when the procedures for the acquisition and disposal of assets are adopted or amended they shall be approved by more than half of all audit committee members and submitted to the board of directors for a resolution. If approval of more than half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not obtained, the procedures may be implemented if approved by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting. The terms of "all audit committee members" and "all directors" shall be counted as the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.

The original
Article 6 was
moved to the
Article 19, and
adjusted the
content.



Appendix IX: The Company Policy (Before amendment)

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company The Company Policy

Chapter I General Principle

- Art. 1: In accordance with the provisions of the Company Law, we organized MetaTech Co., Ltd.
- Art. 2: MetaTech Co., Ltd engaged in the following businesses:
 - (1) CC01080 Electronic components manufacturing industry.
 - (2) F119010 Electronic materials wholesale industry.
 - (3) F219010 Electronic materials retailing industry.
 - (4) I301010 Information software services industry.
 - (5) I301020 Data processing services industry.
 - (6) IG01010 Biotechnology services industry.
 - (7) IG02010 Research and development services industry.
 - (8) F108040 Cosmetics wholesale industry.
 - (9) F208040 Cosmetics retailing industry
 - (10) F102040 Beverage wholesale industry.
 - (11) F102170 Food goods wholesale industry.
 - (12) F203010 Food goods beverage retailing industry.
 - (13) F401010 International trade industry.
 - (14) I199990 Consultation services industry.
 - (15) IZ99990 Business services industry.
 - (16) I103060 Management consultant industry.
 - (17) CF01011 Medical equipment manufacturing industry.
 - (18) F108031 Medical equipment wholesale industry.
 - (19) F208031 Medical equipment retailing industry.
 - (20) C802100 Cosmetics manufacturing industry.
 - (21) C802110 Cosmetics pigment manufacturing industry.
 - (22) JE01010 Renting and leasing industry.
 - (23) F113030 Precision instruments wholesale industry.
 - (24) F208050 The second type patent medicine retailing industry.
 - (25) F213040 Precision instruments retailing industry.
 - (26) F399040 No shop retailing industry.



- (27) F601010 Intellectual property rights industry.
- (28) I301030 Electronic information supply services industry.
- (29) IC01010 Drug inspection industry.
- (30) F108021 Medicine wholesale industry
- (31) F208021 Medicine retail industry
- (32) ZZ99999 Except for permitting business, operating business which is not prohibited or restricted by Law.
- Art. 2.1: For the business relationship, we are approved by the Board of Directors, the Company is a guarantee and an endorser, and the operation shall be handled in accordance with the endorsement and guarantee works of The Company.
- Art. 2.2: When the Company needs to invest in other businesses due to its business needs, it will not be restricted by the over-40% of the paid in capital which is stipulated in Article 13 of the Company Law.
- Art. 3: The Company set up its main office in New Taipei City, and set up branches both at domestic and abroad through the resolution of the board of directors if necessary.

Chapter II Shares

- Art. 4: The total capital of the Company is NT\$ 1 billion, divided into 100 million shares, and NT\$ 1 per share, among the total capital NT\$ 150 million is for the exercise of employee stock option certificates, unissued shares, the board of directors is authorized to issue by time.
 - The employee stock options vouchers of the issue price of the Company's shares which is lower than the closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company on the issue date, shall hold a general meeting of shareholders representing more than half of the total number of issued shares, and after the shareholders present at least two-thirds of the voting rights have agreed to issue.
- Art. 5: The shares shall be registered and shall be signed or sealed by three or more of the directors and shall be issued upon approval by Law. In order to facilitate works of stock transactions shall merge to replace large denominated stocks from the request of Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.
 - After the public offering of the Company's shares, the shares issued shall be exempted from printing of stocks by Law, but the stocks shall be registered in the



institution of securities centralized depository business.

Art. 6: Stock renamed transfer must be suspended within 30 days before the ordinary meeting of the shareholders, 15 days before the temporary meeting of shareholders or within 5 days before the date on which the Company decides to distribute dividends and bonus or other benefits.

After the public offering of stock renamed transfer must be suspended within 60 days prior to the ordinary meeting of the shareholders, 30 days before the temporary meeting of shareholders or within 5 days before the date on which the Company decides to distribute dividends and bonus or other benefits.

Chapter III Shareholders meeting

- Art. 7: Shareholders' meetings are two kinds, one is the ordinary meeting of the shareholders, and another is the temporary meeting of shareholders:
 - 1. Shareholders' meeting is held once a year, and shall be convened by the board of directors legally within 6 months after the end of each fiscal year.
 - 2. The temporary meeting of shareholders will be convened in necessary in accordance with relevant laws and ordinances.
- Art. 8: When shareholders cannot attend the shareholders' meeting for some reasons, shall show the letter of authorization issued by the Company and indicate the scope of the authorization, signature or stamp to assign the agent to attend.
- Art. 9: Each shareholder of the Company has one voting right, but matters of the provisions of Article 179 of the Company Law occur, the shares of the Company shall have no voting rights.
- Art. 9.1: The Company convened a shareholders' meeting to adopt electronic voting as one of the ways in which shareholders of the Company exercised their voting rights, shareholders who exercise their voting rights electronically are deemed to be in person, so the relevant matters shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of the competent authority.
- Art. 10: The resolution of the shareholders meeting, except other rules provided by the Company Law, the majority of the total number of issued shares of the Company shall be represented by the consent of the shareholders present at the meeting.



Chapter IV Directors

Art. 11: The Company set 9 to 11 directors, three years, the number of directors in the preceding paragraph, the number of independent directors shall not be less than 2, and shall not be less than one-fifth of the number of directors, the election of directors adopts the nomination system of candidates according to Article 192-1 of the Company Law.

To be elected by the shareholders on the list of directors' candidates, and be eligible for re-election and must set a vice chairman. About the professional qualifications of independent directors, the shareholding and the part-time restrictions, the identification of independence, the nomination and other matters to be followed in accordance with the relevant provisions of the securities authority.

- Art. 12: The Company set up the audit committee; it consists of all independent directors and supersedes supervisors. The number of audit committee, the term of office, the authority, the rules of procedure and resources the company should provide when exercising its powers, in accordance with the organization of the audit committee to make provisions.
- Art. 13: About resolutions on major issues of the Company should be agreed and be implemented by more than two-thirds of the directors attend and more than half of the attended directors.

The following are the major issues to be specifically resolved in accordance with this Article:

- 1. Change the company charter.
- 2. Audit budget and final accounts.
- 3. Proposal for dissolution or merger of the Company with other companies.
- 4. Proposal for the appropriation of the surplus or the deficit compensated.
- 5. The approvals of endorsement on the behalf of the Company, acceptance, assurance and commitment.
- 6. The approvals of applying for financial institutions, guarantees, acceptance and other external advances and debt approval.
- 7. The approvals and revisions of contracts for the acquisition, transfer, grant and technical cooperation of special technologies and patents of his company or related institutions.
- 8. The proposal and approvals for capital increase or capital reduction of the



Company.

9. The powers of according to the Company Law Article 202.

The resolution of the board of directors on significant matters, its affiliation should be subjected to the resolution of the shareholders; the resolution of the board of directors shall be submitted to the shareholders and be implemented.

- Art. 14: When the chairman of the board asks for leave or for any reason cannot exercise their powers, acting in accordance with Article 208 of the Company Law.
- Art. 15: The remuneration of the directors is agreed upon by the board of directors at the usual level among peers.
- Art. 15.1: The Company executes the business scope of its directors and managers within its term of office shall be responsible for the liability to purchase insurance of liability according to the Law.

Chapter V Managers

Art. 16: According to the resolution of the board of directors, the Company may set up the president, general manager, general manager of business department, vice general manager, assistant manager and several managers, the appointment, dismissal and remuneration shall be governed by the provisions of Article 29 of the Company Law.

Chapter VI Accounting

- Art. 17: The Company should in the end of each fiscal year make the followings by the board of directors:
 - 1. Business report.
 - 2. Financial Statements.
 - 3. Proposal for the appropriation of the surplus or the deficit compensated.

The tables will be held on the 30 day before the shareholders' ordinary meeting, and after sending the audit committee to check, submit shareholders' ordinary meeting and request recognition according to law.

Art. 18: If the Company's annual accounts are profitable, staff remuneration should be set



at 1% to 5%, but when the Company still has accumulated losses, it should reserve the amount of compensation in advance.

Employees transferred by the Company to subsidiaries (or employees of subordinate subsidiaries meeting certain conditions), shall subject to the above distribution of remuneration to employees, the conditions and methods are fixed by the board of directors.

Art. 18.1: The Company's total final accounts if for any surplus, taxes should be first made up for the past losses, next making up 10 percent for the statutory surplus public reserve. The remaining balances, together with the undistributed earnings of prior years, will be reserved or distributed by the board of directors for resolution of the shareholders' meeting; to distribute among shareholders dividends in another way, the proportion of cash dividend paid is not less than 30%, and the rest is distributed in the form of stock dividend. When the company distributes surplus, except for statutory surplus reserve according to law, should be in accordance with the first paragraph of Article 41 of the Securities and Exchange Act, in the current year, the amount of debts deducted from the shareholders' equity occurred (If the long-term equity investment has not realized the loss of the impairment loss, the cumulative conversion adjustment and so on) no special surplus reserve from the same amount as the previous year's after-tax surplus for the purpose of distribution of earnings shall not be distributed. When the amount of the shareholder's equity deduction is reversed, should be another surplus on the revolving part.

Chapter VII Supplementary Articles

Art. 19: If the articles of association are not made, be handled according to the Company Law.

Art. 20: The constitution was entered into on September 3, 1998.

The first amendment was on September 16, 1998.

The second amendment was on November 28, 2001.

The third amendment was on June 28, 2002.

The fourth amendment was on June 10, 2003.

The fifth amendment was on April 19, 2004

The sixth amendment was on June 9, 2006.

The seventh amendment was on June 13, 2007.



The eighth amendment was on June 13, 2008.

The ninth amendment was on June 19, 2009.

The tenth amendment was on June 21, 2013.

The eleventh amendment was on September 30, 2013.

The twelfth amendment was on June 27, 2014.

The thirteenth amendment was on June 30, 2015.

The fourteenth amendment was on June 29, 2016.

The fifteenth amendment was on June 20, 2017.

The sixteenth amendment was on June 25, 2018.



Appendix X: Regulations Governing Loans (Before amendment)

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company Regulations Governing Loans

- 1. Purpose: To operate in coordination the actual needs of the business, and follow to the provisions of Article 15 of the Company Law, this procedure is set out in the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsement" issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission (SEF).
- 2. Scope: This procedure is applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries' handling of loans of funds to others.
- 3. Power and responsibility: The Department of Finance and the Department of Management shall be responsible for the relevant work in their respective posts.

4. Definition:

The Company shall not loan funds to any of its shareholders or any other person except under the following circumstances:

- 4.1 Where an inter-company or inter-firm business transaction calls for a loan arrangement.
- 4.2 Where an inter-company or inter-firm short-term financing facility is necessary, provided that such financing amount shall not exceed 40 percent of the lender's net value.

 The term "short-term" as used in the preceding paragraph means one year, or where the
 - company's operating cycle exceeds one year or one operating cycle.

5. Contents of Works:

- 5.1 The evaluation criteria of objects for loans of funds:
 - 5.1.1 Between the Company and his company or others, the board of directors recognized the need for short-term financing funds engaged in financing facility, the following circumstances:
 - 5.1.1.1 Necessary to have short-term financing facilities for the business relationship with the parent-child companies of the Company.
 - 5.1.1.2 Necessary for the short-term financing of the company or others based on the equity method of investment as a result of the need of material purchase or operation and turnover.



5.1.2 "Subsidiary" and "parent company" as referred to in these Regulations shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Where a public company's financial reports are prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, "net value" in these Regulations means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

- 5.2 The aggregate amount of loans and the maximum amount permitted to a single borrower
 - 5.2.1 The total loan amount of funds of the Company and the and total loan amount of funds to a single enterprise shall be limited to not exceeding 40% and 20% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants respectively, and should be handled according to the resolution of the board of directors.
 - 5.2.2 The total loan amount of the Company to a Company of an inter-firm business transaction shall not exceed the limit of 40% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants. The total loan amounts of the Company to a single corporation not exceed the amount of business transactions between the two sides. The alleged amount of business dealings means the higher of the purchase or sale amount between the two parties.
 - 5.2.3 When an inter-company or inter-firm short-term financing facility is necessary for short-term financing funds shall not exceed the limit of 40% of the net value of the financial statements of the Company which have been audited (verified) by the Company's latest auditors. For single-enterprise loans and the total amount is limited to 20% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants.
 - 5.2.4 For foreign companies that directly or indirectly hold 100% of the voting shares, the total loan amount shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants; For a single corporation the total loan amount shall not exceed 80% of the net value of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.
- 5.3 Duration of loans and calculation of interest.

Limited by one year, the interest rate shall not be less than the average interest rate of the Company's short-term funds borrowed from financial institutions at that time and shall bear interest on a monthly basis.

- 5.4 Procedures for handling loans of funds
 - 5.4.1 Credit Investigation: For all companies or others to fund for loan application, should



conduct a detailed credit investigation, the principle is as follows:

- 5.4.1.1 The primary borrowers, borrowers should provide basic information and financial information, in order to handle the credit.
- 5.4.1.2 Continuing borrowers should handle credit collection once a year in principle. In major cases, credit investigation should be conducted on a regular basis according to actual needs.
- 5.4.1.3 If the financial and creditworthiness of the borrower is good and the financial statements of the borrower have been checked and signed by the accountants, the survey report of more than one year and less than two years should be followed and see also the financial statements of the Company (verified) as audited by the accountants recently.

5.4.2 Review evaluation

Where the loans of funds within the limit of Article 5.2, the borrower should fill in "Loans of Funds Application", the authority unit shall make a detailed review and appraisal report, which shall include the following items:

- 5.4.2.1 The necessity of and reasonableness of extending loans to others.
- 5.4.2.2 Borrower credit status and risk assessment.
- 5.4.2.3 Impact on the company's business operations, financial condition, and shareholders' equity.
- 5.4.2.4 Whether collateral must be obtained and appraisal of the value thereof.

5.4.3 Loan approval

- 5.4.3.1 The funding of an enterprise shall show the "Funding Request" (or an official letter), the authority unit shall review its necessity and assess its use, purpose, benefits and whether the sign should be granted, then report to general manager, chairman of the board sign, and submit to the board of directors for approval after the resolution.
- 5.4.3.2 After the review and assessment, if the borrower's credit rating is not good or there are other reasons that should not be loaned, the authority unit should promptly reply to the reasons borrowers not loan.
- 5.4.3.3 When the Company intends to loan funds to others, it shall all be handled after the resolution of the board of directors has been passed on by case by case and shall not be authorized by others.
- 5.4.3.4 The loans of funds between the Company and its subsidiaries or between subsidiaries, in addition to the provisions of the preceding paragraph, may authorize the chairman of the same loan with the object, the grants are apportioned or reused



- less than 10% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants and not exceeding one year.
- 5.4.3.5 The Company has set up independent directors to loan funds to others, shall consider the opinions of each of the independent directors and the clear opinions of their consent or objections and the reasons for the objections should be included in the minutes of the board of directors.

5.4.4 To notify the borrower

After the approval of the loan case, the authority unit shall promptly mail or call the borrower detailing the loan conditions of the Company, including the quota, term, interest rate, collateral and guarantor,...etc. Please sign the borrower within the limit of time, the right to set the pledge or mortgage and the guarantor of the insurance policy, and then appropriate.

5.4.5 Signed on the confirmation

- 5.4.5.1 Loan cases should be drafted by the authority unit to draft the terms of the contract, after the verification of the authority of the people subject to verification, send to the legal consultant to confirm the correct, and then sign the contract.
- 5.4.5.2 The content of the contract shall be in accordance with the approved terms of borrowing. After the signature of the borrower and the joint guarantor on the basis of the contract, the authority unit shall complete the steps.
- 5.4.5.3 When signing the funding contract with the funding object, it shall be handled by its legal person or group seal and the person in charge of the registration as the competent authority, and shall be handled by the authority for checking the debtor and the guarantor seal and the confirmation.

5.4.6 Collateral rights setting and insurance

- 5.4.6.1 If the Company loans money to others, the board of the directors shall require the borrower to provide a collateral equivalent to the loan amount if it is necessary, (Such as the equivalent value of real estate, securities, or signing guarantee notes), and set the pledge or mortgage to ensure the Company claims.
- 5.4.6.2 The collaterals except land and securities should be covered by fire insurance, ship vehicles should be covered by insurance. The insurance amount is not less than the value of security pledged for the principle; the insurance statement should be added to the Company as the beneficiary. The name, quantity, storage location, insurance conditions and insurance approval slips contained in the policy should



be consistent with the original nuclear credit conditions of the Company, if the building has not yet been programmed in the set house number, its address should be located in the sectors and marks.

5.4.6.3 The authority unit shall pay attention to inform the borrower to continue the insurance before the expiration of the insurance period.

5.4.7 Appropriation

The loan case approved and in accordance with the provisions of this procedure is completed, the authority unit checks it if corrects, you can allocate funds.

5.5 Announcement reporting procedures

- 5.5.1 The Company shall, before the 10th of each month, announce the capital loan and balance of the Company and its subsidiaries last month by announcement of the authority unit. The called "Notice Declaration" refers to the information website designated by the Financial Supervisory Commission.
- 5.5.2 The Company has one of the following standards for loan and balance of funds, and shall declare within 2 days upon the factual date:
 - 5.5.2.1 Funding of the Company and its subsidiaries the balance of loans to others reaches over 20% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.
 - 5.5.2.2 The loans and balances of the Company and its subsidiaries to a single enterprise amounted to over 10% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.
 - 5.5.2.3 The Company or its subsidiaries increased its loan and amount to more than NT \$ 10 million and reached over 2% of the net assets of the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.
- 5.5.3 A subsidiary of the Company is not a domestic public offering company and the subsidiary has Section 5.5.2.3 which should be declared for declaration and should be made by the Company.
- 5.5.4 The calculation of the ratio of loan to balance of net assets of the above subsidiaries takes the ratio of loan to balance of the subsidiary accounted for the Company's latest audited (verified) financial statements by the accountants recently.
- 5.5.5 The "factual date" in this procedure refers to the former date of the transaction signing date, payment date, the board resolution day or other sufficient funds to determine the transaction object and the transaction amount.



- 5.6 Loans and the amount of follow-up control measures, overdue claims processing
 - 5.6.1 After the loan is appropriated, the authority unit should often pay attention to the financial, business and related credit conditions of the borrower and the guarantor, if there is provision of collateral, and should pay attention to whether there is any change in the value of the guarantee, in case of major changes, the chairman of the board shall be immediately informed and properly handled as instructed.
 - 5.6.2 When the borrower repays the loan before the maturity or maturity of the loan, the interest payable shall be calculated first and then repayable together with the principal, then the collateral can be lifted debt or mortgage set.
 - 5.6.3 If the borrower applies for the cancellation of the mortgage or eliminate the establishment of authority, should first check the balance of the loan to decide whether to agree to handle.
 - 5.6.4 The borrower shall pay off the principal and interest as soon as the loan expires. The Company shall, first in accordance with the law, do disciplines and recoveries of loss on the collaterals which offenders mortgaged, and at the part of deficiencies, shall make recourses to the guarantors.

5.7 Reference book to establish

The Company's authority units should establish a reference book of loans of funds and matters. Details of the objects and amounts of loans and advances, the date of approval of the board of directors, the date of loan repayment, and the matters to be carefully evaluated in accordance with the provisions shall be announced for details.

5.8 Internal audit

The Company's internal auditors should regularly check the loan and others operating procedures and their implementation, and make a written record. If any major violation is found, it shall notify the audit committee in writing.

- 5.9 Loan control of subsidiaries and other people's control procedures
 - 5.9.1 Loans to subsidiaries, in addition to exemption credit and the right to set, should be handled in accordance with the procedures.
 - 5.9.2 Subsidiaries who wish to handle loans and other loans should set up a "Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to Others", and submitted to the board of directors of the Company after the resolution was passed. The operating procedures set by it shall be formulated in accordance with the relevant provisions of this procedure.



5.10 Penalty

If any violation of the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsement" or the relevant provisions of the Procedures is handled by the Company in connection with the handling of loans by funds and others, in accordance with the Company's personnel management practices and working rules to submit assessment, according to the severity of punishment.

5.11 Other matters

- 5.11.1 The board of directors of the Company shall, upon investigation and assessment of the units that have already borrowed and other funds not implemented prior to the implementation of the Procedures, report to the board of directors for ratification. If there is a limit exceeding the amount approved for loan, the authority unit shall notify the borrower to pay back the excess loan within 6 months from the date of implementation of this procedure.
- 5.11.2 The Company due to change of circumstances, loans and balances overruns; it should develop improvement plans, and the improvement plan to the audit committee.
- 5.11.3 The Company should assess the loan and the situation and provide an adequate provision for bad debts, disclose the relevant information in the financial report as appropriate and provide the relevant information to the accountants to carry out the necessary checking procedures.

5.12 About supplement to the law

This procedure unformulated matters, according to the relevant laws and regulations.

5.13 Implementation

This procedure is approved by the board of directors and submitted to the shareholders after the consent of the implementation, it is the same with the amendment.

6. Related documents and forms:

- 6.1 Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to Others
- 6.2 Personnel Management Measures
- 6.3 Loans and Matters Application
- 6.4 Funds to Others Specification
- 6.5 Loans to Corporation or Group Specification
- 6.6 Funding Request



Appendix XI: Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee (Before amendment)

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company Regulations Governing Endorsement Guarantee

- 1. Purpose: To protect the shareholders' rights and profits, and to be sturdy the financial management for endorsement guarantee and reduce the operating risk, this procedure is set out in the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsement" issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission (SEF).
- 2. Scope: This procedure is applicable to the Company's handling of endorsements/guarantees.
- 3. Power and responsibility: The Ministry of Finance and the Department of Management shall be responsible for the relevant work in their respective posts.

4. Definition:

The term "Endorsements/Guarantees" as used in these Regulations refers to the following:

- 4.1 Financing Endorsements/Guarantees, including:
 - 4.1.1 Bill discount financing.
 - 4.1.2 Endorsement or guarantee made to meet the financing needs of another company.
 - 4.1.3 Issuance of a separate negotiable instrument to a non-financial enterprise as security to meet the financing needs of the company itself.
- 4.2 Customs duty Endorsements/Guarantees, meaning an endorsement or guarantee for the company itself or another company with respect to customs duty matters.
- 4.3 Other Endorsements/Guarantees, meaning endorsement or guarantee beyond the scope of the above two subparagraphs. If the Company provides movable or immovable property for the security of his company to set the pledge, mortgagee should also be handled according to the procedures.

5. Contents of Works:

- 5.1 Endorsement guarantee object:
 - 5.1.1 The Company may make Endorsements/Guarantees for the following companies:
 - 5.1.1.1 A company with which it does business.
 - 5.1.1.2 A company in which the public company directly and indirectly holds more than 50 percent of the voting shares.



- 5.1.1.3 A company that directly and indirectly holds more than 50 percent of the voting shares in the public company.
- 5.1.1.4 The Company shall apply to Endorsements/Guarantees made between companies in which the public company holds, directly or indirectly, 100% of the voting shares.
- 5.1.2 Where the Company fulfills its contractual obligations by providing mutual Endorsements/Guarantees for another company in the same industry or for joint builders for purposes of undertaking a construction project, or where all capital contributing shareholders make endorsement/ guarantee for their jointly invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentages, or where companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several security for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other, such Endorsements/Guarantees may be made free of the restriction of the preceding two paragraphs.
- 5.1.3 Capital contribution referred to in the preceding paragraph shall mean capital contribution directly by the public company, or through a company in which the public company holds 100% of the voting shares.
- 5.1.4 If endorsement guarantee' net value of less than half of contributed capital of the subsidiary, it should be clearly defined the relevant control measures.
- 5.1.5 In the case of a subsidiary with shares having no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, for the paid-in capital in the calculation under subparagraph 11 of the preceding paragraph, the sum of the share capital plus paid-in capital in excess of par shall be substituted.
- 5.1.6 "Subsidiary" and "parent company" as referred to in these Regulations shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Where a public company's financial reports are prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, "net value" in these Regulations means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

5.2 The amount of Endorsements/Guarantees and the evaluation criteria:

The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the Company and the total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise are subject to the following limits:



- 5.2.1 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees
 - 5.2.1.1 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the Company shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.
 - 5.2.1.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees provided by the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.
 - 5.2.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise:
 - 5.2.2.1 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise provided by the Company shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.
 - 5.2.2.2 The total aggregate amount of Endorsements/Guarantees for a single enterprise provided by the Company and its Subsidiaries shall not exceed 100% of the net value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.
- 5.3 Hierarchy of decision-making authority and delegation thereof
 - 5.3.1 When the Company makes any Endorsements/Guarantees, the Finance Unit shall submit the evaluation results made in accordance with Article 5.4, along with comments and opinions provided by other related units, to the board of directors for approval. A pre-determined limit may be delegated to the Chairman by the board of directors to facilitate execution and such Endorsements/Guarantees shall be reported to the most coming board of directors' meeting for ratification. The limit shall not exceed the amount that set in Article 5.2 of endorsement/ guarantee provided by the Company.
 - 5.3.2 In case the above limits have to be exceeded to accommodate business needs, a resolution of the board of directors should be obtained and over half of all the directors should jointly endorse the potential loss that may be brought about by the excess of limits. The board of directors should also revise the procedures and has it ratified at the shareholders' meeting. If the revised procedures are not ratified at the shareholders' meeting, the board of directors should furnish a plan containing a timetable to withdraw the excess portion.
 - 5.3.3 Where a public company has established the position of independent director, when it submits its Operational Procedures for Loaning Funds to others for discussion by the board of directors under the preceding paragraph, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinion.



- 5.4 Procedures for scrutinizing Endorsements/Guarantees
 - 5.4.1 Any Endorsements/Guarantees to be provided by the Company shall be examined, evaluated, with a comment made, by the Authority Unit. The evaluation items shall be included:
 - 5.4.1.1 The necessity and rationality of Endorsements/Guarantees.
 - 5.4.1.2 To evaluate the credit and risks of endorsed parties.
 - 5.4.1.3 To evaluate the impact on the Company's operation risks, financial condition and shareholders' equity.
 - 5.4.1.4 To evaluate the necessity to acquire collateral and appraisal of collateral.
 - 5.4.2 When the Company handles the Endorsements/Guarantees, it shall be submitted by the Authority Unit, narrate the object of Endorsements/Guarantees, type, reason and amount of such matters, and with the assessment report of the preceding paragraph, after being approved by the chairman, then submit it to the board of directors for approval after passing the resolution. However, for the business needs, the chairman of the board may be subject to the provisions of Article 5.2 of this procedure, and then reported to the recently meeting of the board of directors for ratification.
- 5.5 Procedures for use and custody of corporate chops.
 - 5.5.1 The Company shall use the corporate chop registered with the Ministry of Economic Affairs as the dedicated chop for Endorsements/Guarantees. The chop shall be kept in the custody of a designated person approved by the board of directors and may be used to seal or issue negotiable instruments only in prescribed procedures. Endorsement ensured that the custodian of the seal according to the Company seal management approach. If a foreign company is a guarantor, the guaranty letter issued by the Company shall be signed by the chairman authorized by the board of directors.
- 5.6 Announcement and reporting procedures.
 - 5.6.1 The Company shall announce and report the previous month's balance of Endorsements/Guarantees of itself and its subsidiaries by the 10th day of each month from the Authority Unit. The called "announcement and reporting" refers to the information website designated by the FSC.
 - 5.6.2 The Company whose balance of Endorsements/Guarantees reaches one of the following levels shall announce and report such an event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence:
 - 5.6.2.1 The aggregate balance of Endorsements/Guarantees by the Company and its subsidiaries reaches 50% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its



latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.

- 5.6.2.2 The balance of Endorsements/Guarantees by the Company and its subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches 20% or more of the Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.
- 5.6.2.3 The balance of Endorsements/Guarantees by the Company and its subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the aggregate amount of all Endorsements/Guarantees for, long-term investment in, and balance of loans to, such enterprise reaches 30% or more of Company's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.
- 5.6.2.4 The amount of new Endorsements/Guarantees made by the Company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and reaches 5% or more of theCompany's net value as stated in its latest financial statement which is audited by the accountant recently.
- 5.6.3 The public company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a public company of the Republic of China any matters that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to paragraph 5.6.2.4.
- 5.6.4 The calculation of the balance of Endorsements/Guarantees balances in net assets of the aforesaid subsidiaries is based on the proportion of Endorsements/Guarantees balances of the subsidiaries in the latest net book value of the financial statements which is audited by the accountant recently.
- 5.6.5 "Date of occurrence" in these Regulations means the date of contract signing, date of payment, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterparty and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier.

5.7 A preparation of a memorandum book

The Authority Unit shall establish and maintain a memorandum book for its Endorsements/Guarantees activities and record in detail the following information for the record: the entity for which the Endorsements/Guarantees is made, the amount, the date of passage by the board of directors or of authorization by the Chairperson of the board, the date the Endorsements/Guarantees is made, and the matters to be carefully evaluated under Article 5.2.



5.8 Internal audit

The Company's internal auditors shall perform auditing on the Procedures and the implementation of the Procedures regularly and produce written auditing reports. Should there be any violation found, a written report is needed to notify every auditor in writing.

5.9 Procedures for managing Endorsements/Guarantees by subsidiaries

Subsidiaries of the Company may not do Endorsements/Guarantees business for others.

5.10 Penalty

If the Company's relevant operators for endorsement/ guarantee violate the "Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsement" or the relevant provisions of the Procedures, it shall submit an assessment according to the personnel management rules and working rules of the Company, and shall punish the employees according to the seriousness of the circumstances.

5.11 Other matters

When the Company handles Endorsements/Guarantees, should assess or recognize endorsement of the loss and in the financial report, the Endorsements/Guarantees of appropriate disclosure of information, and provide relevant information to the signature accountants to carry out the necessary checking procedures.

5.12 About the complements of the Articles.

If there are no matters mentioned in the Procedures, according to the relevant laws and regulations.

5.13 Implementation

This procedure is approved by the board of directors and submitted to the shareholders after the consent of the implementation, it is the same with the amendment.

6. Related documents and forms:

- 6.1 Operational Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees Implementation
- 6.2 Endorsements/Guarantees Application
- 6.3 Endorsements/Guarantees Registration Form



Appendix XII: Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets (Before amendment)

MetaTech Group (The Company and its subsidiaries) Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets

Chapter I

Art. 1

For the purposes of obtaining or disposing of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as the "Group"), in accordance with Article 36-1 of the Securities and Exchange Articles (hereinafter referred to as the "Articles") and the announcement of the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as the FSC), this Procedure is set out in the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations").

Art. 2

The acquisition or disposal of assets by the Group shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of these Procedures. But other laws and regulations are stipulated for others, follow its provisions.

Art. 3

The term "assets" as used in the Regulations includes the following:

- 1. Investments in stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, financial bonds, securities representing interest in a fund, depositary receipts, call (put) warrants, beneficial interest securities, and asset-backed securities.
- 2. Real property (including land, houses and buildings, investment property, rights to use land, and construction enterprise inventory) and equipment.
- 3. Memberships.
- 4. Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchise rights, and other intangible assets.
- 5. Claims of financial institutions (including receivables, bills purchased and discounted, loans, and overdue receivables).
- 6. Derivatives.
- 7. Assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law.
- 8. Other major assets.



Art. 3-1

This procedure is as follows:

- 1. The authority units for operations such as obtaining, recording, managing and disposing of securities, are the same with "Investment Cycles".
- 2. For the fixed assets, immovable property rights, purchasing cycle and custody of cost assets and custody of idle assets, the authority units are required to "recycles of real estate, plant and equipment".
- 3. The authority units of use and custody of seal and blank check shall be the same as "Seal Management Operation" and "Receipt Management Operation" respectively.
- 4. The use of passbook management, passbook protection and storage: By the financial unit.
- 5. About deposit management: By the accounting unit.

Art. 4

Terms used in these Regulations are defined as follows:

- 1. Derivatives: Forward contracts, options contracts, futures contracts, leverage contracts, and swap contracts, and compound contracts combining the above products, whose value is derived from assets, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, indexes or other interests. The term "forward contracts" does not include insurance contracts, performance contracts, after-sales service contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or long-term purchase (sales) agreements.
- 2. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law: Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to transfer of shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefor (hereinafter "transfer of shares") under Article 156, paragraph 8 of the Company Act.
- 3. Related party or subsidiary: Follow as defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.
- 4. Professional appraiser: Refer to a real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by law to engage in the value appraisal of real property or equipment.
- 5. Date of occurrence: Refer to the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided, for investment for which approval of the competent authority is required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the competent authority shall apply.
- 6. Mainland China area investment: Refer to investments in the mainland China area approved by



the Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission or conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations Governing Permission for Investment or Technical Cooperation in the Mainland Area.

Art. 5

The Group obtained Professional appraisers and their officers, certified public accounts, attorneys, and securities underwriters that provide public companies with appraisal reports, certified public accountant's opinions, attorney's opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall not be a related party of any party to the transaction.

Chapter II Disposition Procedures

Section I Establishment of Disposition Procedures

Art. 6

Where an audit committee has been established in accordance with the provisions of the Act, when the procedures for the acquisition and disposal of assets are adopted or amended they shall be approved by more than half of all audit committee members and submitted to the board of directors for a resolution. If approval of more than half of all audit committee members as required in the preceding paragraph is not obtained, the procedures may be implemented if approved by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

The terms of "all audit committee members" and "all directors" shall be counted as the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.

Art. 7

The Procedures shall specify the following items in its procedures for the acquisition or disposal of assets, and handle the acquisition or disposal matters in compliance with the procedures:

- 1. The scope of assets.
- 2. Appraisal procedures: Shall include the means of price determination and supporting reference materials.
- 3. Operating procedures: Shall include the degree of authority delegated, the levels to which authority is delegated, the units responsible for implementation, and transaction process.
- 4. Public announcement and regulatory filing procedures.
- 5. Total amounts of real property and securities acquired by the Group and each subsidiary for business use, and limits on individual securities.



- 6. Control procedures for the acquisition and disposal of assets by subsidiaries.
- 7. Penalties for personnel violating these Regulations or the procedures for the acquisition or disposal of assets.
- 8. Other important matters.

The Group that engages in any related party transaction, engages in derivatives trading, or conducts a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares of enterprises shall, in addition to conducting such matters in compliance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph, shall also establish related procedures in accordance with the provisions of Section III through Section V of this Chapter. The Company shall see to it that its subsidiaries adopt and implement the procedures for the acquisition or disposal of assets in compliance with these Regulations.

Art. 8

The Group acquires or disposes of assets in accordance with the prescribed procedures or other legal requirements and significant assets or derivatives transactions shall be approved by more than half of all audit committee members and submitted to the board of directors for a resolution, and submitted to the board of directors for a resolution, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

Section II Acquisition or Disposal of Assets

Art. 9

The Group acquires or disposes of real property or equipment where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company, unless transacting with a government agency, engaging others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment for business use, shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the date of occurrence of the event from a professional appraiser and shall further comply with the following provisions:

- 1. Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the board of directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and conditions of the transaction.
- 2. Where the transaction amount is NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from two or more professional appraisers shall be obtained.



- 3. Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF) and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price:
 - A. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20 percent or more of the transaction amount.
 - B. The discrepancy between the appraisal results of two or more professional appraisers is 10 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- 4. No more than 3 months may elapse between the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and the contract execution date; provided, where the publicly announced current value for the same period is used and not more than 6 months have elapsed, an opinion may still be issued by the original professional appraiser.

Art. 9-1 Authorization amount and level

When the Group acquires or disposes of real estate, plant and equipment with the transaction amount below NT \$ 30 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and checked against the latest board of directors; Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

Art. 9-2 Transaction process

The Group acquires or disposes of real estate, plant and equipment in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group's internal control system for the real estate, plant and equipment recycling.

Art. 10

The Group acquiring or disposing of securities shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, obtain financial statements of the issuing company for the most recent period, certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant, for reference in appraising the transaction price, and if the dollar amount of the transaction is 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company shall additionally engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use the report of an expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF. This requirement



does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

Art. 10-1 Authorization amount and level

- 1. Obtain or dispose of securities that are traded on a market place of centralized exchange or a place of business of a securities firm, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 30 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.
- 2. Obtain or dispose of securities that are traded on a market place of centralized exchange or a place of business of a securities firm, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 20 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 20 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

Art. 10-1 Transaction process

The Group acquires or disposes of securities in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group's internal control system for the investment recycling.

Art. 11

The Group acquires or disposes of memberships or intangible assets and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, except in transactions with a government agency, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price; the CPA shall comply with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF.

Art. 11-1

Article 9, Article 10, Article 11 calculation of the amount of the transaction shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2 of Article 30 and the said one year is retroactively estimated on the basis of the date of occurrence of this transaction for one year and a valuation report issued by a professional appraiser in accordance with the Principles has been obtained or the part of the accountant's opinion is not re-enrolled.

Art. 11-2 Authorization amount and level

1. Obtain or dispose of membership card, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 3 million



(inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 3 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

2. Obtain or dispose of intangible assets, if the transaction amount is less than NT \$ 30 million (inclusive), it shall be approved by the chairman of the board of directors and be submitted to the latest board of directors for verification afterwards; Exceed NT \$ 30 million, after passing by the resolution of the board of directors, start it.

Art. 11-3 Transaction process

The Group acquires or disposes of membership card or intangible assets in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Group.

Art. 12

The Group acquires or disposes of assets through court auction procedures, the evidentiary documentation issued by the court may be substituted for the appraisal report or CPA opinion.

Section III Related Party Transactions

Art. 13

When the Group engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with the provisions of the preceding Section and this Section. The calculation of the transaction amount referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Article 11-1 herein. When judging whether a trading counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered.

Art. 14

The Group intends to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the company may not proceed to enter into a



transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the board of directors and recognized by the supervisors:

- 1. The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefit of the acquisition or disposal of assets.
- 2. The reason for choosing the related party as a trading counterparty.
- 3. With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with Article 15 and Article 16.
- 4. The date and price at which the related party originally acquired the real property, the original trading counterparty, and that trading counterparty's relationship to the company and the related party.
- 5. Monthly cash flow forecasts for the year commencing from the anticipated month of signing of the contract, and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction, and reasonableness of the funds utilization.
- 6. An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with the preceding article.
- 7. Restrictive covenants and other important stipulations associated with the transaction.

The calculation of the transaction amounts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Article 30, paragraph 2 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been approved by the board of directors and recognized by the supervisors need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

With respect to the acquisition or disposal of business-use equipment between the Group and its parent or subsidiaries, the board of directors may pursuant to Article 7, paragraph 1, subparagraph 3 delegate the board chairman to decide such matters when the transaction is within a certain amount and have the decisions subsequently submitted to and ratified by the next board of directors meeting. Where the position of independent director has been created in accordance with the provisions of the Act, when a matter is submitted for discussion by the board of directors pursuant to paragraph 1, the board of directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

Art. 15

The Group acquires real property from a related party shall evaluate the reasonableness of the transaction costs by the following means:

1. Based upon the related party's transaction price plus necessary interest on funding and the costs



to be duly borne by the buyer. "Necessary interest on funding" is imputed as the weighted average interest rate on borrowing in the year the company purchases the property; provided, it may not be higher than the maximum non-financial industry lending rate announced by the Ministry of Finance.

2. Total loan value appraisal from a financial institution where the related party has previously created a mortgage on the property as security for a loan; provided, the actual cumulative amount loaned by the financial institution shall have been 70 percent or more of the financial institution's appraised loan value of the property and the period of the loan shall have been 1 year or more. However, this shall not apply where the financial institution is a related party of one of the trading counterparties.

Where land and structures thereupon are combined as a single property purchased in one transaction; the transaction costs for the land and the structures may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the means listed in the preceding paragraph. The Group acquires real property from a related party and appraises the cost of the real property in accordance with paragraph 1 and paragraph 2 shall also engage a CPA to check the appraisal and render a specific opinion.

Where the Group acquires real property from a related party and one of the following circumstances exists, the acquisition shall be conducted in accordance with Article 14 and the preceding three paragraphs do not apply:

- A. The related party acquired the real property through inheritance or as a gift.
- B. More than 5 years will have elapsed from the time the related party signed the contract to obtain the real property to the signing date for the current transaction.
- C. The real property is acquired through signing of a joint development contract with the related party, or through engaging a related party to build real property, either on the company's own land or on rented land.

Art. 16

When the results of the Group's appraisal conducted in accordance with paragraph 1 and paragraph 2 of the preceding Article are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with Article 17. However, where the following circumstances exist, objective evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from a professional real property appraiser and a CPA have been obtained, this restriction shall not apply:

- 1. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:
 - A. Where undeveloped land is appraised in accordance with the means in the preceding Article, and structures according to the related party's construction cost plus reasonable construction



profit are valued in excess of the actual transaction price. The "Reasonable construction profit" shall be deemed the average gross operating profit margin of the related party's construction division over the most recent 3 years or the gross profit margin for the construction industry for the most recent period as announced by the Ministry of Finance, whichever is lower.

- B. Completed transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market practices.
- C. Completed leasing transactions by unrelated parties for other floors of the same property from within the preceding year, where the transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies among floors in accordance with standard property leasing market practices.
- 2. Where a public company acquiring real property from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transaction are similar to the terms of transactions completed for the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year.

Completed transactions for neighboring or closely valued parcels of land in the preceding paragraph in principle refers to parcels on the same or an adjacent block and within a distance of no more than 500 meters or parcels close in publicly announced current value; transaction for similarly sized parcels in principle refers to transactions completed by unrelated parties for parcels with a land area of no less than 50 percent of the property in the planned transaction; within the preceding year refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the acquisition of the real property.

Art. 17

Where the Group acquires real property from a related party and the results of appraisals conducted in accordance with Article 15 and Article 16 are uniformly lower than the transaction price, the following steps shall be taken:

- 1. A special reserve shall be set aside in accordance with Article 41, paragraph 1 of the Act against the difference between the real property transaction price and the appraised cost, and may not be distributed or used for capital increase or issuance of bonus shares. Where a public company uses the equity method to account for its investment in another company, then the special reserve called for under Article 41, paragraph of the Act shall be set aside pro rata in a proportion consistent with the share of public company's equity stake in the other company.
- 2. Supervisors shall comply with Article 218 of the Company Act.
- 3. Actions taken pursuant to subparagraph 1 and subparagraph 2 shall be reported to a shareholders



meeting, and the details of the transaction shall be disclosed in the annual report and any investment prospectus.

The Group that has set aside a special reserve under the preceding paragraph may not utilize the special reserve until it has recognized a loss on decline in market value of the assets it purchased at a premium, or they have been disposed of, or adequate compensation has been made, or the status quo ante has been restored, or there is other evidence confirming that there was nothing unreasonable about the transaction, and the FSC has given its consent.

When the Company obtains real property from a related party, it shall also comply with the preceding two paragraphs if there is other evidence indicating that the acquisition was not an arm's length transaction.

Section IV Engaging in Derivatives Trading

Art. 18

The Group engaging in derivatives trading shall pay strict attention to control of the following important risk management and auditing matters, and incorporate them into their Procedures:

- 1. Trading principles and strategies: Shall include the types of derivatives that may be traded, operating or hedging strategies, segregation of duties, essentials of performance evaluation, total amount of derivatives contracts that may be traded, and the maximum loss limit on total trading and for individual contracts.
- 2. Risk management measures.
- 3. Internal audit system.
- 4. Regular evaluation methods and the handling of irregular circumstances.

Art. 19

The Group engaging in derivatives trading shall adopt the following risk management measures:

- 1. Risk management shall address credit, market, liquidity, cash flow, operational, and legal risks.
- 2. Personnel engaged in derivatives trading may not serve concurrently in other operations such as confirmation and settlement.
- 3. Risk measurement, monitoring, and control personnel shall be assigned to a different department that the personnel in the preceding subparagraph and shall report to the board of directors or senior management personnel with no responsibility for trading or position decision-making.
- 4. Derivatives trading positions held shall be evaluated at least once per week; however, positions for hedge trades required by business shall be evaluated at least twice per month. Evaluation reports shall be submitted to senior management personnel authorized by the board of directors.



5. Other important risk management measures.

Art. 20

The Group engaging in derivatives trading, its board of directors shall faithfully supervise and manage such trading in accordance with the following principles:

- 1. Designate senior management personnel to pay continuous attention to monitoring and controlling derivatives trading risk.
- 2. Periodically evaluate whether derivatives trading performance is consistent with established operational strategy and whether the risk undertaken is within the company's permitted scope of tolerance.

Senior management personnel authorized by the board of directors shall manage derivatives trading in accordance with the following principles:

- Periodically evaluate the risk management measures currently employed are appropriate and are faithfully conducted in accordance with these Regulations and the procedures for engaging in derivatives trading formulated by the company.
- 2. When irregular circumstances are found in the course of supervising trading and profit-loss circumstances, appropriate measures shall be adopted and a report immediately made to the board of directors; where a company has independent directors, an independent director shall be present at the meeting and express an opinion. The Company shall report to the soonest meeting of the board of directors after it authorizes the relevant personnel to handle derivatives trading in accordance with its Procedures for Engaging in Derivatives Trading.

Art. 21

The Group engaging in derivatives trading shall establish a log book in which details of the types and amounts of derivatives trading engaged in, board of directors approval dates, and the matters required to be carefully evaluated under subparagraph 4 of Article 19 and subparagraph 2 of paragraph 1, and subparagraph 1 of paragraph 2, of Article 20 shall be recorded in detail in the log book.

The Group's internal audit personnel shall periodically make a determination of the suitability of internal controls on derivatives and conduct a monthly audit of how faithfully derivatives trading by the trading department adheres to the procedures for engaging in derivatives trading, and prepare an audit report. If any material violation is discovered, all supervisors shall be notified in writing.

Art. 21-1

The Group obtains or disposes of the evaluation and operating procedures of derivative products.



The trading principles and guidelines

1. Transaction type

- A. Derivative financial commodities that the Group engages in are those contracts whose value is derived from commodities such as assets, interest rates, exchange rates, indices or other benefits (such as forward contracts, options, futures, interests or exchange rates).
- B. The Group has to engage in derivative product categories. At present, it is mainly for the purpose of avoiding the exchange rate and interest rate risk arising from the business operations of the Company. For the remaining derivative products, if the transaction requires, shall be approved by the board of directors.

2. Business or hedging strategy

- A. The Group engages in the trading of derivative products. For the purpose of avoiding risks, the trading commodities should be chosen to avoid the risks arising from the business operation of the Company.
- B. The Group engages in derivatives transactions with trading partners should choose financial institutions with better selection conditions based on the operational needs of the Company to avoid generating credit risk.

3. Division of authority

A. Financial unit

- (1). Responsible for the operation of commodity futures trading strategy.
- (2). Traders should regularly calculate the site every two weeks, collect market information, make trend judgments and risk assessment, and formulate operational strategies, which are subject to the transaction after being approved by the authority unit.
- (3). According to the authorization limit and the fixed strategy to execute the transaction.

B. Accounting unit

Be responsible for derivative transactions of goods accounting, accounting statements, and regular information summary and other matters.

C. Audit unit

Be responsible for understanding the separation of duties, operational procedures and other internal control of the legitimacy, and check the transaction unit of the handling Procedures for compliance.



- D. The authority limit of derivative financial products
 - (1). The approval of the hedging transaction

Level	The amount of each contract	
Chairman	Over USD \$ 2,000,000↑	
Director	USD \$ 2,000,000↓	

(2). It needs to be submitted to the board of directors' resolution passed for other special-purpose transactions.

4. Grade evaluation

A. The hedging transaction

- (1) The basis of the performance evaluation is the profit and loss between the exchange rate cost on the book of the company and the transaction in the derivative financial products.
- (2) In order to know and express the evaluation risk of the transaction fully, the Company adopts the monthly evaluation method to evaluate the profit and loss.
- (3) The financial unit should provide the evaluation of the foreign exchange position and the trend of the foreign exchange market and market analysis to the competent authority and responsibility as a reference for management and resolution.
- B. The actual profits and losses generated by the performance evaluation basis, and the accounting unit must be regularly prepared parts of the report to provide management information.

5. Total amounts of contracts

A. The hedging transaction

The hedging transactions accumulated outstanding total contract balance is limited to 50% of the then net share of the Company.

B. Specific purpose transactions

For the purpose-specific transactions of the Company, the total amount of the contracts shall be limited to 10% of the net value of the Company.

6. Loss limit

- A. About the hedging transaction is to avoid the risk, in order to avoid the risk of hedging transactions from expanding, when the total amount of contracts demanded should be 8%, shall report to the competent authority, take the necessary response measures, and immediately report to the board of directors, the board of directors should have independent directors to attend and express their opinions.
- B. If it belongs to a specific purpose of the transaction, and the site established, shall set to



prevent excessive losses, the stop loss point is set up to a maximum of 3% of the transaction contract amount; If the amount of the loss exceeds 3% of the transaction amount, shall report to the leader of authority and take necessary countermeasures and report immediately to the board of directors. The board of directors shall attend the meeting with independent directors and express their opinions.

C. The ceiling of the annual loss of the Company's specific purpose of the transaction of derivative products of the operation is USD \$ 300 thousand.

Section V Mergers and Consolidations, Splits, Acquisitions, and Assignment of Shares

Art. 22

The Group conducts a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, prior to convening the board of directors to resolve on the matter, shall engage a CPA, attorney, or securities underwriter to give an opinion on the reasonableness of the share exchange ratio, acquisition price, or distribution of cash or other property to shareholders, and submit it to the board of directors for deliberation and passage. However, the requirement of obtaining an aforesaid opinion on reasonableness issued by an expert may be exempted in the case of a merger by a public company of a subsidiary in which it directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital, and in the case of a merger between subsidiaries in which the public company directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the respective subsidiaries' issued shares or authorized capital.

Art. 23

The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares shall prepare a public report to shareholders detailing important contractual content and matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition prior to the shareholders meeting and include it along with the expert opinion referred to in paragraph 1 of the preceding Article when sending shareholders notification of the shareholders meeting for reference in deciding whether to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition.

Provided, where a provision of another act exempts a company from convening a shareholders meeting to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition, this restriction shall not apply.

Where the shareholders meeting of any one of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, or acquisition fails to convene or pass a resolution due to lack of a quorum, insufficient votes, or other legal restriction, or the proposal is rejected by the shareholders meeting, the companies participating in the merger, demerger or acquisition shall immediately publicly explain the reason, the follow-up measures, and the preliminary date of the next shareholders meeting.



Art. 24

A company participating in a merger, demerger, or acquisition shall convene a board of directors meeting and shareholders meeting on the day of the transaction to resolve matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition, unless another act provides otherwise or the FSC is notified in advance of extraordinary circumstances and grants consent.

A company participating in a transfer of shares shall call a board of directors meeting on the day of the transaction, unless another act provides otherwise or the FSC is notified in advance of extraordinary circumstances and grants consent.

The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares, a company that is listed on an exchange or has its shares traded on an OTC market shall prepare a full written record of the following information and retain it for 5 years for reference:

- 1. Basic identification data for personnel: Including the occupational titles, names, and national ID numbers (or passport numbers in the case of foreign nationals) of all persons involved in the planning or implementation of any merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares prior to disclosure of the information.
- 2. Dates of material events: Including the signing of any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, the hiring of a financial or legal advisor, the execution of a contract, and the convening of a board of directors meeting.
- 3. Important documents and minutes: Including merger, demerger, acquisition, and share transfer plans, any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, material contracts, and minutes of board of directors meetings.

The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares, a company that is listed on an exchange or has its shares traded on an OTC market shall, within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of passage of a resolution by the board of directors, report (in the prescribed format and via the Internet-based information system) the information set out in subparagraphs 1 and 2 of the preceding paragraph to the FSC for recordation.

Where any of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of another company's shares is neither listed on an exchange nor has its shares traded on an OTC market, the Group so listed or traded shall sign an agreement with such company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 4.

Art. 25

Every person participating in or privy to the plan for merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares shall issue a written undertaking of confidentiality and may not disclose the content of the plan prior to public disclosure of the information and may not trade, in their own name or under the



name of another person, in any stock or other equity security of any company related to the plan for merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.

Art. 26

The Group participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares may not arbitrarily alter the share exchange ratio or acquisition price unless under the below-listed circumstances, and shall stipulate the circumstances permitting alteration in the contract for the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares:

- 1. Cash capital increase, issuance of convertible corporate bonds, or the issuance of bonus shares, issuance of corporate bonds with warrants, preferred shares with warrants, stock warrants, or other equity based securities.
- 2. An action, such as a disposal of major assets, which affects the company's financial operations.
- 3. An event, such as a major disaster or major change in technology, which affects shareholder equity or share price.
- 4. An adjustment where any of the companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares from another company, buys back treasury stock.
- 5. An increase or decrease in the number of entities or companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.
- 6. Other terms/conditions that the contract stipulates may be altered and that have been publicly disclosed.

Art. 27

The contract for participation by the Company in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or of shares shall record the rights and obligations of the companies participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, and shall also record the following:

- 1. Handling of breach of contract.
- 2.Principles for the handling of equity-type securities previously issued or treasury stock previously bought back by any company that is extinguished in a merger or that is demerged.
- 3. The amount of treasury stock participating companies are permitted under law to buy back after the record date of calculation of the share exchange ratio, and the principles for handling thereof.
- 4. The manner of handling changes in the number of participating entities or companies.
- 5. Preliminary progress schedule for plan execution, and anticipated completion date.
- 6.Scheduled date for convening the legally mandated shareholders meeting if the plan exceeds the deadline without completion, and relevant procedures.



Art. 28

After public disclosure of the information, if any company participating in the merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer intends further to carry out a merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer with another company, all of the participating companies shall carry out anew the procedures or legal actions that had originally been completed toward the merger, demerger, acquisition, or share transfer; except that where the number of participating companies is decreased and a participating company's shareholders meeting has adopted a resolution authorizing the board of directors to alter the limits of authority, such participating company may be exempted from calling another shareholders meeting to resolve on the matter anew.

Art. 29

Where any of the companies participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not a public company, the Group shall sign an agreement with the non-public company whereby the latter is required to abide by the provisions of Article 24, Article 25, and Article 28.

Chapter III Public Disclosure of Information

Art. 30

Under any of the following circumstances, the Group acquires or disposes of assets shall publicly announce and report the relevant information on the FSC's designated website in the appropriate format as prescribed by regulations within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event:

- 1. Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.
- 2.Merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.
- 3.Losses from derivatives trading reaching the limits on aggregate losses or losses on individual contracts set out in the procedures adopted by the company.
- 4. Where the type of asset acquired or disposed is equipment for business use, the trading counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount meets any of the following criteria:
 - (1) For a public company whose paid-in capital is less than NT\$10 billion, the transaction amount reaches NT\$500 million or more.



- (2) For a public company whose paid-in capital is NT\$10 billion or more, the transaction amount reaches NT\$1 billion or more.
- 5. Where land is acquired under an arrangement on engaging others to build on the company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale, and the amount the company expects to invest in the transaction reaches NT\$500 million.
- 6. Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding six subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China area reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances:
 - (1) Trading of government bonds.
 - (2) Securities trading by investment professionals on foreign or domestic securities exchanges or over-the-counter markets, or subscription by investment professionals of ordinary corporate bonds or of general bank debentures without equity characteristics that are offered and issued in the domestic primary market, or subscription by a securities firm of securities as necessitated by its undertaking business or as an advisory recommending securities firm for an emerging stock company, in accordance with the rules of the Taipei Exchange.
 - (3) Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

The amount of transactions above shall be calculated as follows:

- 1. The amount of any individual transaction.
- 2. The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year.
- 3. The cumulative transaction amount of real property acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the preceding year.
- 4.The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year.
- "Within the preceding year" as used in the preceding paragraph refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with these Regulations need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

The Company shall compile monthly reports on the status of derivatives trading engaged in up to the end of the preceding month by itself and any subsidiaries that are not domestic public companies



and enter the information in the prescribed format into the information reporting website designated by the FSC by the 10th day of each month.

The Company at the time of public announcement makes an error or omission in an item required by regulations to be publicly announced and so is required to correct it, all the items shall be again publicly announced and reported in their entirety within two days counting inclusively from the date of knowing of such error or omission.

The Company acquires or disposes of assets shall keep all relevant contracts, meeting minutes, log books, appraisal reports and CPA, attorney, and securities underwriter opinions at the company headquarters, where they shall be retained for 5 years except where another act provides otherwise.

Art. 31

Where any of the following circumstances occurs with respect to a transaction that the Company has already publicly announced and reported in accordance with the preceding article, a public report of relevant information shall be made on the information reporting website designated by the FSC within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the event:

- 1. Change, termination, or rescission of a contract signed in regard to the original transaction.
- 2. The merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not completed by the scheduled date set forth in the contract.
- 3. Change to the originally publicly announced and reported information.

Chapter IV Additional Provisions

Art. 32

The Group acquires or disposes of assets are required to carry out information disclosure in compliance with the provisions of Chapter III. Article 30 of the preceding paragraph applies to the first paragraph of the declaration criteria should be announced about the real capital gains of 20% or 10% of the total assets of the provisions. Subsidiaries formulate procedures for "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission, after the approval of the audit committee of the parent company and the board of directors, it will be submitted to the shareholders' meeting of the parent company for approval and amendment.

Art. 32-1

For the calculation of 10% of total assets under the Regulations, the total assets stated in the most



recent parent company only financial report or individual financial report prepared under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers shall be used. In the case of the Company whose shares have no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, for the calculation of transaction amounts of 20% of paid-in capital under the Regulations, 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent shall be substituted.

Art. 33

Relevant personnel of the Group who handle the acquisition or disposal of assets, if in violation of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" or the Procedures, submit an assessment according to the personnel management rules and working rules of the Group, and punish them according to their severity.

Art. 34

This procedure unformulated matters, according to the relevant laws and regulations.



Appendix XIII: The Rules of Procedure in Shareholders' Meeting

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company The rules of procedure in shareholders' meeting

- I. Except rules are stipulated by law in addition, the shareholders' meeting of the Company shall be run by these Rules.
- II. Shareholders (or agents) attend the meeting should do check-in, check-in card to sign in place of attendance in accordance with the number of sign-in card, amount the number of votes in writing or by way of electronic transmission for calculating shareholders' rights of the attendance.
- III. On behalf of shareholders of more than half of the total number of issued shares attend; the chairman announces the meeting started. If the meeting time is still less than the quorum, the chairman may declare the extension, extended by two times and the total extension may not exceed a minimum of one hour. When the number of shareholders present does not constitute the quorum prescribed in the preceding article, but those present represent one-third or more of the total number of issued shares, they shall be regulated by Article 175 of the Company Law (a tentative resolution may be passed by a majority of those present). Before the meeting is completed, if the number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the meeting is sufficient, the chairman will have to make a tentative resolution. In accordance with Article 174 of the Company Law, it shall be re-submitted to the meeting for voting.
- IV. The agenda of the shareholders 'meeting is set by the board of directors and distributed to the attending shareholders or shareholders' representatives. The meeting was processed in accordance with the procedures laid down by the agenda.

Except for the list of agenda, other proposals put forward by the shareholders or amendments or replacement to the original bill should be seconded by other shareholders, the proposer and seconders shall have more than 1% (inclusive) shares of the total number of issued ordinary shares. Not a bill, not to discuss or vote it.

Before the scheduled agenda (including the provisional bill) is not yet finished, the chairman shall not declare a meeting to be over directly.

If the chairman violated of the rules of procedure and declared the meeting to be over, to be able to attend more than half of the voting rights of shareholders agreed to elect a person as chairman, continue meeting. After the meeting is over, shareholders may not elect a chairman to resume their meeting at the original location or at another place.

V. The break time of the meeting will be fixed at the discretion of the chairman.



- VI. When attending shareholders want to speak, they should fill in the statement of shareholders' account number and their names first, then the chairman will set the priority.
- VII. When discussing a bill, it should be discussed in the order in which it is scheduled. If there is a violation of the procedure, the chairman should stop speaking.
- VIII. The attending shareholders shall not speak for more than five minutes at a time, but may be prolonged by three minutes for the permission of the chairman. Speaking out of time or over the scope of the bill, the chairman shall cease them from speaking.
- IX. In the same bill, each shareholder or corporation shall speak only by one representative (the corporation shall assign a multi-member representative to attend the shareholders meeting simultaneously, and only one representative shall speak), and his speech shall not exceed two times.
- X. In discussing the bill, the chairman may declare the conclusion of the discussion at the discretion of the chairman, if necessary, end the discussion.
- XI. The vote of the bill shall be approved by a majority of the shareholders who present the voting right, except special resolutions need to be followed in the Company Law.
 - When shareholders' meeting is held, the Company shall exercise its voting rights in writing or by way of electronic transmission (according to Article 177 of the Company Law, the first paragraph of the proviso shall be exercised to electronic transmission: The voting power at a shareholders' meeting may be exercised in writing or by way of electronic transmission.).
 - The method for exercising the voting right shall be described in the notice of shareholders' meeting to be given to the shareholders.
 - Shareholders who exercise their voting rights in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall be deemed to attend the shareholders' meeting in person. However, the incidental motion of this meeting and the amendment to the original motion shall be deemed as abstention. Therefore, the Company should avoid making any provisional motion and any amendment to the original motion. In the preceding paragraph, a written or electronic exercise of voting rights shall mean that the company should be delivered to the company before two days of the starting of the shareholders' meeting. If there is any duplication of meaning, the first delivery shall be accepted. But the statement for a withdrawal of the meaning is not.

After shareholders exercise their voting rights in writing or by way of electronic transmission, if shareholders who hope to attend the shareholders' meeting in person, before two days of the starting of the shareholders' meeting ,they have to cancel the exercise of the voting rights in the preceding paragraph in the same manner as the exercise of voting rights. Those overdue withdrew of voting rights exercised in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall be accepted.



If voting rights are exercised in writing or by way of electronic transmission and the agents are represented at the shareholders' meeting by power of attorney, the agents will exercise the voting rights.

At the time of voting, shareholders shall vote by case on a case-by-case basis and after the total number of voting rights present at the shareholders 'meeting, shall be announced by the chairman or his designated officer on a case-by-case basis. On the day after the shareholders' meeting, the result of shareholder's consent, opposition and abdication shall be entered into the Market Observation Post System (MOPS).

When there is an amendment or replacement to the same bill, the chairman shall fix the order of voting on the original bill. If one of the cases has been passed, the other bills will be dismissed and not be voted again.

The scrutineers and counting officers of the voting bill are to be assigned by the chairman, but the scrutineers shall have the identity of the shareholder. Shareholders have one vote for each share.

When shareholders entrust an agent to attend the shareholders' meeting, except for the trust business or the stock agency approved by the securities authority, when one person is entrusted by more than two shareholders at the same time, the voting rights of its agents shall not exceed 3% of the total voting shares in issue, if more than its voting rights, the voting rights over it are not counted.

The works of voting of shareholders 'meeting or the election of the bill of counting votes shall be processed in the shareholders' meeting place openly. And should be announced the voting results after the completion of counting votes, including statistic weights, and make a record.

XII. The resolutions of the shareholders' meeting shall be made the journal, signed or sealed by the chairman, and shall be distributed to the shareholders within 20 days after the meeting. The production and distribution of the previous proceedings are made by the electronic transmission.

XIII. In case of force majeure during the meeting, the meeting shall be suspended and another meeting shall be held on another date.

XIIII. The contents which are not stipulated in our methods must be processed with the Company Law and regulations of relevant laws.

XV. The methods shall be implemented after the approval of the shareholders meeting and the same shall apply when modifying.



Appendix IXV: The Method for the Board of Directors' Election

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company The method for the Board of Directors election

Approved by shareholders meeting on the date of amendment: 2017.06.20

- I. The election of the directors shall be handled in accordance with the method.
- II. The election of directors of the Company, adopts registered and cumulative voting method. The voter's name is replaced by the card number printed on the ballot paper. Electoral votes are prepared by the board of directors, numbered according to the number of the attendance card and added to their numbers of the voting right. Each share shall have the same number of votes as the number of directors who should be elected. There should be one person to be elected centralized, or several persons should be allotted for election. Independent directors and non-independent directors should be elected together, to calculate the number of places respectively.
- III. The director of the Company, according to the number of places stipulated in the articles of association of the Company, win on the basis of obtaining most votes. If two or more persons have the same right to vote and the number of votes cast exceeds the prescribed number, they shall be determined by lot. Not attendees, draw lots by the chairman. The election of directors of the Company shall be managed in accordance with the procedures for the nomination of candidates as stipulated in Article 192-1 of the Company Law. Shareholders shall be elected from a list of candidates for directorship.
- IV. At the beginning of the election, the chairman assigns various members of scrutineers and counting officers to implement various tasks.
- V. During the election, a voter shall fill in the name of the elector on the election ballot and add the shareholder number of the elector, then put it into the ballot box. If the non-shareholder identities should be the name of the elector, fill in the name of the elector and the ID number. When the government or corporation shareholders are elected persons, the column of the elector of the ballot paper shall include the name of the government or corporation shareholders and fill in the name of the representative of the government or corporation shareholder's name.
- VI. Election vote is invalid in any of the following situations:
 - 1. Do not use the method of these electoral votes.
 - 2. In addition to the elector's name and its shareholder number or ID number, write other words.



- 3. Blurring, unrecognizable.
- 4. Fill in the name of the elector and the account number does not match with shareholders list or its name and ID number unverified.
- 5. The name of the elector to be filled in is the same as the name of any other person but the ID number has not been filled in to identify the person.
- 6. The number of filled candidates exceeds the required number of candidates.
- 7. Votes that have not been put into a ballot box or blank ballots without written.
- VII. After all the votes have been taken into the ballot box; the ballot box will be opened by scrutineers and counting officers jointly.
- VIII. If there is any problem about the election, the scrutineers shall check whether the vote is invalid or not. The vote canceled shall be placed in another place separately.
- After counting votes completely, check out the number of votes and the right of voting then be approved and signed by scrutineers.
- IX. After counting the ballots, the sum of valid votes and invalid votes has been verified by the scrutineers without wrong, fill in the record form the number of valid votes and the number of their vote rights; the number of their invalid votes and the number of their vote rights respectively, and hand over to the chairman for declaration of the names of the persons elected and shareholder's account number or ID number.
- X. The contents which are not stipulated in our methods must be processed with the Company Law and regulations of relevant laws.
- XI. The methods shall be implemented after the approval of the shareholders meeting and the same shall apply when modifying.



Appendix XV: The Condition of Directors Holding Shares

MetaTech Corporation Limited Company The Condition of Directors Holding Shares

1. All directors should hold the minimum number of shares
All directors should hold a minimum number of shares of 3,600,000 shares.

2. As of this shareholders' meeting will be held shareholders list of the number of shares on the transfer date:

Stop transferring on the transfer date: April 27, 2018

Title	Name	Stop the holdings of shares recorded in the shareholders' register on the transfer date	
		Number of sharesholding	% Holding into several
Chairman	Hu Li San	2,065,495	3.56%
Director	Li Zheng	338,000	0.58%
Director	Tang Hong De	705,000	1.22%
Director	Qiu Jun Hua	373,000	0.64%
Director	Ou Geng Liang	106,000	0.18%
Director	Boîte À Bijoux Investment Co., Ltd.	1,077,000	1.86%
Independent director	Chen Rong Hua	-	-
Independent director	Yang Liang You	-	-
Independent director	Wang Wen Zhu	-	-
All directors hold shares		4,664,495	8.04%



Appendix XVI: Other Instructions

The impact of the Company's issuance of bonus shares on the Company's business performance, earnings per share and shareholder return:

The Company did not allot out the issuance of bonus shares during the year and therefore does not apply.

Information on employee dividends and directors' compensation received by the board of directors:

- 1. The Company's 2017 profit and loss provision case was approved by the board of directors on March 27, 2018. The proposed employee bonus and director's compensation are as follows:
 - a. Cash dividends for employees and stock dividends of NT\$0.
 - b. The directors and supervisors have paid NT\$0.
- 2. If the board of directors proposes to distribute the employee's cash dividend, stock dividend and the amount of the director's compensation to the annual estimated amount of the recognized expenses, the difference, reason and treatment shall be disclosed:

The board of directors' proposes to distribute the employee's cash dividend, stock dividend and director's compensation amount to NT\$ 0 and the recognition expense annual estimated amount to NT\$ 0, there is no difference.